भारतीय मानक Indian Standard

वस्त्रादि — कॉटन वेबिंग, विशेष — विशिष्टि

IS 7426: 2024

(दूसरा पुनरीक्षण)

Textiles — Cotton Webbing, Special — Specification

(Second Revision)

ICS 59.080.20

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भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो OF INDIAN STANDA

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS मानक भवन, 9 बहादुर शाह ज़फर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली - 110002

MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG NEW DELHI - 110002

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Technical Textiles for Clothtech Applications including Narrow Fabrics and Braids Sectional Committee, TXD 39

FOREWORD

This Indian Standard (Second Revision) was adopted by the Bureau of Indian Standards after the draft finalized by the Technical Textiles for Clothtech Applications including Narrow Fabrics and Braids Sectional Committee had been approved by the Textile Division Council.

Cotton webbing is a versatile, strong narrow fabric commonly used in various applications. It is made from natural cotton fibers, offering durability and a soft texture. Cotton webbing is breathable and comfortable yet its high tensile strength ensures reliability in heavy-duty uses like harnesses and camping gear. This standard focuses on cotton webbing used in defence purposes.

This standard was first published in 1974 and subsequently revised in 1989. This revision has been made in the light of experience gained since its publication and to incorporate the following major changes:

- a) Title of the standard has been modified.
- b) BIS certification marking clause has been modified; and
- c) References to Indian Standard given in Annex A has been updated.

The composition of the Committee responsible for the formulation of this standard is given in Annex B.

For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated expressing the result of a test or analysis, shall be rounded off in accordance with IS 2:2022 'Rules for rounding off numerical values (*second revision*)'. The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value should be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

Indian Standard

TEXTILES — COTTON WEBBING, SPECIAL — SPECIFICATION

(Second Revision)

1 SCOPE

This standard prescribes constructional particulars and other requirements for 3 varieties of special cotton webbings, dyed or undyed, used by defence personnel.

2 REFERENCES

The standards listed in <u>Annex A</u> contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of these standards.

3 MANUFACTURE

3.1 Yarn

The cotton yarn used in the manufacture of webbing

shall conform to the requirements specified in IS 171. The yarn shall be free from spinning and doubling defects.

3.2 The webbing shall be woven uniformly on shuttle looms with firm, straight and properly formed selvedges. It shall be free from weaving flaws, weighting, sizing and finishing materials.

The webbings may also be produced on needle looms subject to the agreement between the buyer and the seller. Selvedges of the needle loom produced webbings shall be made secure by using one of the systems shown in Fig. 1.

3.3 Dyeing

The webbing shah be dyed as required by the buyer.

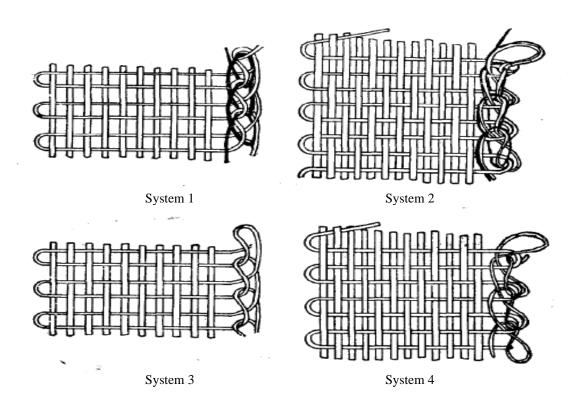


Fig. 1 Needle Loom Selvedge System

4 REQUIREMENTS

- **4.1** The webbing shall conform to the constructional particulars specified in Table 1.
- **4.2** The webbing shall also conform to the requirements specified in Table 2.

4.3 Sealed Sample

If in order to illustrate or specify properties of the webbing not covered in this standard, a sample has been agreed and sealed, the supply shall be in conformity with sample in such respect.

The custody of the sealed sample shall be a matter of prior agreement between the buyer and the seller.

5 MARKING

- **5.1** Each roll of webbing shall be attached with a label on which the following information shall be marked:
 - a) Name of the material, variety no.;
 - b) Length of webbing;
 - c) Year of manufacture;
 - d) Manufacturer's name, initials or trademark, if any; and
 - e) Any other information as required by the law in force.

5.2 BIS Certification Marking

The product(s) conforming to the requirements of this standard may be certified as per the conformity assessment schemes under the provisions of the *Bureau of Indian Standards Act*, 2016 and the Rules and Regulations framed thereunder, and the product may be marked with the Standard Mark.

6 PACKING

The webbing shall be packed as required by the buyer.

7 SAMPLING

7.1 Unless otherwise agreed, the number of rolls to be selected at random shall be as given in <u>Table 3</u>.

7.2 Criteria for Conformity

The criteria for conformity shall be as follows:

Sl No.	Characteristic	Number of Test Specimens	Criteria for Conformity
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
i)	Length, width, ends in full width, picks, weave	As per col (3) under Table 3	Defective rolls not to exceed the number given under col (4) of Table 3
ii)	Mass breaking load, colour fastness, scouring loss and pH value	As per col (5) under Table 3	All the test specimens shall pass the requirements

Table 1 Constructional Particulars of Special Cotton Webbings

(*Clause* 4.1)

SI No.	Variety No.	Count of Yarn for Warp and Weft (for Guidance Only) (See Note 1)	Width, mm	Length, m	Ends in Full Width, Min	Picks Per dm (See Note 2)	Mass, g/m, Max	Average Breaking Load on Full Width × 90 cm Between Grips, N, Min	Weave
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
i)	1	$60 \text{ tex} \times 2$	44 ± 1.5	20	140	70 ± 2	54	4 115	Herring
ii)	2	$(10^{s}/2)$	50 ± 2	or as agreed	160	70 ± 2	62	4 705	Bone
iii)	3		76 ± 3	agreed	240	70 ± 2	93	7 095	
	od of test		IS 1	954	IS 1963	IS 1963	IS 1964	IS 1969 (Part 1)	Visual

NOTES

- 1 For webbing woven on needle looms, count of yarn used in weft should be approximately two times finer than specified.
- 2 For needle loom webbing, the number of picks per dm would be 140 ± 4 since two threads would be working as one.

Table 2 Other Requirements of Special Cotton Webbing

(*Clause* <u>4.2</u>)

Sl No.	Characteristic	Requirements	Method of Test, Ref to
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
i)	Colour fastness:		
	a) Light	5 or better	IS/ISO 105-B02
	b) Washing (Test 2)	4 or better	IS/ISO 105-C10
ii)	Scouring loss, percent, Max	2	IS 1383
iii)	pH value	6 to 8.5	IS 1390

Table 3 Sampling

(*Clause* <u>7.1</u>)

Sl No.	No. of Rolls in the Lot	Sample Size	Permissible No. of Defective Rolls	Sub-Sample Size
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
i)	Up to 100	8	0	3
ii)	101 to 300	13	1	4
iii)	301 to 500	20	2	5
iv)	501 to 1 000	32	3	7
v)	1 000 and above	50	5	10

ANNEX A

(Clause 2)

LIST OF REFERRED STANDARDS

IS No.	Title	IS No.	Title	
IS/ISO 105-B02 : 2014	Textiles — Tests for colour fastness: Part B02 Colour fastness to artificial light:	IS 1954 : 2024/ ISO 22198 : 2006	Textiles — Fabrics — Determination of width and length (third revision)	
IS/ISO 105-C10 : 2006	Xenon arc fading lamp test Textiles — Tests for colour fastness: Part C10 Colour fastness to washing with	IS 1963 : 1981	Methods for determination of threads per unit length in woven fabrics (second revision)	
IS 171 : 1993	soap or soap and soda Textiles — Ring spun grey cotton yarn for weaving — Specification (fourth revision)	IS 1964 : 2001	Textiles — Methods for determination of mass per unit length and mass per unit area of fabrics (second revision)	
IS 1383 : 2023	Methods for determination of scouring loss in grey and finished cotton textile materials (second revision)	IS 1969 (Part 1): 2018/ISO 13934-1: 2013	Textiles — Tensile properties of fabrics: Part 1 Determination of maximum force and elongation at	
IS 1390 : 2022/ ISO 3071 : 2020	Textiles — Determination of <i>pH</i> of aqueous extract (<i>third revision</i>)		maximum force using the strip method (fourth revision)	

IS 7426: 2024

ANNEX B

(Foreword)

COMMITTEE COMPOSITION

Technical Textiles for Clothtech Applications including Narrow Fabrics and Braids Sectional Committee, TXD 39

Organization	Representative(s)
Additional Controller CQA (General Stores), DGQA, Ministry of Defence, Kanpur	SHRI A. CHOWDHURY (<i>Chairperson</i>)
Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, New Delhi	SHRI ANU HANDA DR T. SENTHILKUMAR (<i>Alternate</i>)

ICAR - Central Institute for Research on Cotton DR P. JAGAJANANTHA

Technology, Mumbai

Indian Technical Textile Association, Mumbai

DR ANUP RAKSHIT

SHRI VIKRAM JAIN (Alternate)

M K U Limited, Kanpur

SHRI SUMIT KHANDELWAL

SHRI RAJIB PAL (Alternate)

Motilal Dulichand Pvt Ltd, Kanpur

SHRI SHAILENDRA NATH MISRA
SHRI SUDHIR SHIVHARE (Alternate)

National Textile Corporation, New Delhi SHRI R. K. YADAV

Office of Textiles Commissioner, Mumbai Shri V. K. Kohli

SHRI HUMAYUN K. (Alternate)

Ordnance Parachute Factory, Kanpur SHRI V. M. BAGADE

SHRI S. KONDAIAH (Alternate)

SGS Limited, Gurugram Ms Anitha Jeyaraj

SHRI GAURAV SARASWAT (Alternate)

S L Banthia Textiles Industries Pvt Ltd, Surat Shri Santosh Kumar Banthia

Shipra International, Kanpur SHRI ABHISHEK KUMAR AGRAWAL

Sky Industries Ltd, Navi Mumbai

SHRI KAPIL MEHROTRA

SHRI MICHAEL (Alternate)

Synthetic and Art Silk Mills Research Association, Shri Sanjay Saini

Mumbai Shri Premnath Surwase (Alternate)

Thanawala & Co, Mumbai Shri Hemal Thanawala

SHRI VIVAN THANAWALA (Alternate)

The Bombay Textile Research, Association, Mumbai Shri Shaikh Riyaz Ahmed

DR PRASANTA KUMAR PANDA (Alternate)

U P Textile Technological Institute, Kanpur DR PRASHANT VISHNOI

Universal Yarn & Tex Pvt Ltd, Kanpur Shri Rajiv K. Bhartiya

BIS Directorate General Shri J. K. Gupta, Scientist 'E'/Director and

HEAD (TEXTILES) [REPRESENTING DIRECTOR

GENERAL (*Ex-officio*)]

Member Secretary
SHRI TANISHQ AWASTHI
SCIENTIST 'B'/ASISTANT DIRECTOR
(TEXTILES), BIS

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Amendments Issued Since Publication

Amend No.	Date of Issue	Text Affected	

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

Headquarters:

Manak Bhavan, 9 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi 110002

Telephones: 2323 0131, 2323 3375, 2323 9402 Website: www.bis.gov.in

Regional Offices:			
Central : 601/A, Konnectus Tower -1, 6 th Floor, DMRC Building, Bhavbhuti Marg, New Delhi 110002	{ 2323 7617		
Eastern : 8 th Floor, Plot No 7/7 & 7/8, CP Block, Sector V, Salt Lake, Kolkata, West Bengal 700091	2367 0012 2320 9474		
Northern: Plot No. 4-A, Sector 27-B, Madhya Marg, Chandigarh 160019	{ 265 9930		
Southern : C.I.T. Campus, IV Cross Road, Taramani, Chennai 600113	2254 1442 2254 1216		
Western: 5 th Floor, NTH Complex (W Sector), F-10, MIDC, Andheri (East), Mumbai 400093	{ 283 25838		

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