For Comments Only

#### **BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS**

#### DRAFT FOR COMMENTS ONLY

(Not to be reproduced without the permission of BIS or used as an Indian Standard)

### भारतीय मानक मसौदा

शक्ति-चालित वाहनों और उनके ट्रेलरों के प्रतिस्थापित ब्रेक लाइनिं समुच्चय एवं ड्रम ब्रेक लाइनिंग के लिए मार्गदर्शक विशिष्टि

( पहला पुनरीक्षण)

**Draft** Indian Standard

Specifications for Replacement Brake Lining Assemblies and Drum Brake Linings for Power-Driven Vehicles and Their Trailers

(First Revision)

ICS 43.040

Automotive Braking Systems, Vehicle Testing, Steering and	Last date for receipt of comments is
performance Evaluation Sectional Committee, TED 04	12/07/2024

Automotive Braking Systems, Vehicle Testing and Performance Evaluation Sectional Committee, TED 04

### FOREWORD (Formal Clause to be added later)

This standard was first published in 2019. The present revision has been taken up with a view to incorporating the modifications found necessary as a result of experience gained on the use of this standard. Also, in this revision, the standard has been brought into the latest style and format of Indian Standard, and references to Indian Standards, wherever applicable have been updated.

Brake lining is a consumable safety critical sub-component of brake system. Need of adequate quality of such crucial part is of paramount importance. Though standards are available for performance verifications of original equipment fitted brake systems, no standards were available for replacement brake lining assemblies.

While preparing this standard, considerable assistance is derived from ECE R 90-Revision 3 — Amendment 10 (Supplement 10 to the 02 series of amendments – date of entry into force June 5, 2023 (Issue 20 June 2023)). Uniform provisions concerning the approval of replacement brake lining assemblies and drum brake linings for power-driven vehicles and their trailers.

To facilitate the testing of replacement brake linings used on vehicles/brake linings tested as per IS 11852 (Part 1 to 8): 2001, IS 11852: 2013, IS 15986: 2015, IS 14664: 2010, AIS 150 & AIS 151, the references of IS 11852 (Part 1 to 8): 2001, IS 11852: 2013, IS 15986: 2015, IS 14664: 2010, AIS 150 & AIS 151, have been made at relevant places in the text.

The composition of the Committee responsible for formulating this standard is given in Annex M (Will be added later)

For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with the final value, observed or calculated, expressing the result of a test or analysis shall be rounded off in accordance with IS 2: 2022 'Rules for rounding off numerical values (*second revision*)'. The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value should be the same as that of the specified value in this draft standard.

#### **Draft** Indian Standard

# GUIDELINE SPECIFICATIONS FOR REPLACEMENT BRAKE LINING ASSEMBLIES AND DRUM BRAKE LININGS FOR POWER-DRIVEN VEHICLES AND THEIR TRAILERS

(First Revision)

#### 1 SCOPE

- **1.1** This standard applies to replacement service brake lining assemblies intended for use in friction brakes forming part of the braking system of power-driven vehicles of category M,N,L and T trailers and semi-trailers authorized for use on public roads.
- 1.2 Replacement brake lining assemblies and drum brake lining to be approved for fitment and use on power-driven vehicles and their trailers and semi-trailers having type approval in accordance with IS 11852/IS 15986/IS 14664/ AIS 150/AIS 151. Also riveted type Replacement drum brake linings designed for a brake shoe may be approved for fitment and use on power driven vehicles and trailers having type approval in accordance with IS 11852/IS 15986/ IS 14664/AIS 150/AIS 151 and classified in categories M1, M2, M3, N1, N2, N3, T3, T4 and L.

The replacement brake lining assemblies and drum brake lining used for separate parking brake systems being independent of the vehicle service brake system will be subject only to the technical prescriptions defined in Annex J of this Regulation.

**1.3** Original brake lining assemblies and drum brake linings fitted at time of manufacturing of the vehicle, as referenced in the vehicle type approval and original replacement brake lining assemblies and drum brake linings intended for the servicing of the vehicle are not subject of this standard.

#### 2 REFERENCES

The following standards contain provisions which through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below:

IS No./ other publication	Title
IS 2742 (Part 3) : 1994	Automotive vehicles - brake linings: Part 3 methods of test
IS 11852 (Part 1 – 8) : 2001	Automotive vehicles — Brakes and Braking systems (First revision)
IS 11852: 2013	Automotive vehicles — Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles of categories M, N and T with regard to braking ( <i>Second revision</i> )
IS 14664: 2010	Automotive vehicles — Performance requirements and testing procedures for braking system of two and three wheeled motor vehicles ( <i>first revision</i> )
IS 15986: 2015	Automotive vehicles – Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles of categories M1 and N1 regard to braking ( <i>third revision</i> )
ISO 6310: 2009	Road vehicles — Brake linings — Compressive strain test methods
ISO 6312: 2010	Road vehicles — Brake linings — Shear strength of disc brake pad and drum shoe assemblies — Test procedure
ISO 6313: 1980	Road vehicles — Brake linings — Effects of heat on dimensions and form of disc brake pads — Test procedure
ISO 2039-2: 1987	Plastics — Determination of hardness Part 2 Rockwell hardness
AIS-007: 2015	Information on technical Specification to be submitted by the vehicle manufacturer
AIS-151: 2018	Automotive vehicles — Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles of categories M1 (N1 optional) with regard to braking
AIS-150: 2018	Automotive vehicles —Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles of categories M2, M3, N and T with regard to braking'

#### **3 DEFINITIONS**

For the purposes of this standard, the following definitions shall apply.

- **3.1 Braking System** Has the meaning assigned in IS 11852, IS 15986, IS 14664, AIS 150 and AIS 151.
- **3.2 Friction Brake** —The part of a braking system in which the forces opposing the movement of a vehicle are developed by friction between a brake lining and a wheel disc or drum moving relatively to each other.
- **3.3 Brake Lining Assembly** —A component of a friction brake, which is pressed against a drum or disc, respectively, to produce the friction force.
- **3.3.1** *Shoe Assembly* A brake lining assembly of a drum brake.
- **3.3.1.1** *Shoe* A component of a shoe assembly, which carries the brake lining.
- **3.3.2** *Pad Assembly* A brake lining assembly of a disc brake.
- **3.3.2.1** Back plate A component of a pad assembly, which carries the brake lining.
- **3.3.3** *Brake Lining* The friction material component with the shape and final dimension to be fixed on to the shoe or backplate.
- **3.3.4** *Drum Brake Lining* A brake lining for a drum brake.
- **3.3.5** *Friction Material* The product of a specified mixture of materials and processes, which together determine the characteristics of a brake lining.
- **3.4 Brake Lining Type** Means wheel sets of brake lining assemblies, which do not differ in brake lining type, functional dimension or functional characteristics.
- **3.5 Brake Lining Assembly Type** Means wheel sets of brake lining components, which after fitment to the shoes do not differ in brake lining type, functional dimensions or functional characteristics.
- **3.6 Drum Brake Lining Type** Wheel sets of brake lining components, which after fitment to the shoes do not differ in brake lining type, dimensions or functional characteristics.
- **3.7 Original Brake Lining** Brake lining assemblies fitted at time of manufacturing of the vehicle as referenced in the vehicle type approval documentation (Table 5 of AIS 007) and original replacement brake lining assemblies intended for the servicing of the vehicle. These brake linings are not subject of this standard.
- **3.7.1** *Identical brake lining* A replacement brake lining assembly identical to the brake lining assembly supplied and fitted as original equipment and included in the vehicle type approval documentation (Table 5 of AIS 007) or any documental reference of supply to vehicle manufacturer with the exception of the vehicle/brake assembly manufacturers mark. These brake linings are not subject of this standard. <sup>1)</sup>
- **3.8 Original Brake Lining Assembly** A brake lining assembly conforming to the data attached to a vehicle type approval documentation.
- **3.9 Replacement Brake Lining Assembly** A brake lining assembly of a type approved under this standard as a suitable service replacement for an original brake lining assembly as per vehicle type approval documentation (Table 5 of AIS 007).
- **3.10 Original Drum Brake Lining** Drum brake linings fitted at time of manufacturing of the vehicle as referenced in the vehicle type approval documentation (Table 5 of AIS 007) and original replacement drum brake linings intended for the servicing of the vehicle. These drum brake linings are not subject of this standard.
- **3.10.1** *Identical Drum Brake Lining* A replacement drum brake lining assembly identical to the brake lining assembly supplied and fitted as original equipment and included in the vehicle type approval documentation

(Table 5 of AIS 007) or any documental reference of supply to vehicle manufacturer with the exception of the vehicle/brake assembly manufacturers mark not subjected to this standard.<sup>1)</sup>

<sup>1)</sup> Identical replacement brake lining assemblies and identical drum brake linings do not need to be tested according to the requirements 5, provided the following conditions are fulfilled:

- a) That the applicant for approval demonstrates that they produce and supply the submitted brake lining assemblies or drum brake linings to the vehicle or brake manufacturer as original equipment for the specific vehicle models, axles and brakes mentioned as per Annex A, with supply related documents (Make, Brake size and Lining grade etc.).
- b) That the certification authority may verify that the applicant is producing and supplying the relevant part mentioned as per type approval documentation CMVR 96 Brakes requirement Table 5 of AIS 007, in paragraph related to 'Make and type of brake linings'.<sup>2)</sup>
- c) The applicant for approval continues to produce the original and identical parts:
  - 1) From the same formulation;
  - 2) With the same manufacturing process;
  - 3) With the same quality assurance system; and
  - 4) With the same results of the conformity of production tests as for the original parts.

The demonstration of compliance to requirements specified in this paragraph shall be supported by an onsite audit, conducted by the certification authority in charge of the approval. To support the audit the manufacturer shall provide generic data for the process flow chart, control plan with quality check data.

- <sup>2)</sup> At the request of applicant(s) for certification against IS 17132, the information shall be provided by the certification authority as contained to with IS 11852 or IS 15986 or IS 14664 or AIS 150 or AIS 151 vehicle, brake and brake performance. However, this information shall not be provided for purposes other than IS 17132 certification.
- **3.11 Replacement Drum Brake Lining** A drum brake lining of a type approved under this standard as a suitable service replacement when fitted to a shoe for an original drum brake lining as per vehicle type approval documentation (Table 5 of AIS 007).
- **3.12 Manufacturer** The organization, which can assume technical responsibility for the brake lining assemblies or drum brake linings and can demonstrate that it possesses the necessary means to achieve conformity of production.
- **3.13 Parking brake system -** A replacement brake lining assemblies and drum brake lining belonging to a separate parking brake system which is independent from the service brake system.

#### **4 APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL**

- **4.1** An application for approval of a replacement brake lining assembly type or a replacement drum brake lining type for (a) specific vehicle type (s) shall be submitted by the manufacturer of the replacement brake lining assembly/replacement drum brake lining or his duly accredited representative.
- **4.2** An application may be submitted by the holder of (a) vehicle type approval(s) to CMV Rule No. 96 in respect of replacement brake lining assemblies or replacement drum brake linings conforming to the type recorded in the vehicle type approvals(s) documentation or any documental reference of supply to vehicle manufacturer.
- **4.3** An application for approval shall be accompanied, in triplicate, by a description of the replacement brake lining assembly or replacement drum brake lining with regard to the items specified in **Annex A** and by the following particulars:
- **4.3.1** Diagrams showing functional dimensions with minimum Lining Area ( $L \times B$ ) and thickness of the proposed replacement brake lining assembly or replacement drum brake lining. Worst case criteria models list to be submitted along with Annex A as per A15 table, if applicable.

- **4.3.2** An indication of the positions of the replacement brake lining assembly or replacement drum brake lining on the vehicles for which approval to fit is sought.
- **4.3.3** In the case of brake lining assemblies for vehicles of category L, the list of brake lining assemblies belonging to the same group defined according to Annex G-2. This list shall indicate for each brake lining assembly: name of brake lining assembly manufacturer, the brake lining assembly manufacturer's code, the friction material area (cm<sup>2</sup>).
- **4.4** Brake lining assemblies or drum brake linings of the type for which approval is sought shall be made available in sufficient quantity to perform the approval tests by the applicant.
- **4.5** The applicant shall agree with and make available to the technical service responsible for conducting approval tests the suitable representative vehicles(s) and/or brake(s).
- **4.6** The notified testing agency shall verify the existence of satisfactory arrangements for ensuring effective control of the conformity of production before type approval is granted (*see* Annex L)
- **4.6.1** The applicant may submit values for friction behavior in accordance with **H-2.4.1** or **H-3.4.1** respectively.

#### **5 SPECIFICATIONS AND TESTS**

#### 5.1 General

A replacement brake lining assembly or a replacement drum brake lining shall be so designed and constructed that, when substituted for the brake lining assembly or drum brake lining originally fitted to a vehicle, the braking efficiency of that vehicle accords with that of the approved vehicle type, specifically:

- a) Vehicle equipped with replacement brake lining assemblies or replacement drum brake linings shall satisfy the relevant braking prescriptions of IS 11852 or IS 15986 or IS 14664 or AIS 150 or AIS 151;
- b) A replacement brake lining assembly or a replacement drum brake lining shall display performance characteristics similar to that of the original brake lining assembly or original drum lining it is intended to replace; and
- c) A replacement brake lining assembly or a replacement drum brake lining shall possess adequate mechanical characteristics.
- d) Brake linings shall not contain asbestos.
- **5.1.1** Replacement brake lining assemblies or replacement drum brake linings conforming to the type specified in vehicle type approval documentation (Table 5 of AIS- 007) are deemed to satisfy the requirements of clause 5 of this regulation.
- **5.1.2** Identical brake lining or identical drum brake linings conforming to the type specified in vehicle type approval documentation or any documental reference of supply to vehicle manufacturer are deemed to satisfy subject to fulfilling of the following:

The applicant for approval submits the documents, that they confirm to the type approval certificate as original equipment for the specific vehicle models, axles and brakes mentioned as per Annex A, with procurement related documents (Make, Brake size and Lining grade etc.)

#### **5.2 Performance Requirements**

#### 5.2.1 Replacement Brake Lining Assemblies for Vehicles of Categories M1, M2 and N1

Replacement brake lining assemblies and replacement drum brake Linings shall be tested according to the Annex C using one of the two methods described in C-1 (vehicle test) or in C-2 (inertia dynamometer test) and shall satisfy the requirements stipulated in this Annex C. The representative vehicle(s) shall be selected from among the application range using a worst case analysis. <sup>3)</sup>

**5.2.2** Replacement Brake Lining Assemblies and Replacement Drum Brake Linings for Vehicles of Categories M3, N2 and N3

Replacement brake lining assemblies and replacement drum brake linings shall be tested according to the Annex D, using one of the two methods described in **D-1** (vehicle test) or in **D-2** (inertia dynamometer test) and shall satisfy the requirements stipulated in this Annex D.

The representative vehicle(s) shall be selected from among the application range using a worst case analysis.<sup>3)</sup>

<sup>3)</sup> Worst case analysis shall include the following technical characteristics (as a minimum) of each vehicle type in the application range:

- a) Rotor / Drum diameter;
- b) Rotor / Drum thickness;
- c) Ventilated or solid rotor / Solid or finned Drum;
- d) Piston or Wheel cylinder diameter / Brake chamber size;
- e) Slag Adjuster length;
- f) S-Cam radius;
- g) Piston lever ratio;
- h) Tyre dynamic radius;
- i) Vehicle mass;
- j) Axle mass and percentage of braking effort of the axle; and
- k) Maximum speed of the vehicle.

The testing conditions shall be specified in the test report and Worst case criteria proposed vehicle models list to be submitted along with Annex A as per A15 table, if applicable.

**5.2.3** Replacement Brake Lining Assemblies for Vehicles of Categories T<sub>1</sub> and T<sub>2</sub>

Replacement brake lining assemblies shall be tested according to the prescriptions of Annex E and shall satisfy the requirements stated in this Annex E.

**5.2.4** Replacement Brake Lining Assemblies and Replacement Drum Brake Linings for Vehicles of Categories  $T_3$  and  $T_4$ 

Replacement brake lining assemblies and replacement drum brake linings shall be tested according to the prescriptions of Annex F and shall satisfy the requirements stated in this Annex. For the tests one of the two methods described in IS 11852 or AIS 150 shall be used.

**5.2.5** Replacement Brake Lining Assemblies for Two and Three Wheeled Vehicle Categories

It is allowed the verification of a brake lining assembly deemed to be representative of a group of brake lining assemblies, grouped according to the criteria defined in Annex G-2.

The representative brake lining assembly is deemed to identify the most severe application. Results obtained with that representative brake lining assembly are considered valid for all the brake lining assemblies belonging to the same group defined according to the grouping criteria as from Annex G-2.

Replacement brake lining assemblies shall be tested according to the prescriptions of Annex G-1 and shall satisfy the requirements stated in this Annex G-1.

#### **5.3 Mechanical Characteristics**

**5.3.1** Replacement Brake Lining Assemblies and Replacement Drum Brake Linings for Vehicles of Categories M1, M2, N1, T1, T2 and L Vehicle Categories

- a) Replacement brake lining assemblies and replacement drum brake lining (applicable for bonded drum brake lining) of the type for which approval is requested shall be tested for shear strength according to ISO 6312; and
- b) The minimum acceptable shear strength is 250 N/cm2 for pad assemblies and 100 N/cm2 for shoe assemblies.

**5.3.1.2** Replacement Brake Lining Assemblies and replacement drum brake linings of the Type for which approval is requested shall be tested for compressibility strength according to standard ISO 6310 or Material Hardness as per **5.3.1.3**.

The compressibility values shall not exceed 2 percent at ambient temperature and 5 percent at 400°C for pad assemblies and 2 percent at ambient temperature and 4 percent at 200°C for shoe assemblies. This requirement does not apply to parking brake lining assemblies.

#### **5.3.1.3** Material Hardness

- a) Replacement brake lining assemblies or replacement drum brake linings of the type for which approval is requested shall be tested for hardness according to standard ISO 2039-2; and
- b) The hardness figure for the friction material at the rubbing surface shall be the mean value out of five sample linings from different production batches (if available) by taking five measurements at different places of each brake lining.
- **5.3.2** Replacement Brake Lining Assemblies and Replacement Drum Brake Linings for Vehicles of Categories M3, N2, N3, T3 and T4
  - a) Shear Strength This test applies only to brake lining assemblies. Replacement brake lining assemblies of the type for which approval is requested shall be tested for shear strength according to standard ISO 6312. Brake lining assemblies may be divided into two or three parts to match the test machine's capability. The minimum acceptable shear strength is 250 N/cm².
  - b) Compressibility Replacement brake lining assemblies and replacement drum brake linings of the type for which approval is requested shall be tested for compressibility according to standard ISO 6310. Flat specimens according to sample Type I may be used. The compressibility values shall not exceed 2 percent at ambient temperature and 5 percent at 400°C for pad assemblies and 2 percent at ambient temperature and 4 percent at 200°C for shoe assemblies and drum brake linings.
  - c) Material Hardness This requirement applies to drum brake lining assemblies and drum brake linings. Replacement brake lining assemblies or replacement drum brake linings of the type for which approval is requested shall be tested for hardness according to standard ISO 2039-2. The hardness figure for the friction material at the rubbing surface shall be the mean value out of five sample linings from different production batches (if available) by taking five measurements at different places of each brake lining.

NOTE — Material hardness test may be done as an alternative to compressibility test.

- c) Cross braking strength Replacement drum brake linings of the type for which approval is requested shall be tested for Cross breaking strength as per IS 2742 (Part 3).
- **5.3.3** Heat Swell test for Replacement Brake Lining Assemblies and Replacement Drum Brake Linings for Vehicles of Categories M3, N2, N3, T3 and T4

Heat Swell shall be tested for drum brake linings as per IS 2742 (Part 3) and for disc-brake-pads as per ISO 6313.

#### 6 PACKAGING AND MARKING

- **6.1** Replacement brake lining assemblies or replacement drum brake linings conforming to a type approved in accordance with this standard shall be marketed in axle sets.
- **6.2** Each axle set shall be contained in a sealed package constructed to show previous opening.
- **6.2.1** In the case of replacement drum brake linings, with details of rivets of suitable size and material or rivets of suitable size and material shall be provided together with the brake linings.
- **6.3** Each package shall display the following information:
  - a) The quantity of replacement brake lining assemblies or replacement drum brake linings in the package;

- b) Manufacturer's name or trade mark;
- c) Make and type of replacement brake lining assemblies or replacement drum brake linings;
- d) The vehicles/axles/brakes for which the contents are approved; and
- e) The approval mark.
- **6.4** Each package shall contain fitting instructions in English and Hindi languages, supplemented by the corresponding text in the language of the country where it is sold.
- **6.4.1** With particular reference to auxiliary parts.
- **6.4.2** Stating that replacement brake lining assemblies or replacement drum brake linings should be replaced in axle sets.
- **6.4.3** With, in the case of replacement drum brake linings, a general statement calling attention to the following points:
  - a) the integrity of the shoe platform, abutment and pivot;
  - b) freedom of the shoe from distortion, deformation and corrosion;
  - c) the type and size of rivet to be used; and
  - d) the required riveting tools and forces.
- **6.5** Each replacement brake lining assembly or replacement drum brake lining shall display permanently one set of approval data (*see* **Annex B**):
  - a) the approval mark;
  - b) the date of manufacture, at least month and year; or batch number; and
  - c) make and type of brake lining.

#### 7 BIS CERTIFICATION MARKING

The product(s) conforming to the requirements of this standard may be certified as per the conformity assessment schemes under the provisions of the *Bureau of Indian Standards Act*, 2016 and the Rules and Regulations framed thereunder, and the products may be marked with the standard mark.

#### ANNEX A

(Clauses 4.3 and 5.1.1)

# REQUEST FOR APPROVAL / REQUEST FOR APPROVAL EXTENSION OF A REPLACEMENT BRAKE LINING ASSEMBLY OR REPLACEMENT DRUM BRAKE LINING PURSUANT TO IS $17132\,$

APPROVAL NOEXTENSION NO
A-1 Applicant's name and address
A-2 Manufacturer's name and address
A-3 Make and type of brake lining assembly/drum brake lining
A-4 Make and type of brake lining
A-5 Vehicles/axles for which the brake lining assembly type/drum brake lining type qualifies as original brake lining assembly/original drum brake lining: (As per the vehicle type approval documentation)
<b>A-6</b> Vehicles/axles for which the brake lining assembly type/drum brake lining type qualifies as Identical brake lining assembly/Identical drum brake lining: (As per the vehicle type approval documentation or any documental reference of supply to vehicle manufacturer)
<b>A-7</b> Vehicles/axles for which the brake lining assembly type/drum brake lining type qualifies as replacement brake lining assembly/replacement drum brake lining: (The representative vehicle(s) shall be selected from among the application range using a worst case analysis as per 5.2.1 and 5.2.2 note <sup>3</sup> ), and as per A-15 to be enclosed)
<b>A-7.1</b> Additionally in the case of combined braking systems in the meaning of IS 14664, approved brake lining assembly combination(s):
A-7.2 Submitted for approval on
A-8 Certifying agency responsible for approval tests
A-9.1 Date of test report
A-9.2 Number of test report
<b>A-10</b> Approval granted/extended/refused/withdrawn <sup>2</sup>
A-11 Place
<b>A-12</b> Date
A-13 Signature
<b>A-14</b> Annexed to this communication is a list of documents in the approval file deposited at the Certification Authority having delivered the approval and which can be obtained upon request.

Distinguishing number for which has granted/extended/refused/withdrawn approval (see approval provisions in

Strike out what does not apply.

the standard).

**A-15** Vehicle Worst Case Analysis as per 5.2.1 and 5.2.2 note <sup>3)</sup>. (*see* table 1)

# Table 1 Vehicle Worst Case Analysis (Clause A-15)

Sl No.				Vehicle Mak	e A	Vehicle Make B	Vehicle Make C		Represented Vehicle <sup>4)</sup>		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
			Model 1	Model 2	Model 3	Model 4	Model 5	Model 6	Model 7	Model 8	Maximum
i)	Vehicle speed	kmph									Maximum
ii)	Axel weight	kg									Maximum
iii)	Tyre radius	m									
iv)	Caliper brake		For examp	le Dia 51 grou	p or Dia 54 gro	oup or Dia 57					
	size wise group		group, etc.		_	_					
v)	Rotor dia	m									Minimum
vi)	Rotor thickness	mm									Minimum
vii)	Rotor Ventilated/Solid										Low cooling
viii)	Actual Caliper piston size	cm									Minimum
ix)	Pad Area	Sq cm									Minimum
x)	Pad thickness	mm									Minimum
xi)	Pad length x width	mm									For reference
xii)	Pad Mounting Dimensions	mm									For reference
xiii)	Pad Grade		Mix 1	Mix 1	Mix 1	Mix 1	Mix 1	Mix 1	Mix 1	Mix 1	
i)	Drum Brake tyre and size wise group		Eg. HASF 254 group,		2LS and Dia 18	80 group or Dia					
ii)	Drum dia	mm									Minimum
iii)	Drum braking area thickness	mm									Minimum
iv)	Wheel cylinder piston dia	mm									Minimum

Sl No.			Vehicle Make A Vehicle Make B Vehicle Make 0		cle Make C	Represented Vehicle <sup>4)</sup>					
v)	Total Lining	Sq									Minimum
	Area	cm									
vi)	Leading Shoe	Sq									For reference
	Area (L $\times$ B	cm									
	mm)										
vii)	Leading Shoe thickness	mm									Minimum
viii)	Trailing Shoe	Sq									For reference
	Area ( $L \times B$	cm									
	mm)										
ix)	Trailing Shoe	mm									Minimum
	thickness										
x)	Leading Shoe	mm									For reference
	mounting										
	dimensions										
xi)	Trailing shoe	mm									For reference
	mounting										
	dimensions										
xii)	Lining Grade		Mix 2	Mix 2	Mix 2	Mix 2	Mix 2	Mix 2	Mix 2	Mix 2	For reference

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> The representative vehicle(s) shall be selected from among the application range

ANNEX B (Clause 6.5)

#### **B-1 EXAMPLES OF PAD ASSEMBLY MARKING**

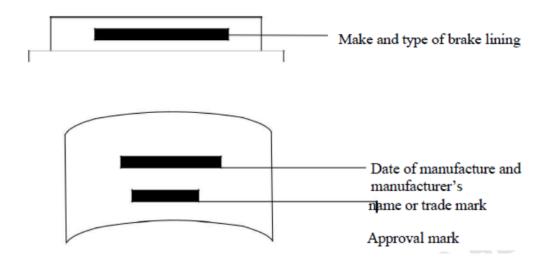


FIG. 1 EXAMPLES OF PAD ASSEMBLY MARKING

#### **B-2 EXAMPLES OF SHOE ASSEMBLY MARKING**

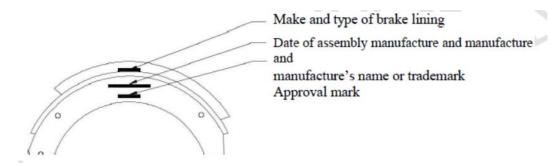


FIG. 2 EXAMPLES OF SHOE ASSEMBLY MARKING

#### **B-3 EXAMPLES OF DRUM BRAKE LINING MARKING**

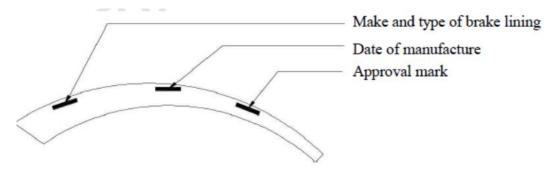


FIG. 3 EXAMPLES OF DRUM BRAKE LINING MARKING

### ANNEX C

( *Clause* 5.2.1 )

### REQUIREMENT FOR REPLACEMENT BRAKE LINING ASSEMBLIES AND DRUM BRAKE LININGS FOR VEHICLES OF CATEGORIES $M_1, M_2$ AND $N_1$

#### **C-1 VEHICLE TEST**

#### C-1.1 Test Vehicle

A vehicle which is representative of the type(s) for which the replacement brake lining assembly or drum brake lining approval is required shall be equipped with the replacement brake lining assemblies or drum brake lining of the type for which approval is requested and instrumented for brake testing as required by IS 11852, IS 15986, AIS 150, AIS 151.

Brake linings submitted for test shall be fitted to the relevant brakes and until a fixed burnishing procedure is established, shall be burnished to the manufacturer's instructions in agreement with the certifying agency.

#### **C-1.2 Tests and Requirements**

- C-1.2.1 Conformance with IS 11852, IS 15986, AIS 150, AIS 151
- C-1.2.1.1 The braking system of the vehicle shall be tested according to the requirements for the vehicle category in question (M1, M2 or N1) as specified in IS 11852 (Annex C), IS 15986 (Annex B), AIS 150 (Annex C), AIS 151 (Annex B). The applicable requirements or tests are:

#### C-1.2.1.1.1 Service Braking System

C-1.2.1.1.1 Type-O test with engine disconnected, vehicle laden.

#### **C-1.2.1.1.1.2** Type I Test

C-1.2.1.1.2 Secondary Braking System with engine disconnected, vehicle laden

#### C-1.2.1.1.3 Parking Braking System

(Only applicable if the brakes for which lining approval is sought are used for parking). Downhill test at 18 percent gradient, vehicle laden as per IS 11852 / AIS 150 or Downhill test at 20 percent gradient, vehicle laden as per IS 15986 / AIS 151.

#### C-1.2.2 ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS (Split Axle Test)

For the tests mentioned below the vehicle shall be fully laden and all brake applications made with engine disconnected, on a level road.

The vehicle service brake control system shall be equipped with a means of isolating front and rear axle brakes so that either may be used independently of the other.

Where brake lining assembly approval or drum brake lining approval is required for front axle brakes, the rear axle brakes shall remain inoperative throughout the test.

Where brake lining assembly approval or drum brake lining approval is required for rear axle brakes, the front axle shall remain inoperative throughout the test.

#### C-1.2.2.1 Cold Performance Equivalence Test

Cold performance of the replacement brake lining assembly or the replacement drum brake lining shall be tested as per the following method:

a) Make a minimum of six brake applications at spaced increments of pedal effort or line pressure up to wheel lock or alternatively, up to a mean fully developed deceleration of 6 m/s<sup>2</sup> or up to the allowed maximum pedal force for the category of vehicle in question from an initial speed as given in the table below:

Vehicle Category	Test Speed	! in km/h
	Front Axle	Front Axle
$M_1$	70	45
$M_2$	50	40
$N_1$	65	50

NOTE — The initial brake temperature at the start of each application shall be  $\leq 100^{\circ}$ C.

b) Note and plot pedal force or line pressure and mean fully developed deceleration for each application and determine the pedal force line pressure required to achieve (if possible) a mean fully developed deceleration of 5 m/s<sup>2</sup> for front axle brakes and 3 m/s<sup>2</sup> for rear axle brakes. If these values cannot be achieved with the maximum allowed pedal force determine alternatively the pedal force or line pressure required to achieve maximum deceleration.

#### C-1.2.2.2 Speed Sensitivity Test

- a) Using the pedal force derived from **C-1.2.2.1 b**) and with initial brake temperature ≤ 100°C make three brake applications from each of the following speeds:
  - 1) Front axle: 45, 65 km/h and 80 km/h where  $V_{max}$  exceeds 100 km/h.
  - 2) Rear axle: 35, 50 km/h and 65 km/h where  $V_{max}$  exceeds 100 km/h.
- b) Average the results for each group of three applications and plot speed against corresponding mean fully developed deceleration; and
- c) Mean fully developed decelerations recorded for the higher speeds shall lie within 25 percent of that recorded for the lowest speed.

#### C-2 Inertia Dynamometer Test

#### C-2.1 Test Equipment

For the tests an inertia dynamometer shall be equipped with the vehicle brake in question. The dynamometer shall be instrumented for continuous recording of rotational speed, brake torque, pressure in the brake line and number of rotations after brake application, braking time and brake rotor / drum temperature.

#### C-2.1.1 Test Conditions

 a) The rotational mass of the dynamometer shall correspond to half the axle portion of the maximum vehicle mass as listed in the table below and to the rolling radius of the largest tyre that is authorized for that vehicle type(s);

Vehicle Category		of Maximum e Mass
	Front Axle	Rear Axle
$M_1$	0.77	0.32
$M_2^-$	0.69	0.44
$N_1$	0.66	0.39

b) The initial dynamometer rotational speed shall correspond to the linear vehicle speed as stated in **C-2.2** and shall be based on the dynamic rolling radius of the tyre;

- c) Brake lining assemblies or drum brake linings submitted for test shall be fitted to the brake and until a fixed burnishing procedure is established, shall be burnished to the manufacturer's instructions in agreement with the certifying agency; and
- d) If cooling air is used, the speed of the airflow at the brake shall be:

$$V_{air} = 0.33v$$

where,

v = vehicle test speed at initiation of braking.

#### C-2.2 Tests and Requirements

#### **C-2.2.1** Tests Derived from IS 11852 / IS 15986 / AIS 150 / AIS 151

#### C-2.2.1.1 Service Braking System Type-O Test

From the initial speed listed as per below table or  $V = 0.8~V_{max}$  (whichever is lower) with a brake temperature  $\leq 100~^{\circ}$ C at the start of each application make a minimum of six brake applications at spaced intervals of line pressure up to the line pressure of  $\leq 100~$ bar that is permanently guaranteed by the braking system of the vehicle type(s). A mean fully developed deceleration of at least as per below table shall be achieved and the given pressure to achieve has to be recorded.

Vehicle	Test Speed	Deceleration
Category	(km)	$(m/s^2)$
M1	100	5.9
M2	60	5
M2	80	5

#### **C-2.2.1.2** *Type I test*

#### C-2.2.1.2.1 Heating procedure

Test as per the table below according to vehicle category starting at a brake temperature of  $\leq 100$  °C at the first application. The line pressure shall correspond to a deceleration of 3 m/s<sup>2</sup> at the first application and shall remain constant throughout the succeeding applications.

Category	Condition									
	v <sub>1</sub> Km/h	v <sub>2</sub> Km/h	$\Delta t$	n						
M1	80 percent $v_{\text{max}} \leq 120$	$1/2 v_1$	45	15						
M2	80 percent $v_{\text{max}} \le 100$	$1/2 v_1$	55	15						
N1	80 percent $v_{\text{max}} \le 120$	$1/2 v_1$	55	15						

#### **C-2.2.1.2.2** *Hot performance*

On completion of the heating procedure the hot performance shall be measured under the conditions of C-2.2.1.1, using the guaranteed line pressure as defined in C-2.2.1.1 (the temperature conditions may be different). The mean fully developed deceleration with the heated brake shall not be less than 60 percent of the value achieved with the cold brake performance C-2.2.1.1

#### C-2.2.1.2.3 Recovery performance

Starting 120 s after the hot performance brake application makes 5 full stops with the line pressure used in **C-2.2.1.2.1** above and with intervals of at least 2 min from the initial speed of 50 km/h. At the beginning of the fifth application the brake temperature shall be  $\leq 100^{\circ}$ C and the mean fully developed deceleration achieved shall not

be less than 70 percent, nor more than 150 percent of that calculated from the relation line pressure/deceleration of the C - 2.2.1.1.

- C-2.2.1.3 Static test for parking performance
- **C-2.2.1.3.1** For the whole range of applications determine the worst case regarding input force to the brake, maximum vehicle mass to be braked by one axle and tyre radius.
- C-2.2.1.3.2 Apply the brake with the input force as determined under C-2.2.1.1
- C-2.2.1.3.3 Put a slowly increasing torque on the dyno shaft in order to turn the drum or disc. Measure the output torque at the brake in the moment the dyno shaft begins to move and calculate corresponding axle braking force using the tyre radius as determined under C-2.2.1.3.1.
- C-2.2.1.3.4 The brake force measured under C-2.2.1.3.3 divided by one-half of the vehicle mass as determined under C-2.2.1.3.1 must give at least a quotient of 0.18 for M2, N1 and 0.2 for M1

#### C-2.2.3 Cold Performance Test

Cold performance of the replacement brake lining assembly or the replacement drum brake lining shall be made by the following method:

- a) The Type-O test as prescribed in C-2.2.1.1 shall be performed with one set of the brake lining assembly or drum brake lining; and
- b) Note and plot line pressure and mean fully developed deceleration for each application and determine line pressure required to achieve 5 m/s<sup>2</sup>.

#### C-2.2.3 Speed Sensitivity Test

- a) Using the line pressure derived from C-2.2.1.1. and with initial brake temperature  $\leq 100^{\circ}$ C, make three brake applications from rotational speed corresponding to vehicle linear speeds of
  - 1. Front axle: 45, 65 km/h and 80 km/h where Vmax exceeds 100 km/h.
  - 2. Rear axle: 35, 50 km/h and 65 km/h where Vmax exceeds 100 km/h.
- b) Average the results for each group of three applications and plot speed against corresponding mean fully developed deceleration; and
- c) Mean fully developed decelerations recorded for the speeds shall lie within 25 percent of that recorded for the lowest speed.

#### ANNEX D

(*Clause* 5.2.2)

### REQUIREMENTS FOR REPLACEMENT BRAKE LINING ASSEMBLIES AND DRUM BRAKE LININGS FOR VEHICLES OF CATEGORIES $M_3$ , $N_2$ AND $N_3$

#### **D-1 VEHICLE TEST**

#### **D-1.1 Test Vehicle**

A vehicle which is representative of the type(s) for which the replacement brake lining assembly approval or drum brake lining approval is required shall be equipped with replacement brake lining assemblies or drum brake linings of the type for which approval is sought and instrumented for brake testing as required by IS 11852, AIS 150.

Brake linings submitted for test shall be fitted to the relevant brakes and until a fixed burnishing procedure is established, shall be burnished to the manufacturer's instructions in agreement with the certifying agency.

#### **D-1.2 Tests and Requirements**

- **D-1.2.1** Conformance with IS 11852 / AIS 150.
- **D-1.2.1.1** The braking system of the vehicle shall be tested according to the requirements for the vehicle category in question (M3, N2 or N3) as specified in IS 11852 (Annex C), AIS 150 (Annex C). The applicable requirements or tests are:
- **D-1.2.1.1.1** Service braking system
- **D-1.2.1.1.1** Type-O test with engine disconnected, vehicle laden.
- **D-1.2.1.1.1.2** Type I test
- **D-1.2.1.1.3** *Type II Test (Downhill Behaviour Test)*

The laden vehicle must be tested in such a manner that the energy input is equivalent to that recorded in the same period of time with the laden vehicle driven at an average speed of 30 km/h on a 2.5 percent down gradient for a distance of 6 km with the gear disengaged, the braking energy being taken by the service brakes alone.

- **D-1.2.1.1.2** Secondary Braking System with engine disconnected, vehicle laden
- **D-1.2.1.1.3** Parking braking system (only applicable if the brakes for which lining approval is sought are used for parking also). Downhill test at 18 percent gradient, vehicle laden.
- **D-1.2.2** Additional requirements (split axle test)

For the tests mentioned below the vehicle shall be fully laden and all brake applications made with engine disconnected, on a level road.

The vehicle service brake control system shall be equipped with a means of isolating front and rear axle brakes so that either may be used independently of the other.

Where brake lining assembly approval or drum brake lining approval is required for front axle brakes, the rear axle brakes shall remain inoperative throughout the test.

Where brake lining assembly approval or drum brake lining approval is required for rear axle brakes, the front axle brakes shall remain inoperative throughout the test.

#### **D-1.2.2.1** Cold performance test

Cold performance of the replacement brake lining assembly or the replacement drum brake lining shall be tested to the following method:

- **D-1.2.2.1.1** Make a minimum of six brake applications at spaced increments of pedal or line pressure up to wheel lock or, alternatively, up to a mean fully developed deceleration of 3.5 m/s<sup>2</sup> or up to the maximum allowed pedal force or up to the maximum line pressure from an initial speed of 45 km/h and with a brake temperature  $\leq 100$  °C at the start of each application.
- **D-1.2.2.1.2** Note and plot pedal force or line pressure and mean fully developed deceleration for each application and determine the pedal force or line pressure required to achieve (if possible) a mean fully developed deceleration of 3  $\text{m/s}^2$ . If this value cannot be achieved determine alternatively the pedal force or line pressure required to achieve maximum deceleration.
- **D-1.2.2.2** *Speed sensitivity test*
- **D-1.2.2.1.1** Using the pedal force derived from **D-1.2.2.1.2** and with initial brake temperature  $\leq 100$  °C, make three brake applications from each of the following speeds:
  - a) 40 km/h down to 20 km/h,
  - b) 60 km/h down to 40 km/h, and
  - c) 80 km/h down to 60 km/h (if  $V_{max} \ge 90$  km/h)
- **D-1.2.2.2.2** Average the results for each group of three applications and plot speed against corresponding mean fully developed deceleration.
- **D-1.2.2.2.3** Mean fully developed decelerations recorded for the higher speeds shall lie within 25 percent of that recorded for the lowest speed.

#### **D-2 INERTIA DYNAMOMETER TEST**

#### **D-2.1 Test Equipment**

For the tests an inertia dynamometer shall be equipped with the vehicle brake in question. The dynamometer shall be instrumented for continuous recording of rotational speed, brake torque, pressure in the brake line and number of rotations after brake application, braking time and brake rotor / drum temperature.

- **D-2.1.1.1** The rotational mass of the dynamometer shall correspond to half the axle portion of 0.55 of the maximum vehicle mass and the rolling radius of the largest tyre that is authorized for that vehicle type(s).
- **D-2.1.1.2** The initial dynamometer rotational speed shall correspond to the linear vehicle speed as stated in below and shall be based on the dynamic rolling radius of the smallest tyre that is authorized for that vehicle type(s).
- **D-2.1.1.3** Brake lining assemblies or drum brake linings submitted for the test shall be fitted to the brake and until a fixed burnishing procedure is established, shall be burnished to the manufacturer's instructions in agreement with the certifying agency.
- **D-2.1.1.4** If cooling air is used, the speed of the airflow at the brake shall be:

$$V_{air} = 0.33v$$

where,

v = vehicle test speed, at initiation of braking.

**D-2.1.1.5** The actuation cylinder fitted to the brake must be of the smallest size that is authorized for that vehicle type(s).

#### **D-2.2 Tests and Requirements**

#### **D-2.2.1** *Tests Derived from IS 11852 / AIS 150*

#### **D-2.2.1.1** Type-O Test, engine disconnected

From the initial speed of 60 km/h with a brake temperature  $\leq 100^{\circ}\text{C}$  at the start of each application make a minimum of six brake applications at spaced intervals of line pressure up to the line pressure that is permanently guaranteed by the braking system of the vehicle type(s) (for example, cut in pressure of the compressor for pneumatic brake system or  $\leq 120$ bar for hydraulic brake system). A mean fully developed deceleration of at least 5 m/s<sup>2</sup> must be achieved.

#### **D-2.2.1.2** *Type-I test*

#### **D-2.2.1.2.1** *Heating procedure*

Make 20 consecutive snub applications with  $V_1 = 60$  km/h and  $V_2 = 30$  km/h with a cycle time of 60 s starting at a brake temperature of  $\leq 100$  °C at the first application. The line pressure shall correspond to a deceleration of 3 m/s<sup>2</sup> at the first application and must remain constant throughout the succeeding applications.

#### **D-2.2.1.2.2** *Hot performance*

On completion of the heating procedure the hot performance shall be measured under the conditions of **D-2.2.1.1** above using the guaranteed line pressure as defined in **D-2.2.1.1** (the temperature conditions may be different). The mean fully developed deceleration with the heated brake must not be less than 60 percent of the value achieved with the cold brake or  $4 \text{ m/s}^2$ .

#### **D-2.2.1.2.3** *Recovery*

Starting 120 s after the hot performance brake application makes 5 full stops with the line pressure used in **D-2.2.1.2.1** above and with intervals of at least 2 min from the initial speed of 60 km/h. At the beginning of the fifth application the brake temperature shall be  $\leq 100^{\circ}$ C and the mean fully developed deceleration achieved shall be within 10 percent of that calculated from the relation line pressure/deceleration of the Type-O test at 60 km/h.

#### **D-2.2.1.3** *Type II Test (Downhill Behaviour Test)*

#### **D-2.2.1.3.1** *Heating procedure*

The brakes shall be heated by constant braking torque corresponding to a deceleration of 0.15 m/s2 at a constant speed of 30 km/h during a period of 12 min.

#### **D-2.2.1.3.2** *Hot performance*

On completion of the heating procedure the hot performance shall be measured under the conditions of paragraph **D-2.2.1.1** above using the guaranteed line pressure as defined in paragraph **D-2.2.1.1** (the temperature conditions may be different). The mean fully developed deceleration with the heated brake must not be less than 3.75 m/s<sup>2</sup>.

#### **D-2.2.1.4** Static test for parking performance

**D-2.2.1.4.1** For the whole range of applications determine the worst case regarding input force to the brake, maximum vehicle mass to be braked by one axle and tyre radius.

#### **D-2.2.1.4.2** Apply the brake with the input force as determined under **D-2.2.1.1.**

**D-2.2.1.4.3** Put a slowly increasing torque on the dyno shaft in order to turn the drum or disc. Measure the output torque at the brake in the moment the dyno shaft begins to move and calculate corresponding axle braking force using the tyre radius as determined under **D-2.2.1.4.1.** 

- **D-2.2.1.4.4** The brake force measured under **D-2.2.1.4.3** divided by one-half of the vehicle mass as determined under **D-2.2.1.4.1** must give at least a quotient of 0.18.
- **D-2.2.2** Cold Performance Equivalence Test

Cold performance of the replacement brake lining assembly or the replacement drum brake lining shall be tested for Type-O test as described in **D-2.2.1.1**.

- **D-2.2.2.1** The Type-O test as prescribed in **D-2.2.1.1** shall be performed with one set of the brake lining assembly or drum brake lining.
- **D-2.2.2.2** Note and plot line pressure and mean fully developed deceleration for each application and determine line pressure required to achieve 5 m/s $^2$ .
- **D-2.2.3** *Speed Sensitivity Test*
- **D-2.2.3.1** Using the guaranteed line pressure as defined in **2.2.1.1** and with initial brake temperature  $\leq 100^{\circ}$ C, make three brake applications from each of the following speeds:
  - a) 60 km/h down to 30 km/h;
  - b) 80 km/h down to 60 km/h; and
  - c) 110 km/h down to 80 km/h (if  $V_{max} \ge 90$  km/h).
- **D-2.2.3.2** Average the results for each group of three applications and plot speed against corresponding mean fully developed deceleration.
- **D-2.2.3.3** Mean fully developed decelerations recorded for the higher speeds shall lie within 25 percent of that recorded for the lowest speed.

### ANNEX E

(*Clause* 5.2.3)

## REQUIREMENTS FOR REPLACEMENT BRAKE LINING ASSEMBLIES FOR VEHICLES OF CATEGORIES $T_1$ AND $T_2$

#### E-1 GENERAL

The test method described in this Annex is based on an inertia dynamometer test. Alternatively the tests may be carried out on a test vehicle or on a rolling road test bench provided that the same test conditions are achieved and the same parameters measured as in the inertia dynamometer test.

#### E-2 TEST EQUIPMENT

For the tests an inertia dynamometer shall be equipped with the vehicle brake in question. The dynamometer shall be instrumented for continuous recording of rotational speed, brake torque, pressure in the brake line or actuation force, number of rotations after brake application, braking time and brake rotor temperature.

#### E-2.1 Test Conditions

- **E-2.1.1** The rotational mass of the dynamometer shall correspond to half the relevant axle portion of the maximum vehicle mass and the rolling radius of the largest tyre that is authorised for that vehicle type(s).
- **E-2.1.2** The initial dynamometer rotational speed shall correspond to the linear vehicle speed as stated in E-3.1 and shall be based on the dynamic rolling radius of the smallest tyre that is authorised for that vehicle type(s).
- **E-2.1.3** Brake linings submitted for the test shall be fitted to the relevant brake and until a fixed burnishing procedure is established, shall be burnished to the manufacturer's instructions in agreement with the certifying agency.
- E-2.1.4 If cooling air is used, the speed of the airflow at the brake shall be:

$$V_{air} = 0.33v$$

where,

v = vehicle test speed at initiation of braking.

**E-2.1.5** The actuation device fitted to the brake must correspond to the vehicle installation.

#### E-3 TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

#### E-3.1 Type-O Test, engine disconnected

From the initial speed of 60 km/h with a brake temperature  $\leq 100^{\circ}$ C at the start of each application make a minimum of six consecutive brake applications at spaced intervals of line pressure or application force up to the maximum line pressure or up to 6 m/s<sup>2</sup> deceleration. Repeat the last brake application using an initial speed of 40 km/h.

#### E-3.2 Type - I Test

#### **E-3.2.1** *Heating Procedure*

The brake shall be heated with continuous braking according to the requirement of IS 11852 / AIS 150 starting with a brake rotor temperature  $\leq 100$  °C.

#### E-3.2.2 Hot Performance

On completion of the heating procedure the hot performance from an initial speed of 40 km/h shall be measured under the conditions of **E-3.2.1** above using the same line pressure or application force (the temperature conditions

Doc TED 04 (25616) WC IS 17132: XXXX May 2024

may be different). The mean fully developed deceleration with the heated brake must not be less than 60 percent of the value achieved with the cold brake or  $3.5~\text{m/s}^2$ 

#### E-3.3 Cold Performance Equivalence Test

A comparison of the cold performance of the replacement brake lining assembly shall be tested for Type-O test as described in **E-3.1**.

- **E-3.3.1** The Type-O test as prescribed in E-3.1 shall be performed with one set of the original brake lining assembly.
- **E-3.3.2** The replacement brake lining assembly shall be considered to show similar performance characteristics to the original brake lining assembly if the achieved mean fully developed decelerations at the same line pressure or application force in the upper two thirds of the generated curve are within 15 percent of those obtained with the original brake lining assembly.

### ANNEX F

(*Clause* 5.2.4)

## REQUIREMENTS FOR REPLACEMENT BRAKE LINING ASSEMBLIES AND DRUM BRAKE LININGS FOR VEHICLES OF CATEGORIES $T_3$ AND $T_4$

#### F-1 TEST CONDITIONS

The tests prescribed in this Annex may be carried out alternatively on a test vehicle or on an inertia dynamometer under the same conditions as mentioned in IS 11852 / AIS 150.

Brake linings submitted for test shall be fitted to the relevant brakes and, until a fixed burnishing procedure is established, shall be burnished to the manufacturer's instructions in agreement with the certifying agency.

#### F-2 TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

#### F-2.1 Conformance with IS 11852 / AIS 150

The brakes shall be tested according to the requirements of IS 11852 / AIS 150.

- **F-2.1.1** The results shall be reported in a form according to IS 11852 / AIS 150.
- **F-2.1.2** The achieved hot performance at the same input torque of the replacement brake lining assembly or the replacement drum brake lining in the Type-I test shall be at least 90 percent of the cold performance of the replacement brake lining assembly or the replacement drum brake lining.

The minimum requirements of IS 11852 / AIS 150 are applicable for the replacement brake lining assembly or drum brake lining.

#### F-2.2 Cold Performance Equivalence Test (Type-P)

**F-2.2.1** Under the conditions of **F-1** and from an initial speed of 60 km/h with a brake temperature  $\leq$ 100°C make 6 brake applications at spaced intervals of control force or line pressure up to 6.5 bar or an achieved deceleration of 6 m/s<sup>2</sup>.

#### ANNEX G

(*Clause* 5.2.5)

### G-1 REQUIREMENTS FOR REPLACEMENT BRAKE LINING ASSEMBLIES FOR TWO AND THREE WHEELED VEHICLE CATEGORIES

#### **G-1.1 TEST CONDITIONS**

- **G-1.1.1** A vehicle which is representative of the type(s) for which the replacement brake lining assembly approval is required shall be equipped with the brake lining assemblies of the type for which approval is requested and instrumented for brake testing as required by IS 14664.
- **G-1.1.2** Brake lining assemblies submitted for the test shall be fitted to the relevant brakes and, until a fixed burnishing procedure is established, shall be burnished to the manufacturer's instructions in agreement with the certifying agency.

#### **G-1.2 TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS**

#### G-1.2.1 Conformance with IS 14664.

**G-1.2.1.1** The braking system of the vehicle shall be tested according to the vehicle categories mentioned in IS 14664 and applicable requirements or tests are:

#### **G-1.2.1.1.1** Dry Stop test with engine disconnected

The test is to be carried out only in the laden condition. Make one brake application according to IS14664: 2010, clause 5.3.1. and 5.3.2. up to wheel lock, or up to the deceleration under performance requirements defined in IS14664: 2010, clause 5.3.3. or up to the maximum allowed control force.

Where brake lining assembly approval is required for front axle brakes the test is to be carried out on the front brakes only.

Where brake lining assembly approval is required for rear axle brakes the test is to be carried out on the rear brakes only.

#### **G-1.2.1.1.2** *Dry stop Test with wet brakes*

Not applicable to vehicles of category L5 or in cases of drum brakes or fully enclosed disc brakes not subjected to this test during approval to IS 14464.

#### G-1.2.1.1.3 High Speed test

Only applicable for vehicles of categories L3, L4 and L5

#### **G-1.2.1.1.4** Heat Fade Test

Only applicable for vehicles of categories L3, L4 and L5.

G-1.2.1.2 The vehicle must satisfy all the relevant requirements stated in IS 14464 for that category of vehicles.

#### **G-1.2.2** Additional Requirements

#### G-1.2.2.1 Cold Performance Equivalence Test

The Dry stop test as given in **G-1.2.1.1.1** shall be performed with one set of brake lining assembly.

**G-1.2.2.1.1** The Dry stop test as prescribed in **G-1.2.1.1.1** shall be performed with one set of the original brake lining assembly.

**G-1.2.2.1.2** The replacement brake lining assembly shall be considered to show similar performance characteristics to the original brake lining assembly if the achieved mean fully developed decelerations at the same line pressure in the upper two thirds of the generated curve are within 15 percent of those obtained with the original brake lining assembly.

#### **G-1.2.2.2** Speed Sensitivity Test

This test is only applicable for vehicles of categories  $L_3$ ,  $L_4$  and  $L_5$  and shall be carried out with the laden vehicle under the conditions of the Dry stop test with engine disconnected. However, the test speeds are different.

- **G-1.2.2.2.1** From the results of the Dry Stop test as described in **G-1.2.1.1.1** determine the control force or line pressure corresponding to the minimum required mean fully developed deceleration for that category of vehicle.
- G-1.2.2.2.2 Using the control force or line pressure determined in G-1.2.2.2.1 and with initial brake temperature  $\leq 100^{\circ}$ C, make three brake applications from each of the following speeds:
  - a) 40 km/h, 80 km/h and 120 km/h (if  $V_{Max} \ge 130$  km/h), for 2 wheelers; and
  - b) 40 km/h, 60 km/h and 80 km/h (if  $V_{Max} \ge 130$  km/h), for 3 wheelers.
- **G-1.2.2.2.3** Average the results for each group of three applications and plot speed against corresponding mean fully developed deceleration.
- **G-1.2.2.2.4** Mean fully developed decelerations recorded for the higher speeds shall lie within 25 percent of that recorded for the lowest speed.

#### **G-1.3 INERTIA DYNAMOMETER TEST**

#### G-1.3.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

For the tests an inertia dynamometer shall be equipped with the vehicle brake in question. The dynamometer shall be instrumented for continuous recording of rotational speed, brake torque, pressure in the brake line and number of rotations after brake application, braking time and brake rotor temperature.

#### **G-1.3.2 Test Conditions**

a) The rotational mass of the dynamometer shall correspond to table below for each vehicle category:

Vehicle Category	Axel proportion of Vehicle Mass 5)				
	Front	Rear			
L1	0.5	0.5			
L2	0.4	0.6			
L3	0.7	0.3			
L4, L5	0.5	0.5			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5)</sup> To be confirmed with OEM/ Brake manufacturers

- b) The initial dynamometer rotational speed shall correspond to the linear vehicle speed as stated in G-1.3.3.1.1, G-1.3.3.1.2, G-1.3.3.1.3, G-1.3.3.1.4 and G-1.3.3.1.5 and shall be based on the dynamic rolling radius of the tyre;
- c) Brake linings submitted for test shall be fitted to the relevant brakes and until a fixed burnishing procedure is established, shall be burnished to the manufacturer's instructions on agreement with the certifying agency; and
- d) If cooling air is used, the speed of the airflow at the brake shall be:  $V_{air} = 0.33v$ .

where,

v = vehicle test speed at initiation of braking.

#### G-1.3.3 Tests and Requirements

**G-1.3.3.1** Tests Derived from IS 14664.

**G-1.3.3.1.1** *Burnishing Procedure*: [see Table 2 (Sub-sections **1.0**)]

G-1.3.3.1.2 Dry Stop Test — Single Brake Control Actuated

The test is to be carried out only in the laden condition. Make a minimum of six brake applications at spaced increments of control force or line pressure equivalent to the actuation force.

For test condition, procedure and performance requirements: (see Table 2, sub-sections 2.1)

#### G-1.3.3.1.3 High Speed Test

- a) The test is applicable to vehicle categories 3-3, 3-4 and 3-5; and
- b) Test is not required for vehicles with  $V_{max} \le 125$  km/h.

For test condition, procedure and performance requirements: (see Table 2, sub-sections 2.2)

#### **G-1.3.3.1.4** *Heat Fade test*

The test is applicable to vehicle categories 3-3, 3-4 and 3-5. The test is to be carried out only in the laden condition For test condition, procedure and performance requirements: (*see* Table 2, sub-sections **3.1**, **3.2** and **3.3**)

#### **G-1.3.3.1.5** *Dry stop Test with wet brakes*:

Not applicable to drum brakes or fully enclosed disc brakes.

For test condition, procedure and performance requirements: (see Table 2, sub-sections 4.1 and 4.2)

Table 2 Test Condition, Procedure and Performance Requirement (Clause G-1.3.3)

SI		Sub	Sub			IBT		Brake Pro		No of Stops	Performance Requirement	
No.	Section	Section	Section no.	Test S	Speed			Front Brakes (Equivalent control force)		Rear Brakes (Equivalent foot control force)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
i)	Burnish	NA	1.0	Initial spee or 0.8 <i>V<sub>max</sub></i> , whichever Final speed		≤ 100 °C	For vehicle categories 3-3, 3-4 and 3.5 For vehicle categories 3-1 and 3-2	Line Pressure Equivalent to 3.0-3.5 m/s <sup>2</sup> Line Pressure Equivalent to 1.5-2.0 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Line Equivalent 2.0 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Pressure to 1.5-	100	80 percent contact after burnish or as per manufacturer recommendation
ii)	Type P- Engine Disconnected	Normal Speed	2.1	Vehicle Categories 3-1,3-2	40 km/h or 0.9 $V_{Max}$ , whichever is lower	60 km/h or 0.9 V <sub>Max</sub> , whichever is lower	Line Equivalent	Pressure ≤ 200 N	For vehicle categories 3-1, 3-2, 3-3 and 3-4	≤ 350 N	6	<ul> <li>i) 3-1 Front - ≥ 3.4 m/s2; Rear - ≥ 2.7 m/s2;</li> <li>ii) 3-2 - Front - ≥ 2.7 m/s2; Rear - ≥ 2.7 m/s2;</li> <li>iii) 3-3 - Front - ≥ 4.4 m/s2; Rear - ≥ 2.9 m/s2; and</li> <li>iv) 3-4 - Front - ≥ 3.6 m/s2; Rear - ≥ 3.6 m/s2 v) 3-5 Not applicable</li> </ul>

v)				Vehicle Categories 3-3,3-4 and 3-5	60 km/h or 0.9 VMax , whichever is lower			For vehicle categories 3-5	≤ 500 N		
vi)		High Speed <sup>6)</sup>	2.2	For vehicles with VMax > 125 km/h and < 200 km/h	0.8 V <sub>Max</sub>	≥ 55°C and ≤100 °C	(see sub-section 2.1)		6	The MFDD shall be $\geq 5.8 \text{ m/s}^2$	
vii)				For vehicles with VMax ≥ 200 km/h	160 km/h	≥ 55°C and ≤100 °C			≥ 3.6 m/s		
viii)		Base line	3.1	(see sub-sec	(see sub-section 2.1)		(see sub-sect	tion <b>2.1</b> )		6	<ul> <li>i) 3-3 - Front -         ≥ 4.4 m/s2;         Rear - ≥ 2.9         m/s²</li> <li>ii) 3-4 - Front -         ≥ 3.6 m/s2;         Rear - ≥ 3.6         m/s²</li> <li>iii) 3-5 Not         applicable</li> </ul>
iv)	Type F	Heating Procedure	3.2	Front	100 km/h or 0.7 $V_{Max}$ whichever is the lower 80 km/h or 0.7 VMax whichever is lower	First Stop- ≥ 55°C and ≤ 100 °C; 9 stops - 1000 m	Line Pressure Equivalent	to 3.0 - 3.5	m/s2	10	NA

v)		Hot Stop	3.3	(see sub-section 2.1)	≥ 55°C and ≤ 100 °C	(see sub-section 2.1)		6	The MFDD = 60 per cent of the MFDD recorded in the Baseline
vi)	Type P - Wet	Base line (Dry stop test)	4.1	(see sub-section 2.1)	≥ 55°C and ≤100°C	Line Pressure Equivalent to 2.5 - 3.0 r	m/s²	3	i) ≥ 60 percent of the average deceleration values recorded in the baseline test - period 0.5 to 1.0 s after the point of actuation of the brake contro
vii)	brake Test	Wet brake stop <sup>7)</sup>	4.2		> 500 m	Line Pressure Equivalent to 2.5 - 3.0 m/s2	3		ii) ≤ 120 percent of the average deceleration values recorded in the baseline test - during the complete stop but excluding the final 0.5 s

<sup>6)</sup> High speed test is not required for vehicles with  $V_{max} \le 125$  km/h
7) Wet brake stop - Water spray Amount (15 l/h) the brake(s) being continuously sprayed with water while the test is conducted in order to measure the brakes' performance in wet conditions.

### G-2 CRITERIA TO DEFINE GROUPS OF BRAKE LINING ASSEMBLY FOR VEHICLES OF CATEGORY $\boldsymbol{L}$

#### G-2.1 Grouping criteria

The grouping is made according to the following approach:

- (a) According to the individual friction material of the brake lining; and
- (b) Depending on the area of the friction material area of the brake lining assembly operated by the piston/pistons of only one side of the brake caliper or, in case of drum brakes, of only one brake shoe Friction material area means all the area enclosed within the perimeter of the brake lining (see the red cross-hatched area, Figure 1, Figure 2), thus excluding the presence of any grooves and/or chamfers:

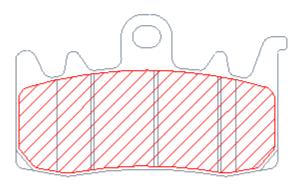




Fig. 1 frictional material area of disc brake

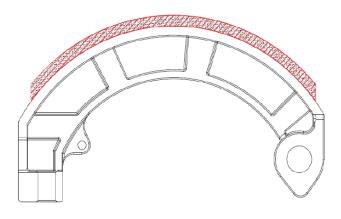




FIG. 2 FRICTIONAL MATERIAL AREA OF DRUM BRAKE

Table 3: 3 Area Groups (For brake pads)

(Clause G-2.2)

Sl No.	Group	Brake lining area [cm <sup>2</sup> ]
(1)	(2)	(3)
i)	A	≤ 15
ii)	В	> 15 ≤ 22
iii)	С	> 22

Table 4: 3 Area Groups (For brake shoes)

(Clause G-2.2)

Sl No.	Group	Brake lining area [cm <sup>2</sup> ]
(1)	(2)	(3)
i)	A	≤ 21
ii)	В	> 21 ≤54
iii)	С	> 54

**G-2.2** Procedure for selection of the brake lining assembly representative of the group to be approved The brake lining assembly to be approved is defined, according to the following criteria:

- a) Choice of friction material to be approved;
- b) Verification of the applications where the chosen friction material is applied;
- c) Definition of the area of the selected brake lining assemblies according to Table 3 and Table 4, and classification into groups A-B-C;
- d) For each group, selection of the most severe application, according to the highest value of the index Ep (kinetic energy by brake lining area), as follows:

$$E_P = 1/2 \times m \times p \times (V \times c)^2 / (S \times q_p)$$

where:

 $E_p$  = kinetic energy index [kJ/cm2]

m =gross vehicle weight of the vehicle [kg]

p = allocation percentage of the vehicle weight:

- a) for front braking system:
- 1) 75 per cent in case of 1 brake disc;
- 2) 37.5 per cent in case of 2 brake discs.
- b) for rear braking system:
- 1) 50%

V = vehicle maximum speed [m/s]

c = correction coefficient of speed:

- c) for front braking system = 0.8
- d) for rear braking system: variable according to the brake disc diameter:
- 1)  $0.5 \text{ for } \emptyset \le 245 \text{ [mm]}$
- 2)  $0.6 \text{ per } \emptyset > 245 < 280 \text{ [mm]}$
- 3)  $0.75 \text{ per } \emptyset \ge 280 \text{ [mm]}$

S =brake lining area as defined in Table 3 [cm<sup>2</sup>].

 $q_p$  = number of pads in 1 caliper

#### G-2.3 Extension of the homologation for new application

Doc TED 04 (25616) WC IS 17132: XXXX May 2024

For new application that will be included into an existing group, an increase of 10 per cent Max kinetic energy index (Ep = kinetic energy  $[kJ/cm^2]$ ) is allowed with reference to the value used for the approval of the brake lining assembly of the reference group.

#### ANNEX H

(Clause 4.6.1)

#### DETERMINATION OF FRICTION BEHAVIOUR BY MACHINE TESTING

#### **H-1 INTRODUCTION**

- **H-1.1** Samples of a replacement brake lining assembly type shall be tested on a machine capable of generating the test conditions and applying the test procedures described in this Annex.
- H-1.2 Test results shall be evaluated to determine sample friction behaviour.
- **H-1.3** The friction behavior of samples shall be compared to assess conformity with the standard registered for a replacement brake lining assembly type.
- **H-2** Replacement Brake Lining Assemblies For Vehicles of  $M_1$ ,  $M_2$ ,  $T_1$ ,  $T_2$ , Two And Three Wheeled Vehicle Categories

#### H-2.1 Equipment

- **H-2.1.1** The machine shall be designed to accept and operate a full size brake similar to those fitted to the vehicle axle used for approval testing as per **5**.
- **H-2.1.2** The disc or drum rotational speed shall be  $[660 \pm 10 \text{ min}^{-1}]^{-8}$  without load and shall not fall below 600 min<sup>-1</sup> on full load.

- H-2.1.3 The test cycles and brake applications during the cycles to be adjustable and automatic.
- H-2.1.4 Output torque or brake pressure (constant torque method) and working surface temperature shall be recorded.
- **H-2.1.5** Provision shall be made to direct cooling air across the brake at a rate of  $600 \pm 60 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$ .

#### H-2.2 Test Procedure

#### H-2.2.1 Sample Preparation

The manufacturer's bedding schedule shall ensure a minimum of 80 percent surface contact area for pad assemblies without exceeding a surface temperature of 300°C and 70 percent surface contact area for leading shoe assemblies without exceeding a surface temperature of 200°C.

#### H-2.2.2 Test Schedule

The test schedule comprises a number of consecutive braking cycles each containing X braking intervals of 5 s brake applied followed by 10 s brake released.

The following two methods may be used alternatively:

H-2.2.2.1 Test schedule with constant pressure

#### H-2.2.2.1.1 Pad assemblies

The hydraulic pressure p under the piston(s) of the calliper shall be constant following the formula:

$$\begin{split} P_1 &= \frac{M_d}{0.57 \times R_w \times A_K} \\ M_d &= 150 \ N_m \ \text{for} \ A_K < 18.1 \ \text{cm}^2 \\ M_d &= 300 \ N_m \text{for} \ A_K > 18.1 \ \text{cm}^2 \end{split}$$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8)</sup> In case of vehicles of  $L_1$  and  $L_2$ , a lower test speed may be used.

 $A_K$  = area of calliper piston(s)  $R_W$  = effective radius of disc

No. of Cycle	Number of Brake Applications X	Initial Brake Rotor Temperature (°C)	Max. Brake Rotor Temperature (°C)	Forced Cooling
1	1×10	< 60	Open	No
2-6	5×10	100	open (350) <sup>9)</sup>	No
7	1×10	100	open	Yes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9)</sup> In the case of vehicles of category L, the temperature shall be limited to 350°C. If necessary, the number of applications per cycle must be reduced accordingly. However, in this case, the number of cycles shall be increased to keep the total number of applications constant.

#### **H-2.2.2.1.2** *Shoe assemblies*

The mean contact pressure at the brake lining working surface shall be constant at  $22 \pm 6$  N/cm<sup>2</sup> calculated for a static brake without self-energizing

No. of Cycle	Number of Brake Applications X	Initial Brake Rotor Temperature (°C)	Max. Brake Rotor Temperature (°C)	Forced Cooling
1	1×10	< 60	200	Yes
2	1×10	100	open	No
3	1×10	100	200	Yes
4	1×10	100	Open	No

#### H-2.2.2.2 Test schedule with constant torque

This method applies only for pad assemblies. The brake torque shall be constant within a tolerance of  $\pm$  5 percent and adjusted to guarantee the maximum brake rotor temperatures given in the Table 5.

#### H-2.3 Evaluation of Test Results

Friction behaviour is determined from the brake torque noted at selected points in a test schedule. Where brake factor is constant, for example, a disc brake, brake torque may be translated to coefficient of friction.

#### H-2.3.1 Pad Assemblies

- **H-2.3.1.1** The operational coefficient of friction  $(\mu_{op})$  is the mean of the values recorded during cycles two to seven (constant pressure method) or during cycles 2-4, 6-9 and 11-13 (constant torque method); measurement being made one second after commencing the first brake application of each cycle.
- **H-2.3.1.2** The maximum coefficient of friction ( $\mu_{max}$ ) is the highest value recorded during all cycles.
- **H-2.3.1.3** The minimum coefficient of friction  $(\mu_{min})$  is the lowest value recorded during all cycles

#### H-2.3.2 Shoe Assemblies

- **H-2.3.2.1** The mean torque  $(M_{mean})$  is the average of the maximum and minimum values of brake torque recorded during the fifth brake application of cycles one and three.
- **H-2.3.2.2** The hot torque  $(M_{hot})$  is the minimum brake torque developed during cycles two and four. If the temperature exceeds 300°C during these cycles the value at 300°C is to be taken as  $(M_{hot})$

#### H-2.4 Acceptance Criteria

- H-2.4.1 With each application for approval of a brake lining assembly type there shall be submitted:
- **H-2.4.1.1** For pad assemblies, values for  $\mu_{op}$ ,  $\mu_{min}$ ,  $\mu_{max}$ .
- **H-2.4.1.2** For shoe assemblies, values for  $M_{mean}$  and  $M_{hot}$ .
- **H-2.4.2** During production of an approved brake lining assembly type, test samples must demonstrate compliance with the values registered under paragraph

#### **H-2.4.1** with the following tolerances:

a) For disc brake pads

 $\mu_{op} \pm 15$  percent of registered value

 $\mu_{min}$  > registered value

 $\mu_{max}$  < registered value

b) For simplex drum brake linings:

 $M_{mean} \pm 20$  percent of registered value

 $M_{hot}$  > registered value

## H-3 BRAKE LINING ASSEMBLIES AND DRUM BRAKE LININGS FOR VEHICLES OF CATEGORIES $M_3, N_2, N_3, T_3$ AND $T_4$

#### H-3.1 Equipment

**H-3.1.1** The machine shall be equipped with a disc brake of the fixed calliper type with a cylinder diameter of 60 mm and a solid (not ventilated) disc having a diameter of  $278 \pm 2$  mm and a thickness of  $12 \text{ mm} \pm 0.5$  mm. A rectangular piece of the friction material with an area of  $44 \text{ cm}^2 \pm 0.5 \text{ cm}^2$  and a thickness of at least 6 mm shall be attached to the backing plate.

**H-3.1.2** The disc rotational speed shall be  $660 \pm 10 \text{ min}^{-1}$  without load and shall not fall below 600 min<sup>-1</sup> on full load.

**Table 5 Brake Rotor Temperatures** (*Clause* H-2.2.2.2)

S.No	No. of Cycle	Number of Brake	Initial Brake Rotor	Max. Brake Rotor Temperature (°C)	Forced Cooling		
		Applications X	Temperature				
			(°C)				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
i)	1	1×5	< 60	200-350 (200-250) 10)	No		
ii)	2-4	3×5	100	200-350 (200-250)	No		
iii)	5	1×10	100	200-350 (200-250)	No		
iv)	6-9	4×5	100	200-350 (200-250)	No		
v)	10	1×10	100	200-350 (200-250)	No		
vi)	11-13	3×5	100	200-350 (200-250)	No		
vii)	14	1×5	< 60	200-350 (200-250)	No		
10) V	<sup>10)</sup> Values in brackets are for two and three wheeled vehicle categories.						

- **H-3.1.3** The mean contact pressure at the brake lining working surface shall be constant at 75 N/cm<sup>2</sup>  $\pm$  10 N/cm<sup>2</sup>.
- H-3.1.4 The test cycles and brake applications during the cycles to be adjustable and automatic.
- H-3.1.5 Output torque and working surface temperature shall be recorded.
- H-3.1.6 Provisions shall be made to direct cooling air across the brake at a rate of

#### H-3.2 Test Procedure

#### H-3.2.1 Sample Preparation

The manufacturer's bedding procedure shall ensure a minimum of 80percent surface contact area without exceeding a surface temperature of 200°C

#### H-3.2.2 Test Schedule

The test procedure comprises a number of consecutive braking cycles each containing a number of X braking intervals of 5 s brake applied followed by 10 s brake released. (see Table 6)

**Table 6 Consecutive Braking Cycles** (*Clause* H-3.2.2)

Sl. No	No. of Cycle	Number of Brake Applications X	Initial Brake Rotor Temperature	Forced Cooling
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
i)	1	5	100	Yes
ii)	2	5	Increasing≤200	No
iii)	3	5	200	No
iv)	4	5	Increasing≤300	No
v)	5	5	300	No
vi)	6	3	250	Yes
vii)	7	3	200	Yes
viii)	8	3	150	Yes
ix)	9	10	100	Yes
x)	10	5	Increasing≤300	No
xi)	11	5	300	No

#### H-3.3 Evaluation of Test Results

Friction behaviour is determined from the brake torque noted in selected cycles of the test schedule. Brake torque shall be translated to coefficient of friction  $\mu$ .

The  $\mu$ -value of each brake application shall be determined as the mean value of the 5 s brake applied.

- **H-3.3.1** The operational coefficient of friction  $\mu_{op1}$  is the mean value of  $\mu$  recorded for the brake applications in cycles 1 and  $\mu_{op2}$  is the mean value of  $\mu$  recorded for the brake applications cycle 9.
- **H-3.3.2** The maximum coefficient of friction  $\mu_{max}$  is the highest value of  $\mu$  recorded in an applications during cycles 1 to 11 inclusive.
- **H-3.3.3** The minimum coefficient of friction  $\mu_{min}$  is the lowest value of  $\mu$  recorded in an application during cycles to 11 inclusive.

#### H-3.4 Acceptance Criteria

- **H-3.4.1** With each application for approval of a replacement brake lining assembly type or a replacement drum brake lining type, there shall be submitted values for  $\mu_{op1}$ ,  $\mu_{op2}$ ,  $\mu_{min}$  and  $\mu_{max}$ .
- **H-3.4.2** During production of an approved replacement brake lining assembly type or replacement drum brake lining type, test samples must demonstrate compliance with the values registered under **H-3.4.1** within the following tolerances:

 $\mu_{op1}$ ,  $\mu_{op2}$ ,  $\pm$  15 percent of the registered value.

Doc TED 04 (25616) WC IS 17132: XXXX May 2024

 $\mu_{min}$  > registered value.  $\mu_{max}$  < registered value.

### ANNEX J (Clause 1.2)

# TECHNICAL PRESCRIPTIONS FOR REPLACEMENT BRAKE LINING ASSEMBLIES INTENDED FOR THE USE IN SEPARATE PARKING BRAKE SYSTEMS BEING INDEPENDENT OF THE VEHICLE SERVICE BRAKE SYSTEM

#### J-1 Compliance with IS 11852 or IS 15986

Compliance with the requirements of IS 11852 or IS 15986 shall be demonstrated in a vehicle test.

#### J-1.1 Vehicle test

A vehicle which is representative of the type(s) for which the replacement brake lining assembly approval is required shall be equipped with the replacement brake lining assemblies of the type for which approval is requested and instrumented for brake testing as required by IS 11852 or IS 15986 whichever is appropriate. The vehicle shall be fully laden. Brake linings submitted for test shall be fitted to the relevant brakes and, shall not be burnished.

**J-1.2** The parking braking system of the vehicle shall be tested according to all relevant requirements in IS 11852 or IS 15986, whichever is appropriate taking into consideration the original approval of the system.

#### ANNEX K

### MODIFICATIONS AND EXTENSION OF TYPE APPROVAL OF THE REPLACEMENT BRAKE LINING ASSEMBLY OR THE REPLACEMENT BRAKE LINING

**K-1** Every modification of replacement brake lining assembly type or replacement drum brake lining type shall be notified to the testing agency which granted the type approval. The test agency may then either:

Consider that the modifications made are unlikely to have appreciable adverse effects and that in any event the brake lining assembly or drum brake lining still complies with the requirements: or require a further test report from the test agency responsible for conducting the tests.

### ANNEX L (Clause 4.6)

#### CONFORMITY OF PRODUCTION

- **L-1** Replacement brake lining assemblies or replacement drum brake lining assemblies approved to this standard shall be so manufactured as to conform to the type approved.
- **L-2** Original brake lining assemblies or original drum brake linings being the subject of an application under **4.2** are deemed to satisfy the requirements of **Annex L**.
- **L-3** To verify the requirements of **L-1** are met suitable controls of the production shall be applied. These shall encompass the mechanical properties of the brake lining /drum brake lining stated in this standard.
- **L-4** The holder of an approval shall in particular.
- **L-4.1** Ensure that for each brake lining assembly type or replacement drum brake lining type, at least the relevant tests prescribed in paragraph 4.3 and the friction behavior tests described in Annex H are carried out on a statistically controlled and random basis in accordance with a regular quality assurance procedure.
- L-4.2 Ensure existence of procedures for effective control of the quality of the products.
- L-4.3 Have access to the control equipment necessary for checking the conformity each approved type.
- **L-4.4** Analyse the results of each type of test in order to verify and ensure the consistency of the product characteristics, making allowance for variation of an industrial production.
- **L-4.5** Ensure that date data of test results are recorded and that Annexed documents remain available for a period to be determined in agreement with certifying agency.
- **L-4.6** Ensure that any samples or test pieces giving evidence of non-conformity with the type of the test considered shall give rise to another sapling and another test. All the necessary steps shall be taken to re-establish the conformity of the corresponding production.
- **L-5** The competent authority which has granted the type approval may at any time verify the conformity controls methods applicable to each production unit.
- **L-5.1** In every inspection, the test books and production survey records shall be presented to the visiting inspector.
- **L-5.2** The inspector may take samples at random to be tested in manufacturer's laboratory. The minimum number of samples may be determined according to the results of the manufacturer's own verification.
- **L-5.3** When the quality level appears unsatisfactory or when it seems necessary to verify the validity of the tests carried out in application of **L-5.2**, the inspector shall select samples to be sent to the certifying agency which has conducted the type approval tests.
- L-5.4 The testing agency may carry out any tests prescribed in this standard.
- **L-5.5** The normal frequency of inspections may be preferably once in two years. In case where negative results are recorded during any of these visits, the certifying agency shall ensure that all necessary steps are taken to reestablish the conformity of production as rapidly as possible.

#### ANNEX M

(Foreword)

#### **COMMITTEE COMPOSITION**

Automotive Braking Systems, Vehicle Testing, Steering and performance Evaluation Sectional Committee, TED 04

Will be added later