

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

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भारतीय मानक मसौदा
जालीदार काँच खंड और पाइप ताप रोधन
— विशिष्टि

(IS 11307 का पहला पुनरीक्षण)

Draft Indian Standard

**Cellular Glass Block and
Pipe Thermal Insulation — Specification**

(First Revision of IS 11307)

(ICS 91.100.60)

Thermal Insulation Sectional Committee, CHD 27

Last Date for Comments: **31 July 2024**

Thermal Insulation Sectional Committee, CHD 27

NATIONAL FOREWORD

(Formal clauses will be added later)

This standard was originally published in 1985. The committee responsible for formulating this standard has decided to revise the standard by adopting “ISO 24285: 2022 Thermal insulation for building equipment and industrial installations — Cellular glass products” on dual number basis. This standard specifies the requirements and test methods for factory-made cellular glass products, which are used for thermal insulation of building equipment and industrial installations, with an operating temperature range of approximately $-265\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+430\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

The text of ISO Standard has been approved as suitable for publication as an Indian Standard without deviations. Certain conventions are, however, not identical to those used in Indian Standards. Attention is particularly drawn to the following:

- Wherever the words ‘International Standard’ appears referring to this standard, they should be read as ‘Indian Standard’.

- b) Comma (,) has been used as a decimal marker, while in Indian Standards, the current practice is to use a point (.) as the decimal marker.

In this adopted standard, the reference appears to certain International Standards for which Indian Standards also exist. The corresponding Indian Standards, which are to be substituted in their respective places, are listed below along with their degree of equivalence for the editions indicated:

| <i>International Standards/ documents</i> | <i>Corresponding Indian Standard</i> | <i>Degree of Equivalence</i> |
|--|--|------------------------------|
| ISO 1716 — Reaction to fire tests for products — Determination of the gross heat of combustion (calorific value) | IS/ISO 1716 : 2018 — Reaction to fire tests for products — Determination of the gross heat of combustion (calorific value) | Identical |
| ISO 8497 — Thermal insulation — Determination of steady-state thermal transmission properties of thermal insulation for circular pipes | CHD/27/24920 — Thermal insulation — Determination of steady-state thermal transmission properties of thermal insulation for circular pipes | Identical |
| ISO 11925-2 — Reaction to fire tests — Ignitability of products subjected to direct impingement of flame — Part 2 : Single-flame source test | IS/ISO 11925-2 : 2020 — Reaction to fire tests — Ignitability of products subjected to direct impingement of flame — Part 2 : Single-flame source test | Identical |

The technical committee has reviewed the provisions of the following International Standards referred in this adopted standard and has decided that they are acceptable for use in conjunction with this Standard:

| <i>International Standards/ documents</i> | <i>Title</i> |
|---|---|
| ISO 1182 | Reaction to fire tests for products — Non-combustibility test |
| ISO 8301 | Thermal insulation — Determination of steady- state thermal resistance and related properties — Heat flow meter apparatus |
| ISO 8302 | Thermal insulation — Determination of steady- state thermal resistance and related properties — Guarded hot plate apparatus |
| ISO 9229 | Thermal insulation —Vocabulary |
| ISO 12570 | Hygrothermal performance of building materials and products — Determination of moisture content by drying at elevated temperature |
| ISO 12572 | Hygrothermal performance of building materials and products — Determination of water vapour transmission properties — Cup method |

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|-----------|--|
| ISO 12624 | Thermal insulating products equipment and industrial installations — Determination of trace quantities of water-soluble chloride, fluoride, silicate, sodium ions and pH |
| ISO 12628 | Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial installations — Determination of dimensions, squareness and linearity of preformed pipe insulation |
| ISO 13787 | Thermal insulation products for building equipment and industrial installations — Determination of declared thermal conductivity |
| ISO 16535 | Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of long-term water absorption by immersion |
| ISO 18096 | Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial installations — Determination of maximum service temperature for preformed pipe insulation |
| ISO 18097 | Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial installations — Determination of maximum service temperature |
| ISO 29465 | Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of length and width |
| ISO 29466 | Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of thickness |
| ISO 29467 | Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of squareness |
| ISO 29468 | Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of flatness |
| ISO 29469 | Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of compression behaviour |
| ISO 29472 | Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of dimension stability under specified temperature and humidity conditions |
| ISO 29771 | Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of organic content |
| EN 12089 | Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of bending behaviour |

In this adopted standard, reference appears to certain International Standards/documents where the standard atmospheric conditions to be observed are stipulated which are not applicable to tropical/subtropical countries. The applicable standard atmospheric conditions for Indian conditions are (27 ± 2) °C and (65 ± 5) percent relative humidity and shall be observed while using this standard.

The standard also makes a reference to the BIS certification marking of the product. Detail of which are given in Annex A.

For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated, expressing the result of a test or analysis, shall be rounded off in accordance with IS 2: 2022 'Rules for rounding off numerical values (*second revision*)'. The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value should be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

National Annex A

(*National Foreword*)

A-1 BIS CERTIFICATION MARKING

The product may also be marked with the Standard Mark.

A-1.1 The use of the Standard Mark is governed by the provisions of the *Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 2016* and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder. The details of the conditions under which the licence for use of the Standard Mark may be granted to manufacturers or producers may be obtained from the Bureau of Indian Standards.