(Reaffirmed 2013)

भारतीय मानक (Reaffirmed 2017)
डाईकैलशियम फोस्फेट, पशु खाद्य वर्ग — विशिष्टि (Reaffirmed 2022)
(पहला पुनरीक्षण)

Indian Standard

DICALCIUM PHOSPHATE, ANIMAL FEED

GRADE — SPECIFICATION

(First Revision)

ICS 65.120

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BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG NEW DELHI 110002 Livestock Feed Sectional Committee, FAD 5

FOREWORD

This Indian Standard (First Revision) was adopted by the Bureau of Indian Standards, after the draft finalized by the Livestock Feed Sectional Committee had been approved by the Food and Agriculture Division Council.

Dicalcium phosphate is an important source of calcium and phosphorus for feeding livestock, as such or through mineral mixture. This standard, which takes into consideration the present manufacturing practices, would help in exercising proper quality control during production.

This standard prohibits the use of material of animal origin in dicalcium phosphate, as feeding of bovine origin ingredients to the ruminants, caused 'Mad cow disease' or bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) in many European countries.

This standard was first published in 1969. It has been revised to include the following changes/modifications:

- a) A test is incorporated to detect animal origin ingredients,
- b) The requirements of Lead and Arsenic are included, and
- c) The requirement of total ash is added.

In preparation of this standard considerable assistance have been received from Dr Mangat Ram Garg of National Dairy Development Board, Anand.

The Composition of the Committee responsible for formulation of this standard is given in Annex F.

For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated, expressing the result of a test or analysis, shall be rounded off in accordance with 1S 2:1960 'Rules for rounding off numerical values (revised)'. The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value should be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

Indian Standard

DICALCIUM PHOSPHATE, ANIMAL FEED GRADE — SPECIFICATION

(First Revision)

1 SCOPE

This standard prescribes the requirements and the methods of sampling and test for dicalcium phosphate, animal feed grade.

2 REFERENCES

The following Indian Standards contain provisions, which through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision and parties to agreements based on this standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below:

IS No.	Title

460 Specification for test sieves: Part 1 (Part 1): 1985 Wire cloth test sieves (third revision)

1767: 1980 Dicalcium phosphate for dentifrice

(second revision)

4905: 1968 Methods for random sampling

7874 Methods of test for animal feeds and

feeding stuffs:

(Part 1): 1975 General methods

(Part 2): 1975 Mineral and trace elements

(Part 3): 1975 Microbiological methods

13433 Animal feeds and feeding stuffs —
(Part 1): 1992 Determination of calcium: Part 1

Titrimetric method

13574: 1992 Animal feed and feeding stuffs —

Determination of calcium and

magnesium in mineral supplements

14828:2000 Determination of total phosphorus

content - Spectrophotometric

method

IS No.

Title

15121:2002

Animal feeding stuff — Determination of the contents of calcium, copper, iron, magnesium, manganese, potassium, sodium and zinc — Method using atomic absorption spectrometry

3 DESCRIPTION

Dicalcium phosphate, animal feed grade is odourless, white, free flowing powder.

4 REQUIREMENTS

- 4.1 The particle size of the material shall be such that, when sieved, not more than 10 percent of the material is retained on 200 micron IS Sieve [see IS 460 (Part 1)].
- **4.2** The material shall be free from adulterants and spores of *Bacillus anthracis*, *Clostridium* sp. when tested by the method described in **4.5** and **6** of IS 7874 (Part 3).
- 4.3 The material of animal origin shall not be used.
- 4.4 Dicalcium phosphate shall also conform to the requirements given in Table 1.

5 PACKING AND MARKING

5.1 Packing

The material shall be packed in moisture-proof bags, cartons, boxes or drums. All containers shall be sound, clean and free from causal agents of infectious diseases and parasites.

5.2 Marking

Each container shall be marked or labelled, giving the following particulars:

- a) Name of the material,
- b) Name of the manufacturer,
- c) Batch or code number,
- d) Net mass, and
- e) Date of manufacture.

Table 1 Requirements for Dicalcium Phosphate, Animal Feed Grade

(Clause 4.4)

SI No.	Characteristic	Requirement	Method of Test, Ref to
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
i)	Moisture, percent by mass, Max	5	Annex A
ii)	Calcium (as Ca), percent by mass, Min	23	¹⁾ IS 15121 or IS 13433 (Part 1) or IS 13574
iii)	Phosphorus (as P), percent by mass, Min	18	²⁾ IS 14828 or 6 of IS 7874 (Part 2)
iv)	Fluorine (as F), percent by mass, Max	0.10	Annex B
v)	Acid insoluble ash, percent by mass, Max	1.0	10 of IS 7874 (Part 2)
vi)	Lead (as Pb), mg/kg Max	30	A-7 of IS 1767
vii)	Arsenic (as As ₂ O ₃), mg/kg, <i>Max</i>	10	A-6 of IS 1767
viii)	Total ash, percent by mass	73.5-78.0	Annex C
ix)	Presence of proteinous/organic impurities	Shall pass the test	Annex D

NOTE — The values for requirements ii) to viii) are on moisture-free basis.

5.2.1 BIS Certification Marking

The product may also be marked with the Standard Mark.

5.2.1.1 The use of the Standard Mark is governed by the provisions of the *Bureau of Indian Standards* Act, 1986 and the Rules and Regulations made

thereunder. The details of conditions under which the licence for the use of the Standard Mark may be granted to manufacturers or producers may be obtained from the Bureau of Indian Standards.

6 SAMPLING

Representative samples of the material for testing its

¹⁾In case of dispute, the method given in IS 15121 shall be the referee method.

²⁾In case of dispute, the method given in IS 14828 shall be the referee method.

ANNEX A

[Table 1, Sl No. (i)]

DETERMINATION OF MOISTURE

A-1 PROCEDURE

Weigh accurately about 2-3g of the sample in a silica dish. Dry the sample in vacuum oven at 60°C and 500 mm Hg pressure for 2 h.

A-1.1 Calculation

Moisture, percent by mass = $\frac{100 (M_1 - M_2)}{M_1 - M}$

where

 M_1 = Mass in g of the dish with the material before drying,

 M_2 = Mass in g of the dish with the material after drying, and

M = Mass in g of the empty dish.

ANNEX B

[Table 1, Sl No. (iv)]

ESTIMATION OF FLUORINE BY ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE METHOD

B-1 APPARATUS

B-1.1 Ion Selective Electrode Meter

B-1.2 Single Junction Reference Electrode

B-1.3 Solid State Fluoride Electrode

B-1.4 Magnetic Stirrer and Stir Bars

B-1.5 Plastic Labware

B-2 REAGENTS

B-2.1 Distilled or Deionized Water

B-2.2 100 mg/kg Fluoride Standard Solution

B-2.3 Reference Electrode Filling Solution

B-2.4 Total Ionic Strength Adjustment Buffer (TISAB-III)

To provide constant background ionic strength, decomplex fluoride and to adjust pH of the solution.

B-3 PREPARATION OF SAMPLE

Weigh accurately about 0.3 g of sample into 100 ml plastic beaker. Add 5 ml of 5 M hydrochloric acid and mix it well to dissolve all the material. Transfer the solution with deionized water. Take 25 ml aliquot in a plastic beaker and add 2.5 ml TISAB-III and measure the concentration on Ion Analyzer.

B-4 PREPARATION OF STANDARD

B-4.1 Stock Solution (500 mg/kg)

Accurately weigh 1.105 g NaF (reagent grade, dried 4 h at 100°C) into 1-litre volumetric flask. Dissolve and dilute to volume with deionized water and mix

thoroughly. Store in plastic bottle at room temperature.

B-4.2 Preparation of working standard from readily available 100 mg/kg fluoride solution.

B-4.2.1 Fluoride Standard Solution (1 mg/kg)

Take 1 ml stock solution (100 mg/kg) into 100-ml volumetric flask and dilute to volume with deionized water and mix. It gives 1 mg/kg fluoride concentration.

B-4.2.2 Fluoride Standard Solution (10 mg/kg)

Take 10 ml stock solution (100 mg/kg) into 100-ml volumetric flask and dilute to volume with deionized water and mix. It gives 10 mg/kg fluoride concentration.

B-4.2.3 Take 25 ml aliquot and add 2.5 ml TISAB-III and use for meter calibration.

NOTE — Use plastic labware for fluorine estimation.

B-5 DETERMINATION OF FLUORIDE CONCENTRATION

Connect fluoride and single junction reference electrodes to ISE meter, place electrodes in standards for calibration of ISE meter. After calibration of meter with two or three standards, place electrodes in sample and stir the solution at constant rate, read concentration of standard and unknown solution directly from the meter.

B-6 CALCULATION

Fluoride, percent

by mass =
$$\frac{\text{Meter reading (mg/kg)} \times 100 \times 10^{-4}}{\text{Weight of sample (g)}}$$

ANNEX C

[Table 1, Sl No. (viii)]

DETERMINATION OF TOTAL ASH

C-1 PROCEDURE

Weigh accurately about 2-3 g of moisture free dicalcium phosphate (as described under Annex A) in silica dish. Complete the ignition by keeping in a muffle furnace at 550°C for 2 h. Cool in desiccator and weigh.

C-2 CALCULATION

Total ash, percent by mass = $\frac{100 (M_2 - M_3)}{M_1 - M}$

where

- M_2 = Mass in g of the dish with the material after drying,
- M₃ = Mass in g of the dish with the material after ashing in muffle furnace,
- M_1 = Mass in g of the dish with the material before drying in vacuum oven, and
- M = Mass in g of the empty dish.

ANNEX D

[Table 1, Sl No. (ix)]

TEST FOR PRESENCE OF ORGANIC MATTER/PROTEINOUS IMPURITIES

Heat 0.5 g dicalcium phosphate in a dry silica dish on hot plate at 150-200°C for 30 min. Change in colour to

dark grey/black with unpleasant odour indicates presence of proteinous/organic impurities.

ANNEX E

(Clause 6)

SAMPLING CRITERIA FOR CONFORMITY FOR DICALCIUM PHOSPHATE

E-1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS OF SAMPLING

- E-1.0 In drawing, preparing, storing and handling samples, care should be taken that the properties are not affected. The following precautions and directions shall be observed.
- E-1.1 Samples shall be taken in a protected place not exposed to damp air, dust or soot.
- E-1.2 The sampling instrument shall be clean, dry and sterile when used.
- E-1.3 Precautions shall be taken to protect the material being sampled, the sampling instrument and the containers for samples from adventitious contamination.
- E-1.4 The samples shall be placed in clean, dry and sterile glass containers. The sample containers shall be of such a size that they are almost completely filled by the sample.

- E-1.5 Each container shall be sealed air-tight with a stopper or a suitable closer after filling in such a way that it is not possible to open and reseal it without detection, and marked with full details of sampling, date of sampling, batch or code number, name of the manufacturer other important particulars of the consignment.
- E-1.6 Samples shall be stored in such a manner that there is no deterioration of the material.
- E-1.7 Sampling shall be done by a person agreed to between the purchaser and the vendor and if desired by any of them, in the presence of the purchaser (or his representative) and the vendor (or his representative).

E-2 SCALE OF SAMPLING

E-2.1 Lot

All the containers in a single consignment of the

material drawn from a single batch of manufacture shall constitute a lot. If a consignment is declared to consist of different batches of manufacture, the batches shall be grouped separately and the containers in each group shall constitute a separate lot.

E-2.1.1 Samples shall be tested for each lot for ascertaining conformity of the material to the requirements of the specification.

E-2.2 The number of containers to be selected from the lot shall depend on the size of the lot and shall be in accordance with col 1 and 2 of Table 2.

Table 2 Number of Containers, to be Selected for Sampling

(Clauses E-2.2 and E-3.1)

,	
Lot Size	Number of Containers to be Selected (n)
(1)	(2)
2 to 5	2
16 to 50	3
51 to 100	4
101 to 150	5
151 to 300	7
301 and above	10

E-2.3 The containers shall be chosen at random from the lot and for this purpose a random number table as agreed to between the purchaser and the vendor shall be used (see IS 4905). If such a table is not available, the following procedure shall be adopted:

Arrange all the containers in the lot in a systematic manner and starting from any container count 1, 2, 3 etc., up to r and so on. Every rth container shall be withdrawn from the lot to give a sample for test, where r = N/n, r being the integral part of N/n; where N is the total number of containers in the lot, and n the number of containers to be selected according to Table 2. If r comes out to be a fractional number, its value shall be taken to be as equal to its integral part.

E-3 TEST SAMPLES AND REFEREE SAMPLE

E-3.1 Preparation of Individual Samples

Draw with an appropriate sampling instrument equal quantities of the material from different parts of each container selected according to Table 2. The total quantity of the material drawn from each container shall be not less than 1.5 kg. Mix all the portions of the material drawn from the same container thoroughly. Take out about 0.75 kg of material and divide into three equal parts. Each portion, thus obtained, shall constitute the test sample representing that particular container and shall be transferred immediately to clean

and dry sample containers and sealed air-tight. These shall be labelled with particulars given under E-1.5. The individual samples obtained as above shall be formed into three sets in such a way that each set has a test sample representing each container selected. One of the sets shall be for the purchaser, another for the vendor and the third for the referee.

E-3.2 Preparation of Composite Sample

From the mixed material from each selected container remaining after the individual samples have been taken, equal quantities of material from each container shall be taken and mixed up together so as to form a composite sample weighing not less than 0.75 kg. This composite sample shall be divided into three equal parts and transferred to clean and dry containers and labelled with the particulars given under E-1.5 and sealed air-tight. One of these samples shall be for the purchaser, another for the vendor and the third for the referee.

E-3.3 Referee Sample

Referee samples shall consist of a set of test samples (see E-3.1) and composite samples (see E-3.2), and shall bear the seals of the purchaser and the vendor and shall be kept at a place agreed to between the two.

E-4 TESTING OF SAMPLES

E-4.1 Samples shall be tested for each lot for ascertaining the conformity of the material to the requirements of this standard.

E-4.2 Test for calcium shall be conducted individually on each of the samples constituting the set of test samples (see E-3.1).

E-4.3 Test for the remaining characteristics, prescribed in Table 1 shall be conducted on the composite sample (see E-3.2).

E-5 CRITERIA FOR CONFORMITY

A lot shall be considered as conforming to the specification when the test results on the individual samples satisfy the requirement for calcium as specified in Table 1. The following procedure shall be adopted for determining conformity of the material for calcium.

Calculate the mean and range of the test results as follows:

Mean
$$(\bar{X}) = \frac{\text{Sum of the test results}}{\text{Number of the test samples}}$$

Range (\overline{R}) = Difference between the maximum and the minimum values of the test results.

If $\overline{X} = 0.4 \overline{R}$ is greater than or equal to 23.0, the sample shall be considered as conforming to the specification in regard to calcium.

ANNEX F

(Foreword)

COMMITTEE COMPOSITION

Livestock Feed Sectional Committee, FAD 5

Orga	

National Dairy Development Board, Anand

Godrej Soaps Ltd, Mumbai

Central Institute for Research on Buffaloes, Hissar

Mehsana District Cooperative Milk Producers Union Ltd,

Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar

Punjab State Cooperative Milk Producers' Federation Ltd, Chandigarh

The Compounded Livestock Feed Manufacturing Association of India, Mumbai

Punjab Agricultural University, Ludhiana

Tamil Nadu Agriculture University, Chennai

Poshak Feeds, Karnal

Central Sheep and Wool Research Institute, Avikanagar

The Bhartiya Agro-Industries Foundation, Pune

Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi

National Dairy Research Institute, Karnal

Nav Maharastra Chakan Oils Mills Ltd, Pune

Gujarat Agriculture University, Anand

Central Avian Research Institute, Izatnagar

Central Drug Research Institute, Lucknow

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DR B. S. PUNIA (Alternate)

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DR D. P. PARMAR (Alternate)

PROF N. N. PATHAK

DR R. C. KATTIYAR (Alternate)

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DR S. KARIM (Alternate)

SHRI RAMESH RAWAL

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DR C. K. KURAR

DR S. V. VAIDYA

DR M. B. KUMBHAR (Alternate)

DR P. M. TALPADA

DR M. C. DESAI (Alternate)

Dr T. S. Johri

DR A. K. SHRIVASTAV (Alternate)

SHRI P. Y. GURU

SHRI P. K. SARKAR, Director and Head (FAD)
[Representing Director General (Ex-officio Member)]

Member-Secretary
Shri Sudhir Rahi
Deputy Director (FAD), BIS

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Review of Indian Standards

Amendments are issued to standards as the need arises on the basis of comments. Standards are also reviewed periodically; a standard along with amendments is reaffirmed when such review indicates that no changes are needed; if the review indicates that changes are needed, it is taken up for revision. Users of Indian Standards should ascertain that they are in possession of the latest amendments or edition by referring to the latest issue of 'BIS Catalogue' and 'Standards: Monthly Additions'.

This Indian Standard has been developed from Doc: No. FAD 5 (1056).

Amendments Issued Since Publication

Amend No.	Date of Issue	Text Affected
	BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDAR	DS
Headquarters:		
Manak Bhavan, 9 Bahad Telephones: 323 01 31, 3	ur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi 110 002 23 33 75, 323 94 02	Telegrams: Manaksanstha (Common to all offices)
Regional Offices:		Telephone
Central: Manak Bhavan, NEW DELHI I I	, 9 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg 0 002	$ \begin{cases} 3237617 \\ 3233841 \end{cases} $
Eastern: 1/14 C. I. T. Scl KOLKATA 700	heme VII M, V. I. P. Road, Kankurgachi 0054	{ 337 84 99, 337 85 61
Northern: SCO 335-336,	Sector 34-A, CHANDIGARH 160 022	$ \begin{cases} 603843 \\ 602025 \end{cases} $
Southern: C. I. T. Campu	is, IV Cross Road, CHENNAI 600 113	{ 254 12 16, 254 14 42 254 25 19, 254 13 15
Western: Manakalaya, F MUMBAI 400	E9 MIDC, Marol, Andheri (East) 1093	$\left\{\begin{array}{l} 8329295,8327858\\ 8327891,8327892 \end{array}\right.$
Branches: AHMADAB FARIDABA LUCKNOW,		BAD. JAIPUR. KANPUR.

AMENDMENT NO. 1 NOVEMBER 2010 TO IS 5470 : 2002 DICALCIUM PHOSPHATE, ANIMAL FEED GRADE — SPECIFICATION

(First Revision)

(Page 1, clause 4.1) — Substitute the following for the existing:

'4.1 The particle size of the material shall be such that, when sieved, not more than 10 percent of the material is retained on 212 micron IS Sieve [see IS 460 (Part 1)].'

[Page 1, clause 5.2, Sl No. (d)] — Substitute 'Net quantity' for 'Net mass'.

(Page 1, clause 5.2) — Insert the following after Sl No. (e):

'f) Any other requirements as given under the Standards of Weights and Measures (Packaged Commodities) Rules, 1977.'

(FAD 5)

Reprography Unit, BIS, New Delhi, India

AMENDMENT NO. 2 MAY 2016 TO

IS 5470: 2002 DICALCIUM PHOSPHATE, ANIMAL FEED GRADE—SPECIFICATION

(First Revision)

(*Page* 1, *clause* 2) — Delete 'IS 13574 : 1992 Animal feed and feeding stuffs – Determination of calcium and magnesium in mineral supplements'.

[Page 1, clause **5.2**, Sl No. f) (see also Amendment No. 1)] — Substitute 'Legal Metrology (Packaged Commodities) Rules, 2011' for 'Standards of Weights and Measures (Packaged Commodities) Rules, 1977'.

[Page 2, Table 1, Sl No. ii), col 4] — Delete 'or IS 13574'.

[Page 2, Table 1, Sl No. v), col 4] — Substitute '**10** of IS 7874 (Part 1)' for '**10** of IS 7874 (Part 2)'.

(*Page* 2, *clause* 6) — Substitute the following for existing:

'6 SAMPLING Representative samples of the material for testing its conformity to this specification shall be drawn according to the method prescribed in Annex E'.

(*Page* 3, *clause* **B-3**, *fourth sentence*) — Substitute 'Take 25 ml aliquot in a plastic beaker and add 2.5 ml TISAB III, adjust pH between 5.5 and 6.0 with sodium acetate or potassium acetate and measure the concentration on ion analyzer' *for* 'Take 25 ml aliquot in a plastic beaker and add 2.5 ml TISAB-111 and measure the concentration on Ion Analyzer.'

(*Page* 4, *clause* **C-2**) — Substitute the following for the existing clause:

'C-2 CALCULATION

Total ash, percent by mass =
$$\frac{100 (M_2-M_3)'}{M_2-M}$$

(FAD 05)

s Standard provided by BIS via BSB Edge Private Limited to Quality Control Division, KMF Com - Bangalore(qc@kmf.coop) 118.185.142.251.

AMENDMENT NO. 3 OCTOBER 2018 TO IS 5470: 2002 DICALCIUM PHOSPHATE, ANIMAL FEED GRADE — SPECIFICATION

(First Revision)

(Page 1, clause 4.3) — Substitute the following for the existing clause:

'4.3 The material of animal origin shall not be used as ingredient for ruminant feeding.'

[Page 2, Table 1, Sl No. iii), col 3] — Substitute '17.5' for '18'.

(FAD 05)

Publication Unit, BIS, New Delhi, India

AMENDMENT NO. 4 NOVEMBER 2020

TO

IS 5470 : 2002 DICALCIUM PHOSPHATE, ANIMAL FEED GRADE — SPECIFICATION

(First Revision)

(Page 2, Table 1, Note) — Substitute the following for the existing:

'NOTES:

1 The values specified for requirements given in Sl. No. (ii) to (viii) are on moisture-free basis.

2 AAS and ICP based test methods may also be used for testing the requirements. However, in case of dispute, the methods given in the Indian Standards at col 4 and wherever indicated by superscripts shall be the referee method.

(FAD 05)