**IS 892 : 2024**

**Doc.No: TXD 08 (24032)**

***भारतीय मानक***

**वस्त्रादि — हथकरघा ऊनी कंबल, प्राकृतिक ग्रे/भूरा — विशिष्टि**

*( तीसरा पुनरीक्षण )*

*Indian Standard*

**Textiles** — **Handloom Wool Blankets, Natural Grey/ Brown** — **Specification**

*( Third Revision )*

ICS 59.080.30

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**B U R E A U OF I N D I A N S T A N D A R D S**

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**August 2024 Price Group**

Handloom and Khadi Sectional Committee, TXD 08

FOREWORD

This Indian Standard (Third Revision) was adopted by the Bureau of Indian Standards, after the draft finalized by the Handloom and Khadi Sectional Committee had been approved by the Textiles Division Council.

This standard was originally published in 1957 and subsequently revised in 1972, and 1980. This revision has been brought out to standard has again been revised to incorporate the following changes:

1. Tolerances for breaking load has been incorporated;
2. Marking clause has been modified;
3. References to Indian Standards have been updated;
4. *p*H value of aqueous extract has been incorporated; and
5. Sampling plan has been updated.

The composition of the Committee responsible for the formulation of this standard is given in Annex C.

For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated, expressing the result of a test or analysis, shall be rounded off in accordance with IS 2 : 2022 ‘Rules for rounding off numerical values (*second revision*)’. The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value should be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

*Indian Standard*

TEXTILES — HANDLOOM WOOL BLANKETS, NATURAL GREY/BROWN — SPECIFICATION

*( Third Revision )*

**1 SCOPE**

**1.1** This standard prescribes constructional particulars and other requirements for two varieties of handloom wool blankets, namely, barrack blankets, natural grey in shade and hospital blankets, natural brown in shade.

**1.2** This standard does not specify general appearance and feel of the blankets (*see* **4.3**).

**2 REFERENCES**

The standards listed in Annex A contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision and parties to agreements based on this standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of these standards.

**3 MANUFACTURE**

**3.1 Yarn**

The yarn shall be spun on woollen system. Yarn for Type A blankets shall be manufactured from 100 percent wool having average fibre fineness of up to 41 microns, while that for Type B blankets shall be made from a blend of a minimum of 90 percent wool, having average fineness of up to 41 microns, and a maximum of 10 percent viscose rayon or nylon (*see* Note in Table 2).

**3.2 Blankets**

The blankets shall be properly washed and shall be free from grease, soap, filling or any other admixture which would give fictitious mass or firmness.

**3.2.1** The blankets shall be milled and given a raised finish.

**3.2.2** The hospital blankets shall have white borders, 5 cm wide, running along the length of the blankets, woven at a distance of 10 cm from each edge.

**3.2.3** The blankets shall be rendered mothproof with dichloro-diphenyl-trichloro ethane (DDT), or otherwise heavily preserved with naphthalene.

NOTE — The manufacturer shall declare whether the blanket have been rendered mothproof or not.

**3.2.4** The blankets when visually examined, both against light and on a flat surface shall not have more than one objectionable flaw per blanket. The objectionable flaws shall be those which immediately strike the eyes of the person examining the blankets and shall be deemed to include:

a) missing ends and picks;

b) floats;

c) cuts and holes;

d) stains;

e) weft bars and warp section marks; and

f) big slubs and knots.

Reference may be madeto IS 14466 for details of the flaws.

**4 REQUIREMENTS**

**4.1** The constructional particulars of the blankets shall be as given in Table 1.

**Table 1 Constructional Particulars of Handloom Wool Blankets, Natural Grey/Brown**

(*Clause* 4.1)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Sl No.** | **Ends/**  **dm** | **Picks/**  **dm** | **Mass/**  **m2**  g | **Mass per Blanket**  kg | **Breaking Load on**  **Strips**  **15 cm × 20 cm, *Min***  N (kgf) | | **Length**  cm | **Width**  cm | **Weave** |
| Warp way | Weft way |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
| i) | 80 | 60 | 650 | 2.3 | 950 (97) | 660 (67) | 230 | 152 | 2/2 twill |
| Tolerance | ± 10 percent | ± 10 percent | + 50 g  – 20 g | + 0.02 kg  – 0.05 kg | ± 10 percent | ± 10 percent | ± 2 cm | | — |
| Method of test, Refer to | IS 1963 | | IS 1964 | Annex B | IS 1969 (Part 1) | | IS 1954 | | Visual |
| NOTE — 1 N (Newton) is approximately equal to 0.102 kgf. | | | | | | | | | |

**4.2** The blanket shall also conform to the requirements given in Table 2.

**4.3 Sealed Sample**

If in order to illustrate or specify general appearance, feel, shade, etc, of blankets, a sample has been agreed upon and sealed, the supply shall be in conformity with the sample in such respects**.**

**4.3.1** The custody of the sealed sample shall be a matter of prior agreement between the buyer and the seller.

**Table 2 Other Requirements of Handloom Wool Blankets, Natural Grey/Brown**

(*Clauses* 3.1 *and* 4.2)

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Sl No.** | **Characteristic** | **Requirement** | **Method of Test, Ref to** |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| i) | Relaxation shrinkage, percent, *Max* | 4 | IS 665 |
| ii) | Scouring loss, percent, *Max* | 4 | Annex B |
| iii) | DDT, percent, *Min* | 0.3 | IS 3522 (Part 2) |
| iv) | Wool content | *see* **3.1** | IS 8476 |
| v) | Average wool fabric diameter (*see* Note), *Max* | 44 microns | IS 744 |
| vi) | *p*H value of aqueous extract | 5 to 7.5 | IS 1390 |
| NOTE— The blankets having wool fibres of average diameter up to 44 microns may be accepted, if agreed to between the buyer and the seller, with suitable price deviation. | | | |

**5 SAMPLING**

**5.1 Lot**

The quantity of blankets of the same type, delivered to a buyer against a despatch note, shall constitute a lot.

**5.2** The conformity of the lot shall be determined on the basis of the tests carried out on samples drawn from the lot.

**5.3** Unless otherwise agreed to between the buyer and the seller, the number of blankets selected at random from a lot shall be according to Table 3. To ensure the randomness of selection, methods given in IS 4905 shall be followed.

**Table 3 Sample Size and Criterion for Conformity**

(*Clauses* 5.3 *and* 5.4)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Sl No.** | **Lot Size** | **Sample Size** | **Permissible No. of Non-conforming Blankets** | **Sub Sample Size** |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| i) | Up to 90 | 5 | 0 | 3 |
| ii) | 91 to 150 | 8 | 0 | 3 |
| iii) | 151 to 500 | 13 | 1 | 5 |
| iv) | 501 to 1 200 | 20 | 1 | 5 |
| v) | 1 201 to 10 000 | 32 | 2 | 8 |
| vi) | 10 001 to 35 000 | 50 | 3 | 8 |
| vii) | 35 001 to 500 000 | 80 | 5 | 13 |
| viii) | 500 001 and above | 125 | 7 | 13 |

**5.4 Number of Tests and Criterion for Conformity**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Sl No.* | *Characteristic*(*s*) | *No. of Tests* | *Criterion for Conformity* |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| i) | Visual examination, ends, picks, mass per blanket, length and width | According to co1 (3) of  Table 3 | Permissible number of non-conforming blankets does not exceed the corresponding number given in co1 (4) of Table 3 |
| ii) | Mass per square metre, breaking load, relaxation shrinkage, scouring loss, DDT percent, wool content and wool fibre diameter | According to co1 (5) of  Table 3 | All the test specimens meet the relevant requirements |

**6 MARKING**

**6.1** The blankets shall be marked with the following:

a) Name of the material, with type (*see* **3.1**);

b) Manufacturer’s name, initials or trade-mark, if any;

c) Month and year of manufacture;

d) Length and width of the blankets;

e) Indication of the source of manufacture; and

f) Other declarations required as per law in force.

**6.2 BIS Certification Marking**

The product conforming to the requirements of this standard may be certified as per the conformity assessment schemes under the provisions of the *Bureau of Indian Standards Act*, 2016 and the Rules and Regulations framed thereunder, and the product may be marked with the Standard Mark.

**7 PACKING**

**7.1** The blankets shall be packed in bales in conformity with the procedure laid down in IS 741 or by the method given in **7.2** if specifically required by the buyer.

**7.2** Fifteen blankets of the same variety shall be individually folded and placed one over the other. The folded blankets shall be wrapped in a layer each of polyethylene film, kraft paper and hessian (305 g/m2) in such a way that hessian forms the outermost layer. Each layer shall have an overlap of minimum 10 cm. The outermost layer shall be suitably stitched with jute twine arid the package made secure by means of steel strips or hoops of medium grade. The gross mass of the bale shall normally not exceed 38 kg.

**ANNEX A**

(*Clause* 2)

**LIST OF REFERRED STANDARDS**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *IS No.* | *Title* |
| IS 665 : 1989 | Textiles — Determination of dimensional changes of fabrics containing wool on soaking in water (*first revision*) |
| IS 741 : 1971 | Code for inland packaging of woollen and worsted yarn and cloth (*first revision*) |
| IS 744 : 2000 | Textiles — Methods for determination of wool fibre diameter, percentage of medullated fibres and kemp fibre (*third revision*) |
| IS 1390 : 2022/ ISO 3071 : 2020 | Textiles — Determination of *p*H of aqueous extract (*third revision*) |
| IS 1954 : 2024/ ISO 22198 : 2006 | Textiles — Fabrics — Determination of width and length (*third revision*) |
| IS 1963 : 1981 | Methods for determination of threads per unit length in woven fabrics (*second revision*) |
| IS 1964 : 2001 | Textiles — Methods for determination of mass per unit length and mass per unit area of fabrics (*second revision*) |
| IS 1969 (Part 1) : 2018/ ISO 13934-1 : 2013 | Textiles — Tensile properties of fabrics: Part 1 Determination of maximum force and elongation at maximum force using the strip method (*fourth revision*) |
| IS 3522 (Part 2) : 1989 | Textiles — Estimation of common preservatives: Part 2 (*first revision*) |
| IS 4905 : 2015/ ISO 24153 : 2009 | Random sampling and randomization procedures (*first revision*) |
| IS 8476 : 1977 | Method for determination of wool content in woollen textile materials |
| IS 14466 : 1997/ ISO 8498 : 1990 | Fabrics — Description of defects — Vocabulary |

**ANNEX B**

(*Tables* 1 *and* 2)

**METHODS OF TEST**

**B-1 MASS PER BLANKET**

**B-1.1** Condition all blankets in the test sample to moisture equilibrium in standard atmosphere (65 percent ± 2 percent relative humidity and 27 °C ± 2 °C temperature) for a period of 48 h in such a way as to expose as far as possible all portions of the blankets to the atmosphere.

**B-1.2** Measure the length and width of each blanket, correct to the nearest centimetre and determine the mass and correct to the nearest 10 g. Calculate the mass of the blanket of dimensions specified in Table 1.

**B-2 SCOURING LOSS**

**B-2.1** **Test Specimen**

From each piece in the test sample cut a test specimen square in shape, with sides parallel to warp and weft threads, and weighing approximately 10 g.

**B-2.2 Procedure**

**B-2.2.1** Heat the test specimen to constant mass in a drying oven at 105 °C ± 3 °C and determine its mass accurately.

NOTE— Constant mass shall be deemed to have been reached, if the difference between the two successive weighing at an interval of 20 min is less than 0.05 percent.

**B-2.2.2** Extract the above test specimen with a mixture of benzene and methyl alcohol in the proportion of 3 : 2 in a Soxhlet apparatus for 4 h at the rate of 5 extractions per hour, by placing the specimen in a thimble and covering it with cotton wool previously extracted with the above mixture of benzene and methyl alcohol. Distil off the solvents from the extract. Heat the residue to a constant mass (*see* Note under **B-2.2.1**) at 105 °C ± 3 °C and determine the mass accurately.

**B-2.3 Calculations**

Scouring loss, percent = 100 ×

where

*a* = mass of the dry residue (**B-2.2.2**);

; and

*b* = mass of the test specimen (**B-2.2.1**).

**ANNEX C**

(*Foreword*)

**COMMITTEE COMPOSITION**

Handloom and Khadi Sectional Committee, TXD 08

| *Organization* | *Representative(s)* |
| --- | --- |
| Weavers Service Centre, Delhi | Shri Vishesh Nautiyal (***Chairperson***)  Shri Vikas Kumar (*Alternate*) |
| Center of Excellence for Khadi (COEK) - NIFT, New Delhi | Representative |
| Central Pollution Control Board, New Delhi | Shri P. K. Mishra  Shri Rishabh Srivastav (*Alternate*) |
| CRPF, New Delhi | Shri D. P. Upadhyay  Shri Sanjeev Kumar Singh (*Alternate*) |
| Department of Handlooms & Textiles, Chennai | Representative |
| Fabindia, New Delhi | Representative |
| Flag Foundation of India, New Delhi | Representative |
| Gandhigram Rural Institute, Dindigul | Dr B. Senthil Kumar |
| Haryana Khadi Gramodyog Sangh, Karnal | Shri Pawan Garg  Shri R. S. Yadav (*Alternate*) |
| ICAR – Central Institute for Research on Cotton Technology, Mumbai (CIRCOT) | Dr Sujata Saxena  Dr A. S. M. Raja (*Alternate*) |
| Indian Institute of Handloom Technology (IIHT), Salem | Dr P. Thennarasu |
| Indian Institute of Handloom Technology, Jodhpur | Dr J. Sivagnanam |
| Indian Institute of Handloom Technology, Varanasi | Representative |
| Indian Institute of Technology, Delhi | Representative |
| Indo Tibetan Border Police, New Delhi | Shri Uttam Kumar  Shri Anand Kumar (*Alternate*) |
| Jan Sewa Ashram, Aligarh | Shri R. K. Sharma  Shri Akhilesh Kumar Awasthi (*Alternate*) |
| Karnatka Khadi Gramodyog Samyuktha Sangha, Hubli | Shri K. V. Pattar  Shri Shivananda S. Mathapati (*Alternate*) |
| Khadi and Village Industries Commission, Mumbai | Representative |
| Khadi Dyers & Printers, Mumbai | Shri D. N. Bhatt  Shri V. D. Joshi (*Alternate*) |
| Khadi Gramodyog Mandal, Rampur | Shri Rakesh Chaudhary  Shri Prince Chaudhary (*Alternate*) |
| Kshetriya Khadi Gramodyog Samiti, Dausa | Shri R. K. Singh |
| Madhya Bharat Khadi Sangh, Gwalior | Shrimati Neelu Mekle  Shri Harish Mekle (*Alternate*) |
| Mahatma Gandhi Institute for Rural Industrialization, Wardha | Shri Mahesh kumar  Dr Tapan Ranjan Kar (*Alternate*) |
| Metpalli Khadi Gramodyog Pratisthan, Metpalli | Shri G. Madhav |
| Ministries of Defence (DGQA), New Delhi | Shri Arvind Compathane  Shri N. Senthil Kumar (*Alternate*) |
| Ministries of Health, New Delhi | Representative |
| National Handloom Development Corporation Ltd, Gautam Budh Nagar | Dr Sakthivel Perumal Samy  Shri Jitendra Tolambiya (*Alternate*) |
| Northern India Textile Research Association, Ghaziabad | Dr M. S. Parmar  Shri Sanjeev Shukla (*Alternate*) |
| Northern Railways, New Delhi | Shri Sanjeev Kumar Jain  Shri Rajesh Kumar (*Alternate*) |
| Office of the Development Commissioner for Handlooms, New Delhi | Shri Siddharth Singh  Shri Vinay Kumar (*Alternate*) |
| Orient Processes Pvt Ltd, Guwahati | Shri Robin Chandra Goswami  Shri Raj Buragohain |
| Rastriya Khadi Gramodyog Federation, Moradabad | Shri Anil Kumar Singh  Shri Kuldeep Singh (*Alternate*) |
| Swastik Gramodyog Samiti, Delhi | Shri M. L. Pathak  Shri Abhishek Dixit (*Alternate*) |
| The Cotton Textiles Export Promotion Council (TEXPROCIL) | Dr Siddhartha Rajagopal  Shri Rajesh Satam (*Alternate*) |
| The Handloom Export Promotion Council, Chennai | Dr M. Sundar  Shri N. Sreedhar (*Alternate*) |
| The Tamil Nadu Handloom Weavers' Cooperative Society Ltd, Chennai | Shri T. N. Venkatesh, I.A.S.  Shri K. Kathiresan (*Alternate*) |
| BIS Directorate General | Shri J. K. Gupta, Scientist ‘E’/Director and Head (Textiles) [Representing Director General (*Ex-officio*)] |

*Member Secretary*

Shri Swapnil

Scientist ‘B’/Assistant Director

(Textiles), BIS