BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

DRAFT FOR COMMENTS ONLY

(Not to be reproduced without the permission of BIS or used as an Indian Standard)

भारतीय मानक मसौदा

गेहूं के आटे से बनी लोई की भौतिक विशेषताएँ ज्ञात करने के लिए परीक्षण पद्धति

भाग 2 एक्सटेन्सोग्राफ का उपयोग करते ह्ए रियोलॉजिकल गुण

[आइ एस 12516 (भाग 2) का तीसरा पुनरीक्षण]

Draft Indian Standard

Methods of Test for Determination of Physical Characteristics of Doughs Made from Wheat Flour

Part 2 Rheological properties using an extensograph

[Third Revision of IS 12516 (Part 2)]

(Adoption of ISO/FDIS 5530-1:2021)

ICS 67.060

Ready-to-eat foods and Specialized Products Sectional Committee, FAD 24 Last Date of Comments – **9 June 2023**

NATIONAL FOREWORD

(Adoption clause will be added later)

This Indian Standard was first published in 1988 as an identical adoption of ISO 5530-2: 1988 'Wheat flour — Physical characteristics of doughs — Part 2: Determination of rheological properties using an extensograph' under dual numbering. This standard was revised in 1999 and 2017 to align with the subsequent versions of ISO standard. This revision is being undertaken to align the standard with the latest version of ISO 5530-2, that is, ISO/FDIS 5530-2:2021, and is an identical adoption of ISO Standard.

This standard is published in parts and are identical adoption of the corresponding parts of ISO 5530. Other parts are:

Part 1 Determination of water absorption and rheological properties using a farinograph; and Part 3 Determination of water absorption and rheological properties using a valorigraph

The text of ISO Standard has been approved as suitable for publication as an Indian Standard without deviations. Certain conventions are, however, not identical to those used in Indian Standards. Attention is particularly drawn to the following:

- a) Wherever the words 'International Standard' appear referring to this standard, they should be read as 'Indian Standard'.
- b) Comma (,) has been used as a decimal marker while in Indian Standards, the current practice is to use a point (.) as the decimal marker.

In this adopted standard, reference appears to certain International Standards for which Indian Standards also exist. The corresponding Indian Standards, which are to be substituted in their places, are listed below along with their degree of equivalence for the editions indicated:

International Standard	Corresponding Indian Standard	Degree of Equivalence
products — Determination of	IS 4333 (Part 2): 2016 Methods of analysis for food grains: Part 2 Determination of moisture content (second revision)	Identical with ISO 712 : 2009
Physical characteristics of doughs — Part 1: Determination of water	Doc: FAD 24 (22211)WC Methods of test for determination of physical characteristics of doughs made from wheat flour part 1 water absorption and rheological properties using a farinograph (second revision)	

The technical committee has reviewed the provisions of the following International Standard referred in this adopted standard and has decided that it is acceptable for use in conjunction with this standard:

International Standard Title

ISO 3696 Water for analytical laboratory use — Specification and test methods

In reporting the result of a test or analysis made in accordance with this standard, if the final value, observed or calculated, is to be rounded off, it shall be done in accordance with IS 2: 2022 'Rules for rounding off numerical values (second revision)'.

'FOR COMPLETE TEXT OF THE DOCUMENT, KINDLY REFER ISO/FDIS 5530-2:2021'.

NOTE: The technical content of the document has not been enclosed as these are identical with the corresponding ISO Standard. For obtaining the hard copy of the complete ISO Standard, please contact:

Scientist 'E' and Head Food and Agriculture Department Bureau of Indian Standards Manak Bhavan, 9, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg New Delhi-110002 Telefax: 011-23231128

Email: fad@bis.gov.in, fad16@bis.gov.in