

(PREVIEW)

IS : 3620- 1979

Indian Standard

**SPECIFICATION FOR
LATERITE STONE BLOCK FOR MASONRY**

(First Revision)

FOREWORD

0.1 This Indian Standard (First Revision) was adopted by the Indian Standards Institution on 17 December 1979, after the draft finalized by the Stones Sectional Committee had been approved by the Civil Engineering Division Council.

0.2 The laterites occur in Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Maharashtra, Karnataka, Assam, Goa, Meghalaya and Orissa and is mainly used as building blocks for construction of masonry in building. The term laterite stone has been applied generally to a group of rocks, which occur as surficial blankets. It is the residual weathering products of certain rocks containing silicates, such as basalt, granite and slate.

1. SCOPE

1.1 This standard lays down the requirements for dimensions, physical properties, and workmanship of rectangular blocks made from laterite stone, used in the construction of walls and partitions.