## भारतीय मानक Indian Standard

# वस्त्रादि — व्यक्तिगत वेब उपकरणों के लिए कॉटन वेबिंग — विशिष्टि

( चौथा पुनरीक्षण )

# Textiles — Cotton Webbing for Personal Web Equipment — Specification

(Fourth Revision)

ICS 59.060.10

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October 2024

**Price Group 7** 

IS 6488: 2024

Technical Textiles for Clothtech Applications including Narrow Fabrics and Braids Sectional Committee, TXD 39

#### **FOREWORD**

This Indian Standard (Fourth Revision) was adopted by the Bureau of Indian Standards after the draft finalized by the Technical Textiles for Clothtech Applications including Narrow Fabrics and Braids Sectional Committee had been approved by the Textile Division Council.

This standard was first published in 1972 and subsequently revised in 1975, 1987 and 1999. The current revision has been made in the light of experience gained since its publication and to incorporate the following major changes:

- a) Title of the standard has been modified;
- b) BIS certification marking clause has been modified; and
- c) References to Indian Standard has been updated.

The composition of the Committee responsible for the formulation of this standard is given in Annex C.

For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated expressing the result of a test or analysis, shall be rounded off in accordance with IS 2:2022 'Rules for rounding off numerical values (*second revision*)'. The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value should be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

### Indian Standard

# TEXTILES — COTTON WEBBING FOR PERSONAL WEB EQUIPMENT — SPECIFICATION

(Fourth Revision)

#### 1 SCOPE

This standard prescribes the constructional particulars and other requirements of various types of cotton webbing. The standard covers webbing used in the manufacture of personal web equipment, carrier manpack, waterproof capes, snow shoes, map cases, holdalls, ammunition carriers, and stretcher bags, etc.

### 2 REFERENCES

The standards listed in <u>Annex A</u> contain provisions which through reference in this text, constitute provision of this standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of these standards.

### 3 MANUFACTURE

### 3.1 Yarns

The yarns used for manufacture of webbing shall conform to IS 171. The yarn shall be bleached or dyed as required and given a moisture resistant finish by a suitable treatment. Direct dyes shall not be used in dyeing.

### 3.2 Webbing

The webbing shall be uniformly woven and reasonably free from weaving and finishing defects. The selvedges shall be firm and straight. Webbing may be grey (undyed) or dyed. The dyed webbing shall have a uniform depth of shade. Sulphur dyes shall not be used.

The webbing may be woven on needle looms if agreed to between the buyer and the manufacturer. However, selvedges of the needle loom woven webbings shall be made secure using one of the systems given in Fig. 1.

### **4 REQUIREMENTS**

**4.1** The webbing shall conform to the physical requirements specified in <u>Table 1</u>, <u>Table 2</u> and <u>Table 3</u>.

**4.2** The webbing shall also conform to the chemical requirements specified in Table 4.

### **5 PACKAGING**

The webbing shall be delivered in clean and dry condition. It shall be made into rolls of 25 m length each or multiples thereof and supplied without joints. A 5 percent variation is, however, permissible in roll length. Lengths below specified lengths shall be classified as short lengths. Thirty percent of a consignment may be made up of rolls containing a maximum of 3 joints subject to individual piece lengths not being less than 5 m.

#### **6 MARKING**

- **6.1** Each roll of webbing shall be legibly marked with the following information:
  - a) Name of the material;
  - b) Width in millimetres:
  - c) Length, in metres;
  - d) Month and year of manufacture;
  - e) Manufacturer's name, initials or trade-mark; if any; and
  - f) Any other information as required by the law in force.

### 6.2 BIS Certification Marking

The product(s) conforming to the requirements of this standard may be certified as per the conformity assessment schemes under the provisions of the *Bureau of Indian Standards Act*, 2016 and the Rules and Regulations framed thereunder, and the product(s) may be marked with the Standard Mark.

### 7 PACKING

Unless otherwise agreed between the buyer and the seller, a suitable number of rolls shall be arranged in the form of cylindrical bundles and shall be secured by twine to form a pack. A suitable number of such packs shall be arranged and wrapped with polyethylene film (*see* IS 2508). The wrapped bundles shall be placed on a layer of heavy tee cloth or some other equivalent hessian cloth to form a rectangular bale having an approximate gross mass

of 37 kg. The bale shall be properly stitched and provided with ears at the corners for ease in lifting.

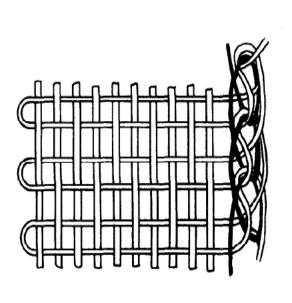
# **8 SAMPLING AND CRITERIA FOR CONFORMITY**

**8.1** Unless otherwise agreed, the number of rolls to

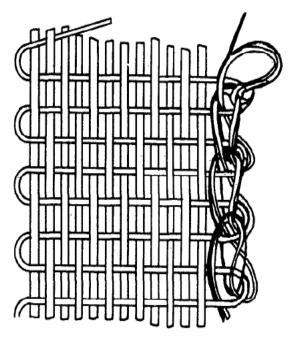
be selected at random shall be as given in <u>Table 5</u>.

### 8.2 Criteria for Conformity

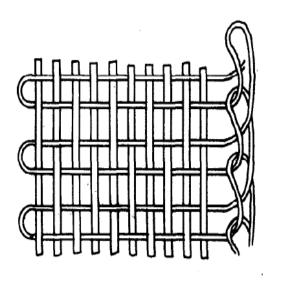
The lot shall be considered as conforming to the requirements of the standard if confirmed to Table 6.



System 1



System 2





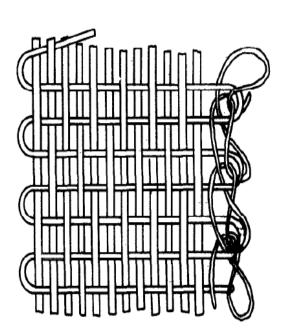


FIG. 1 NEEDLE LOOM SELVEDGE SYSTEM

IS 6488: 2024

Table 1 Physical Requirements of Cotton Thick and Thin Webbing

(*Clauses* <u>4.1</u> *and* <u>B-1.1</u>)

Sl No.	Width	Nominal Count of Yarn		Ends Wid	•	Picks	s/cm	Ma g/i		Breakin on Full × 20 Between	Width cm n Grips	Weav	ve
		Warp	Weft	Thick	Thin	Thick	Thin	Thick	Thin	Thick	Thin	Thick	Thin
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
i)	$13 \pm 1.0$			46	22			21	10	1 060	570		
ii)	$19 \pm 1.5$			64	33			32	15	1 490	860		
iii)	$25 \pm 1.5$			88	44			41	20	2 060	1 100		
iv)	$32 \pm 1.5$			110	_			50	_	2 570	_		
v)	$38 \pm 2.0$				66			62	30	3 020	1 670		
vi)	$44 \pm 2.0$			_	77			_	35	_	1 960		
vii)	$51 \pm 2.0$			196	88			90	40	4 560	2 210	Double	<b>701</b> 1 1
viii)	$57 \pm 2.0$	<b>60</b> (	~	202	100	10		99	45	4 720	2 490	plain/	Plain/
ix)	$63 \pm 2.0$	60 te	_	222	110	12	6	105	50	5 190	2 900	Double	oxford
x)	$70 \pm 2.0$	(or le	0%3)	264	122			122	55	6 150	3 050	oxford	
xi)	$76 \pm 3.0$			318	134			146	60	7 430	3 310		
xii)	$82 \pm 3.0$			328	144			152	65	7 640	3 540		
xiii)	$89 \pm 3.0$			340	158			158	70	7 940	3 970		
xiv)	$95 \pm 3.0$			_	167			_	75	_	4 170		
xv)	$102 \pm 30$			_	176			_	80	_	4 410		
xvi)	$108 \pm 30$			404	_			186	_	9 410	_		
xvii)	$114 \pm 30$			450	_			192	_	10 480	_		
Tolerances		_	_	± .	5	±5	5	± 1	10	± 1	10		_
Method of Test	ı	IS 1	954		IS 1	963		IS 19	964	IS 1	969	Visua	al

**Table 2 Physical Requirements of Extra-Wide Thin Webbing** 

(Clauses <u>4.1</u> and <u>B-1.1</u>)

SI No.	<b>Width</b> mm	Nom Count o		Ends/ cm	Picks/ cm	Mass (g/m)	Breaking Load on Full Width × 20 cm Between Grips N		Weave
		Warp	Weft				Warp	Weft	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
i)	$115 \pm 3.0$					88		_	
ii)	$120 \pm 3.0$					93		_	
iii)	$127 \pm 3.0$					98	_	_	-
iv)	130 ± 3.0					101	_	_	
v)	$135 \pm 3.0$					106	_	_	
vi)	140 ± 3.0	60 tex $\times$ 5 (or $10^{\circ}/5$ )		18	6	110	2210	_	Plain/ Oxford
vii)	145 ± 3.0		·			116	_	_	
viii)	290 ± 4.0					235	_		
ix)	$300 \pm 4.0$					240	_		
x)	$320 \pm 4.0$					253	-		
xi)	$325 \pm 4.0$					257	-	690	
xii)	$345 \pm 4.0$					270	-		
xiii)	$710 \pm 6.0$					560	-		
xiv)	$915 \pm 6.0$					720	-		
Tolerances	_	_		± 5	± 5	± 10	± 10	± 10	_
Method of test	_	IS19	954	IS 19	963	IS 1964	IS 1	969	Visual

Table 3 Physical Requirements of Coarse Cotton Webbing and Cotton Webbing for Ammunition Carriers and Other Similar — Purposes

(*Clause* <u>4.1</u>)

Sl No.	Width mm	Nominal Count of Yarn		Ends in Full Width	Picks/ dm	Mass g/m <sup>2</sup>	Breaking Load on	Weave
		Warp	Weft	Min	Min	Max	Full Width × 20 cm Between Grips N (see Note 1)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
a) Particulars of	coarse cotton	webbing (	see Notes 2,	3 and 4):				
i)	25 ± 1.5			72		49	1990	
ii)	38 ± 1.5	59 tex	108 tex	108		73	2980	
iii)	44 ± 1.5	× 5	× 2	126	28	85	3480	Plain
iv)	$50 \pm 3.0$	(or 10 <sup>s</sup> /5)	(or 5.5 <sup>s</sup> /2)	144		98	3980	
v)	$63 \pm 3.0$	10 /3)	3.372)	180		122	4980	
vi)	$75 \pm 3.0$			216		146	5970	
vii)	$100 \pm 3.0$			288		196	7960	
viii)	$125 \pm 3.0$			360		244	9970	
b) Particulars of	 cotton webbi	ng for amm	L nunition carr	iers and other si	milar purpos	es		
i)	25 <sup>+2</sup> <sub>-0</sub>	59 tex (10 <sup>s</sup> )	59 tex (10 <sup>s</sup> )	120	180	11	900	Plain
Method of test	_	IS 1	1954	IS 19	53	IS 1964	IS 1969	Visual

- NOTES
  1 1 N is approximately equal to 0. 1 kgf.

- 2 Nominal thickness for coarse cotton webbing is 4 mm, Min.
  3 For needleloom woven webbings approximate count of weft yarn shall be two times finer than the specified.
  4 For needleloom woven webbings, number of pick per dm shall be 56 minimum since two threads work as one.

**Table 4 Other Requirements of Cotton Webbings** 

(*Clause* <u>4.2</u>)

Sl No.	Characteristic	Requirement	Method of Test, Ref to
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
i)	Colour fastness:		
	a) Light	3 or better	IS/ISO 105-B02
	b) Washing:		IS/ISO 105-C10
	1) Change in colour	3 or better	
	2) Standing of adjacent fabric	3 or better	
ii)	pH value	5.0 to 9.0	IS 1390
iii)	Water absorption, percent, Max	50	Annex B
iv)	Scouring loss, percent, <i>Max</i> :		IS 1383
	a) Grey	5	
	b) Dyed	2	

### **Table 5 Sampling**

(Clause 8.1 and Table 6)

SI No.	No. of Rolls in the Lot	Sample Size	Permissible Number of Defective Rolls	Sub-Sample Size
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
i)	Up to 100	8	0	3
ii)	101 to 300	13	1	4
iii)	301 to 500	20	2	5
iv)	501 to 1 000	32	3	7
v)	1 001 and above	50	5	10

### **Table 6 Criteria for Conformity**

(*Clause* <u>8.2</u>)

Sl No.	Characteristics	Sample Size	Criteria for Conformity
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
i)	Length, width, ends in full width, picks	As per col (3) of <u>Table 5</u>	Defective rolls not to exceed the number given under co1 (4) of <u>Table 5</u>
ii)	Mass, breaking load, chemical and additional chemical requirements	As per col (5) of <u>Table 5</u>	All samples shall conform to the specified requirements

IS 6488: 2024

### ANNEX A

(Clause 2)

### LIST OF REFERRED STANDARDS

IS No.	Title	IS No.	Title
IS/ISO 105-C10 : 2006	Textiles — Tests for colour fastness: Part C10 Colour fastness to washing with soap or soap and soda	IS 1963 : 1981	Methods for determination of threads per unit length in woven fabrics (second revision)
IS/ISO 105-B02 : 2014	Textiles — Tests for colour fastness: Part B02 Colour fastness to artificial light: Xenon arc fading lamp test	IS 1964 : 2001	Textiles — Methods for determination of mass per unit length and mass per unit area of fabrics (second revision)
IS 171 : 1993	Textiles — Ring spun grey cotton yarn for weaving — Specification (fourth revision)	IS 1969 (Part 1) : 2018/ ISO 13934-1 : 2013	Textiles —Tensile properties of fabrics: Part 1 Determination of maximum force and
IS 1383 : 2023	Methods for determination of scouring loss in grey and finished cotton textile materials (second revision)		elongation at maximum force using the strip method (fourth revision)
IS 1390 : 2022/ ISO 3071 : 2020	Textiles — Determination of pH of aqueous extract (third revision)	IS 2508 : 2016	Polyethylene films and sheets — Specification (third revision)
IS 1954 : 2024/ ISO 22198 : 2006	Textiles — Fabrics — Determination of width and length (third revision)		

### ANNEX B

[Table 4, Sl No. (iii)]

#### METHOD FOR DETERMINATION OF WATER ABSORPTION OF WEBBING

#### **B-1 TEST SPECIMENS**

**B-1.1** For the purpose of the test, cut pieces of webbings from all the test samples with the following dimensions:

a) Length 10 cm

b) Width Full width in the case of webbings covered in <u>Table 1</u>, and 6 cm frayed down to 5 cm in the case of webbings covered in <u>Table 2</u>.

### **B-2 EQUIPMENT**

**B-2.1** An apparatus as illustrated in <u>Fig. 2</u> consisting of the following:

- a) A water tank (made of non-corrosive materials) having a dimension of approximately 40 cm × 20 cm × 20 cm or any other suitable size;
- b) A steel roller of approximately 7.5 cm diameter weighing about 18 kg;
- c) A vulcanized rubber pad of approximately  $30 \text{ cm} \times 30 \text{ cm} \times 1.5 \text{ cm}$ ;
- d) Blotting paper having a thickness of 0.2 mm to 0.25 mm and a weight of 120 g/m² to 150 g/m². The blotting paper should be capable of absorbing 0.3 ml of water in 30 s;
- e) A metallic sinker, preferably a rod, of approximately 1 cm diameter and 35 cm length; and
- f) Wire hooks.

### **B-3 PROCEDURE**

**B-3.1** Rig up the equipment as illustrated in Fig. 2. Take 5 test specimens previously conditioned in an atmosphere of  $(65 \pm 2)$  percent relative humidity and  $(27 \pm 2)$  °C temperature for a period of 48 h. Weigh these test specimens together to the nearest 1 g. This weight shall be  $W_1$ .

B-3.2 Attach a wire hook to one end of each

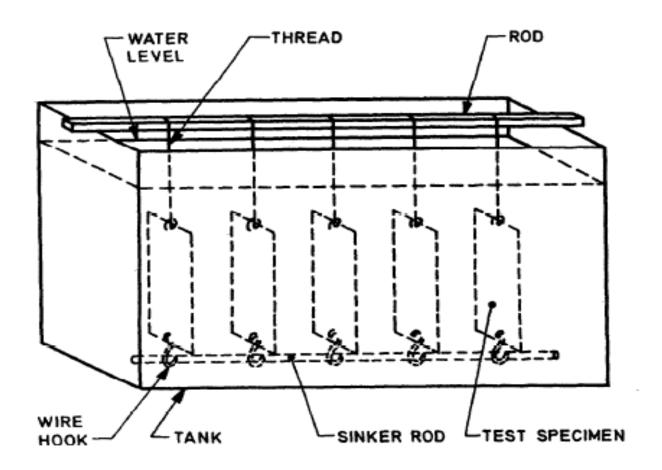
specimen and a length of thread to the other end as illustrated in Fig. 2. Keep the specimen immersed in the distilled water contained in the tank for 30 min at  $(27 \pm 2)$  °C after attaching the metallic sinker to the hooks so that the specimens remain immersed in the vertical position as showing in Fig. 2. The ends of threads attached to the other ends of the specimen are passed over a suitable rod placed over the tank in order to keep the specimens steady in the vertical position during the period of immersion. The water in the tank should be sufficient so as to keep the top edges of the specimens about 5 cm below the water level. At the expiry of 30 min, remove all the 5 specimens and after detaching the hooks and the threads, invert them by 180° so that the top edge becomes the bottom edge. Each edge of the specimen is then held in contact with the surface of a tray for about 10 s to 20 s to drain off any adhering water. Take one test specimen and enclose it between the two layers of blotting papers on each side. The size of the blotting paper pieces should be such that they extend about 2 cm beyond each edge of the specimen. Place the specimen enclosed by blotting papers on the rubber pad and roll over it a steel roller without exerting any additional pressure beyond the weight of the roller, the roller being rolled once with its length parallel to the long side of the specimen. Remove the pieces of blotting papers from the test specimen and put in between a set of fresh blotting papers as before and roll it over with the roller as before. Remove the test piece from the blotting paper pieces and place it in a beaker (without spout) covered with a lid.

**B-3.3** Repeat the process on all the remaining specimens. Remove the test specimens from the beaker and weigh them collectively to the nearest 10 mg and this weight shall be  $W_2$ .

### **B-4 CALCULATION**

**B-4.1** The difference between  $W_1$  and  $W_2$  is the amount of water absorbed by the specimen and is expressed as percentage of the original weight of the specimens. Thus:

Percentage absorption = 
$$\frac{W_2 - W_1}{W_1} \times 100$$



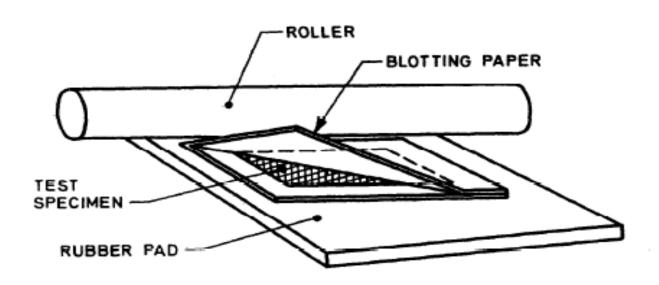


FIG. 2 EQUIPMENT FOR TESTING MOISTURE ABSORPTION

### ANNEX C

(Foreword)

#### COMMITTEE COMPOSITION

Technical Textiles for Clothtech Applications including Narrow Fabrics and Braids Sectional Committee, TXD 39

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Additional	Controller	CQA	(General	Stores),	SHRI A. CHOWDHURY (Chairperson)

Additional Controller CQA (General Stores), St DGQA, Ministry of Defence, Kanpur

ICAR - Central Institute for Research on Cotton DR P. JAGAJANANTHA Technology, Mumbai, New Delhi

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This Indian Standard has been developed from Doc No.: TXD 39 (23321).

### **Amendments Issued Since Publication**

Amend No.	Date of Issue	Text Affected	

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