

कुंडलाकार संपीडन कमानियां

भाग 3 वृताकार सेक्शन तार तथा छड़ों से बनी  
कमानियों के विनिर्देशन हेतु डेटा शीट

(पहला पुनरीक्षण)

Helical Compression Springs

Part 3 Data Sheet for Specifications for  
Springs Made from Circular Section  
Wire and Bar

(First Revision)

ICS 21.160

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भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो  
BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS  
मानक भवन, 9 बहादुर शाह ज़फर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली - 110002  
MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG  
NEW DELHI - 110002

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## Foreword

This Indian Standard (Part 3) (First Revision) was adopted by the Bureau of Indian Standards, after the draft finalized by the Springs and Suspension Systems Sectional Committee had been approved by the Transport Engineering Division Council.

This standard was first published in 1975 to specify data sheet for processing of orders and queries for the specification for compression springs covered by IS 7906 (Part 2) and IS 7906 (Part 5). This revision has been brought out in view of technological advancements which have taken place after publication of the standard. In this revision editorial corrections have been rectified and references have been made up to date.

This standard (Part 3) is one of a series dealing with helical compression springs:

- Part 1 Design and calculation for springs made from circular section wire and bar
- Part 2 Specification for cold coiled springs made from circular section wire and bar
- Part 4 Selection of standard cold coiled springs made from circular section wire and bar
- Part 5 Hot coiled springs made from circular section bars — Specification
- Part 6 Design and calculations for springs made from rectangular section bar — Steel
- Part 7 Quality requirements for cylindrical coil compression springs used mainly as vehicle suspension springs
- Part 8 Method of inspection of hot coiled compression springs made from circular section bars

The duplication of this data sheet is allowed. This data sheet is so designed that it can also be used as a factory drawing.

In the preparation of this standard considerable assistance has been derived from DIN 2099 Sheet 1 Helical springs made from circular section wire and bar, specification for tension springs, issued by Deutschen Institut für Normung (DIN).

The composition of the Committee responsible for the formulation of this standard is given in [Annex A](#).

For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated, expressing the result of a test or analysis, shall be rounded off in accordance with IS 2 : 2022 'Rules for rounding off numerical values (*second revision*)'. The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value should be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

*Indian Standard*

## HELICAL COMPRESSION SPRINGS

PART 3 DATA SHEET FOR SPECIFICATIONS FOR SPRINGS MADE  
FROM CIRCULAR SECTION WIRE AND BAR*( First Revision )***1 SCOPE**

The standard covers the data sheet for processing of orders and queries for the specification for compression springs covered by IS 7906 (Part 2) and IS 7906 (Part 5).

**2 REFERENCES**

The standards given below contain provisions which through reference in this text, constitute provision of this standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision and parties to agreements based on this standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of these standards:

<i>IS No.</i>	<i>Title</i>
IS 7906	Helical compression springs:
(Part 1) : 1997	Design and calculation for springs made from circular section wire and bar <i>(first revision)</i>
(Part 2) : 1975	Specification for cold coiled springs made from circular section wire and bar
(Part 5) : 2004	Hot coiled springs made from circular section bars — Specification <i>(second revision)</i>

**3 PROCEDURE FOR USE OF DATA SHEET**

**3.1** It may not always be necessary to give all the data provided in the Data Sheet. Initially only those Parameters that are required for the use of spring may be given. The parameters that are not necessary for the working of spring can be bracketed. The bracketed parameters are not toleranced, for example, the spring rate ( $S_c$ ).

**3.2** The data sheet can generally be used for all types of compression springs. If a separate drawing is

attached to the data sheet, mention of the drawing shall be made in the item 13 of the data sheet. If different or additional dimensions are to be specified in special cases, this can be done in the diagram in the data sheet itself.

**3.3** The data on material and permissible shear-stress and on tolerances depend on type of production which is determined by the size of the spring.

**3.4** Compression springs made of wires of diameter up to 17 mm are generally cold-formed but with modern machines cold formed springs can be made above 17 mm.

**3.5** Compression springs made with bars of diameter more than 17 mm are generally hot-formed but springs made from wire and bar between 10 mm and 17 mm can also be hot-formed. For this manufacturer should be consulted for process, tolerances, etc. The process generally depends on the 'load, function of the spring and the material.

**3.6** To allow economical manufacture of springs, the maximum possible tolerance according to IS 7906 (Part 2) shall be, specified for the coil diameter  $D_o$ ,  $D_1$  or  $D_m$ , the unloaded length  $L_o$  and axial loads  $F_1$  to  $F_m$  and deviations  $e_1$  and  $e_2$ . The complimentary adjustment for manufacturing as described in IS 7906 (Part 2) shall be applied.

**3.7** Indication shall be made whether the spring has to work with guides. For this purpose, the outer or inner diameter of guide shall be mentioned in the drawing. This is particularly important for compression springs which work in a guide, since even in block position of the spring there should still be a play the spring and the guide.

Give only those particulars which are functionally important and cross the appropriate circles. Avoid redundant dimensioning. In the case of shear stress  $R$ , and the appropriate subscript  $s$  or  $k$  as per IS 7906 (Part 1) for reasons of economy the tolerances should be made as large as possible.

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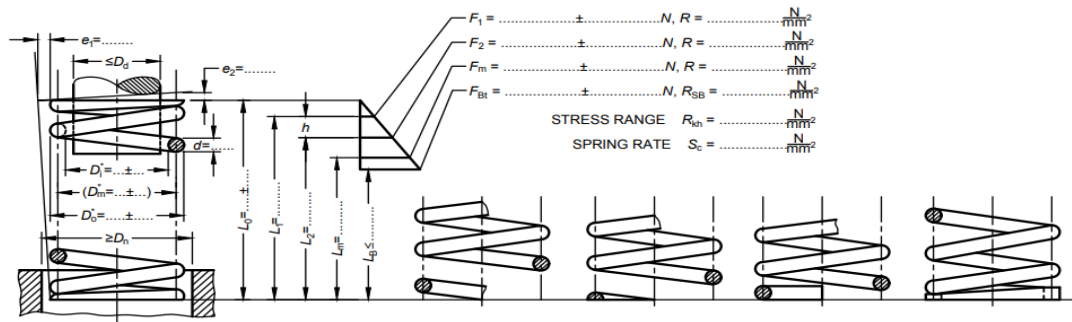


FIG. 1 ENDS CLOSED O AND GROUND

FIG. 2 ENDS OPEN O AND UNGROUND

FIG. 3 END OPEN O AND GROUND

FIG. 4 ENDS CLOSED O AND UNGROUND

FIG. 5 ENDS TAPERED O BEFORE COILING CLOSED AND GROUND

NOTE — For details of parameters specified in data sheet please refer Fig. 1, Fig. 2, Fig. 3, Fig. 4 and Fig. 5.

(1)	Number of working coil total number of coil	$i_f = \dots\dots\dots$ $i_g = \dots\dots\dots$	(10)	Tolerances according to IS 7906 (Part 2)   IS 7906 (Part 6)																			
(2)	Hand of coiling (optional)	Right-hand Left-hand		$D_o^{(1)}, D_i^{(1)}$ ( $D_m^{(1)}$ )	.....																		
(3)	Chamfering of spring ends	Omitted Internally Width..... Angle..... Externally Width....., Angle.....		$L_o$	.....																		
(4)	Stroke	Max height ..... mm and Min height ..... mm		$F_1$ To $F_m$	.....																		
(5)	Load cycle frequency	$n = \dots\dots\dots$ Hz		$e_1$	.....																		
(6)	Maximum temperature working	$= \dots\dots\dots$ °C		$e_2$	.....																		
(7)	Wire or bar surface	Drawn <input type="radio"/> Rolled <input type="radio"/> Centreless <input type="radio"/> Ground <input type="radio"/> Spring Shot- <input type="radio"/> Peened <input type="radio"/>	(11)	Wire Or Bar Diameter $d$	.....																		
(8)	Surface protection		Adaptation of the Spring																				
(9)	Material.....according to IS..... Permissible shear stress $R_{sp} = \dots\dots\dots \frac{N}{mm^2}$		Given Requirements		Permissible Deviation																		
(13)	Total number of cycles up to rupture .....		a)	One load $F_1$ , corresponding length $L_1$ and spring rate $R_s$	$L_o, d, n_t$																		
(14)	Permissible relaxation at defined initial stress, temperature and duration.....		b)	Two load $F_1/F_2$ and Corresponding length $L_1/L_2$	$L_o, d, n_t$																		
(15)	Any other special details:		c)	Length of the un preset spring and spring rate $R_s$	$d, n_t$																		
<sup>1)</sup> Any one the coil diameters $D_i, D_o$ OR $D_m$ may appear <sup>2)</sup> The listed parameters may be altered in order to meet the given requirements.			d)	One load $F_1$ and the load of the preset spring	$L_o$																		
			e)	One load $F_1$ , the length of the preset spring and the length of the unpreset spring $L_o$	$n_t, d$ or $n_t, D_e, D_i$																		
			(12)	Type of end .....																			
			<table border="1"> <tr> <td></td> <td>Name</td> <td>Date</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Designed</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Drawn</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Checked</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Standard</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Approved</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>				Name	Date	Designed			Drawn			Checked			Standard			Approved		
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Standard																							
Approved																							
Issue	Modifications	Date Name	Drawing number																				
Scale	Data Sheet for helical compression spring IS 7906 (Part 3)			Sheet																			

**ANNEX A**  
*(Foreword)*

**COMMITTEE COMPOSITION**

Springs and Suspension Systems Sectional Committee, TED 34

<i>Organization</i>	<i>Representative(s)</i>
Automotive Research Association of India, Pune	SHRI V. V. SHINDE ( <b><i>Chairperson</i></b> )
Advik Hi-Tech Private Limited, Pune	SHRI KAMALKISHOR KAKADE
Anna University, Chennai	SHRI G. VENKATESAN
Automotive Component Manufactures Association of India, New Delhi	SHRI SANJAY TANK SHREEMATI SEEMA BABAL ( <i>Alternative</i> )
Automotive Research Association of India, Pune	SHRI NITIN SINNARKAR
Central Institute of Road Transport, Pune	SHRI RAJKUMAR MALAJURE SHRI BIRENDRA RAWAT ( <i>Alternative</i> )
International Centre for Automotive Technology, Manesar	SHRI SAMIR SHIKALGAR
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### Amendments Issued Since Publication

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## BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

### Headquarters:

Manak Bhavan, 9 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi 110002

Telephones: 2323 0131, 2323 3375, 2323 9402

Website: [www.bis.gov.in](http://www.bis.gov.in)

### Regional Offices:

	Telephones
Central : 601/A, Konnectus Tower -1, 6 <sup>th</sup> Floor, DMRC Building, Bhavbhuti Marg, New Delhi 110002	{ 2323 7617
Eastern : 8 <sup>th</sup> Floor, Plot No 7/7 & 7/8, CP Block, Sector V, Salt Lake, Kolkata, West Bengal 700091	{ 2367 0012 2320 9474
Northern : Plot No. 4-A, Sector 27-B, Madhya Marg, Chandigarh 160019	{ 265 9930
Southern : C.I.T. Campus, IV Cross Road, Taramani, Chennai 600113	{ 2254 1442 2254 1216
Western : 5 <sup>th</sup> Floor/MTNL CETTM, Technology Street, Hiranandani Gardens, Powai Mumbai 400076	{ 25700030 25702715

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