***भारतीय मानक***

***Indian Standard***

**IS 15410: 2024**

**पैकेजबंद खनिज जल और पैकेजबंद पेय जल की पैकेजबंदी के लिए प्लास्टिक बोतलें/धारक — विशिष्टि**

(*पहला पुनरीक्षण*)

**PLASTIC BOTTLES/CONTAINERS FOR PACKAGING OF NATURAL MINERAL WATER AND PACKAGED DRINKING WATER – SPECIFICATION**

(*First Revision*)

ICS 55.080; 83.080.20

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भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

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**December 2024 Price Group X**

Plastics Packaging Sectional Committee, PCD 21

**FOREWORD**

This Indian Standard (First Revision) was adopted by the Bureau of Indian Standards, after the draft finalized by the Plastics Packaging Sectional Committee had been approved by the Petroleum, Coal and Related Products Division Council.

This standard covers the requirements for raw materials, dimensional and performance requirements and methods of tests for plastic containers for packaging of natural mineral water and packaged drinking water except flexible pouches, polymeric layers inside metal cans & paperboard-based packaging materials.

Separate Indian Standard exists for:

a) Plastics containers for other potable water (other than IS 14543 and IS 13428) [see IS 8688: 1988 Plastics potable water containers — Specification (second revision)].

b) Polyethylene flexible pouches for the packing of natural mineral water and packaged drinking water — Specification (IS 15609: 2005)

This Indian Standard was originally published in 2003. The major modifications / incorporations in this revision are as follows:

* All plastic components are required to follow the extant provisions of PWM Rules and clarifications issued thereto.
* Biodegradable plastics and compostable plastics are not in the scope of this standard.
* Capacities/ quantity/ volumes are amended as per vide Notification GSR. 779(E) dated 2nd November, 2021 of Legal Metrology (Packaged Commodities) Rules, 2011.
* All the amendments published have been incorporated.

The composition of the Committee responsible for formulation of this standard is given in Annex E.

In reporting the results of a test or analysis made in accordance with this standard, if the final value, observed or calculated, is to be rounded off, it shall be done in accordance with IS 2: 2022 'Rules for rounding off numerical values (*second revision*)' .

‘

*Indian Standard*

PLASTIC BOTTLES/CONTAINERS FOR PACKAGED   
NATURAL MINERAL WATER AND PACKAGED   
DRINKING WATER – SPECIFICATION

(*First Revision*)

**1 SCOPE**

This standard covers the requirements for raw materials, dimensional and performance requirements and method of tests for plastic containers (such as bottles, jars, cups) including closures made of Polyethylene (PE), or Polyethylene terephthalate (PET), or Polypropylene (PP), or Polycarbonate (PC).

**2 REFERENCES**

The standards listed in Annex A contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision and parties to agreements based on this standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards listed in Annex A.

**3 TERMINOLOGY**

For the purpose of the standard, the definitions given in IS 7019 and the following shall apply.

**3.1 Nominal Capacity** — The volume of water normally expected to be filled in the container at (27 °C ± 2) °C.

**3.2 Brimful Capacity** — The volume of water required to be filled in the container completely at (27 °C ± 2) °C.

**3.3 Plastics Containers** — Plastics containers imply all plastics containers used for packaging of natural mineral water and packaged drinking water except flexible pouches.

**4 REQUIREMENTS**

**4.1 Materials for Primary Packaging**

**4.1.1** *Container*

The material used for plastic containers shall be made of polyethylene (PE) conforming to IS 10146 or polyethylene terephthalate (PET) conforming to IS 12252 or polypropylene (PP) conforming to IS 10910 or polycarbonate (PC) conforming to IS 14971.

**4.1.2** *Closure*

**4.1.2.1** *Closure materials*

The container shall be provided with a closure which shall be made either of:

* Aluminium: annealed aluminium sheets coated on inside with food grade lacquering complying with IS 8970.
* Plastic such as High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) or Polypropylene (PP) or it’s combination with any other suitable plastic material (HDPE, Low Density Polyethylene – LDPE, PP)
* Combination of plastics and metal may also be used.

**4.1.2.2** *Closure colourants*

Pigments and colourants used, if any, in the closure shall comply with IS 9833.

**4.1.2.3** *Sleeves for the closure (optional*)

Shrink sleeve made of plastics, either printed or unprinted, may be used over the closure.

**4.1.3** *Wad*

The wad shall be of Expanded Polyethylene (EPE) or any other suitable food grade material compatible with the contents.

**4.2 Design, Shape and Dimensions**

The containers shall be of suitable design, shape and required dimensions as agreed to between the purchaser and the supplier.

**4.2.1** The top lid for glasses/cups shall be of suitable peelable laminate structure, thickness, shape and print as agreed to between the purchaser and the supplier. Aluminium foil of suitable thickness coated with film of olefinic polymers or co-polymers with food grade adhesives shall be used. Polymer film used for coating of aluminium foil shall conform to the relevant standards for its safe use in contact with foodstuffs, pharmaceuticals and drinking water (*see* 4.1).

NOTE ― Detachable handle may be provided if agreed between buyer and supplier.

**4.3 Manufacture, Workmanship, Finish and Appearance**

**4.3.1** Appearance is the visual assessment of the container and includes features such as manufacture, workmanship, finish and aesthetics.

**4.3.2** The containers shall be manufactured by suitable process adhering to good manufacturing practice (GMP).

**4.3.3** The body of the container shall be free from any visual defects like cavities, crevices, flaws, stains, etc.

**4.4 Capacity**

The container for packing Natural Mineral Water (IS 13428) and Packaged Drinking Water (IS 14543) shall be permitted in all capacities/ volumes/ quantities.

The brimful capacity shall exceed the nominal capacity by a minimum of 1.5 percent when determined by the method prescribed in 5 of IS 2798.

**4.5 Wall Thickness**

The wall thickness shall be declared by the manufacturer. The tolerance on wall thickness when measured in accordance with 4.5 of IS 2798 shall be – 2 percent of the declared value. No limit to the plus tolerance of wall thickness has been specified.

**4.6 Tests**

**4.6.1** *Colour*

**4.6.1.1** *Transparency*

The transparency of a container shall:

a) Not be less than 85 percent in light transmittance for containers of capacity 2L and below

b) Not be less than 70 percent in light transmittance for containers of capacity above 2L.

Transparency shall be tested in accordance with the method described in Annex B. The addition of colour/pigment is not permitted for making such containers, except under 4.6.1.2.

**4.6.1.2** *Tint*

Optionally a light blue tint may be used to facilitate compliance with the requirements of recycling specified in Plastic Waste Management (Amendment) Rules, 2022 provided it complies with IS 9833 and 4.6.1 above.

**4.6.2** *Leakage Test*

The containers shall pass the test when tested in accordance with 6.1 and 6.2 of IS 2798. The containers may be provided with a support, only for the purpose of keeping them in the up side down position during the test.

**4.6.3** *Drop Test and Stack Load Test*

**4.6.3.1** *Drop Impact test*

The container (upto 15kg or 15L capacity) with the closure when subjected to the drop test according to method 8 of IS 2798 shall not show any sign of cracking, nor will it rupture, nor shall there be any leakage from the walls of the container. For containers larger than 15kg or 15L capacity, the drop height shall be 0.5m. Slight de-shaping of the body shall not render the container unacceptable in the test.

**4.6.3.2** *Stack Load test*

The containers shall be of sound construction and shall not show any cracks or permanent buckling nor cause leakage or reduction in effectiveness of the closure or cause instability in stacks, when subjected to test according to method given in 9 of IS 2798. The total superimposed load along with the load of the flat surface for different sizes of container shall be as given in Table 1.

**Table 1 Details of Minimum Stack Load**

(*Clause* 4.6.3.2)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Sl. No.** | **Nominal Capacity (ml)** | **Stock load for 4 containers** | **Load per container (N)** | **Stack Load for 4 containers (kgf)** | **Load per container (kgf)** |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (3A) | (4A) |
| 1 | 50 | 20 | 5 | 2.04 | 0.51 |
| 2 | 60 | 24 | 6 | 2.45 | 0.61 |
| 3 | 90 | 36 | 9 | 3.67 | 0.92 |
| 4 | 180 | 72 | 18 | 7.34 | 1.84 |
| 5 | 250 | 100 | 25 | 10.20 | 2.55 |
| 6 | 375 | 150 | 38 | 15.30 | 3.82 |
| 7 | 500 | 200 | 50 | 20.39 | 5.10 |
| 8 | 600 | 240 | 60 | 24.47 | 6.12 |
| 9 | 750 | 300 | 75 | 30.59 | 7.65 |
| 10 | 1000 | 400 | 100 | 40.79 | 10.20 |
| 11 | 1500 | 600 | 150 | 61.18 | 15.30 |
| 12 | 1750 | 700 | 175 | 71.38 | 17.85 |
| 13 | 2000 | 800 | 200 | 81.58 | 20.39 |
| 14 | Higher than 2000 | 1000 | 250 | 101.97 | 25.49 |

NOTES

1. Column (2A) and (3A) are derived by using conversion factor of 1 N = 0.101972 kgf.

2. Units of measurement (N or kgf) to be decided between buyer and seller.

**4.6.4** *Migration Tests*

**4.6.4.1** *Overall migration*

Representative samples of plastic container and closure shall be subjected to overall migration test with distilled water (Simulant A) as per IS 9845. The maximum extraction values for the samples shall not exceed 10 mg/dm2 or 60 mg/L.

**4.6.4.2** *Specific migration*

Representative samples of plastic container and closure shall be subjected to migration test with distilled water (Simulant A) as per test conditions stipulated in IS 9845. The samples shall not release the substances in quantities exceeding the specific migration limits stipulated by Food Safety and Standards (Packaging) Regulations, 2018. The current limits are listed in Table 2.

**Table 2 Specific Migration**

(*Clause* 4.6.4.2)

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Sl No.** | **Substances** | **Maximum Migration Limit (mg/kg)** | **Test Method** |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| 1 | Barium | 1.00 | IS 3025 (Part2)\* or IS 3025(Part 65) |
| 2 | Cobalt | 0.05 | -do- |
| 3 | Copper | 5.00 | -do- |
| 4 | Iron | 48.00 | -do- |
| 5 | Lithium | 0.60 | -do- |
| 6 | Manganese | 0.60 | -do- |
| 7 | Zinc | 25.00 | -do- |
| 8 | Antimony | 0.04 | -do- |
| 9 | Phthalic acid, bis(2- ethylhexyl) ester (DEHP) | 1.50 | ISO 18856 |

NOTE — \* The specified elements by using ICP-OES in axial viewing as per IS 3025 (Part 2).

**4.6.4.3** *Colour migration*

In the case of plastic coloured closures and plastic tinted bottles, the colour migrated into distilled water (Simulant A) under exposure conditions of IS 9845 – to be considered as the ‘sample’ – shall not exceed 2 colour units when tested in accordance with IS 3025 (Part 4). If the colour migrated exceeds 2 colour units, such materials are not suitable for food contact applications, even though the extractive value is within the limit (see IS 9833).

**4.6.5** *Water Potability Test*

Packaged natural mineral water and packaged drinking water when stored in containers for 30 days, shall not acquire any unpleasant odour or bitter taste when tested according to the method prescribed in Annex C.

**5 MARKING AND PACKING**

**5.1** Each container/ closure shall be marked with:

a) an indication of its source

b) name of material (PET/ PE/ PP/PC) along with its recycling symbol and recycled content as required by IS 14535

c) a packing slip in each consignment of containers/ closures shall include:

1. Nominal capacity – except for closures; and
2. Batch No. or Code No.

**5.2 BIS Certification Marking**

The product(s) conforming to the requirements of this standard may be certified as per the conformity assessment schemes under the provisions of the *Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 2016* and the rules and regulations framed thereunder, and the products may be marked with the standard mark.

**5.3 Materials for Secondary Packaging**

a) Preforms, Bottles, closures shall be packed as agreed to between buyer and supplier.

b) If any secondary packaging is of a plastic then it shall comply with PWM Rules and clarifications issued.

**6 SAMPLING**

The samples of the containers shall be drawn and the criteria for conformity shall be determined as prescribed in Annex D.

**ANNEX A**

(*Clause* 2)

**LIST OF REFERRED STANDARDS**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *IS No.* | *Title* |
| IS 2798 : 1998 | Methods of test for plastics containers (*first revision*) |
| IS 3025 (Part 2) : 2019 / ISO 11885 : 2007 | Methods of sampling and test (physical and chemical ) for water and wastewater : Part 2 Determination of selected elements by Inductively Coupled Plasma Optical Emission Spectrometry (ICP-OES) (*first revision*) |
| IS 3025 (Part 4) : 2021 | Methods of sampling and test physical and chemical for water and waste water : Part 4 Colour (*second revision*) |
| IS 3025 (Part 5) : 2018 | Methods of sampling and test (physical and chemical) for water and wastewater : Part 5 Odour (*first revision*) |
| IS 3025 (Part 8) : 2023 | Methods of sampling and test (physical and chemical) for water and wastewater : Part 8 Taste rating (*second revision*) |
| IS 4905 : 2015 / ISO 24153 : 2009 | Random sampling and randomization procedures (*first revision*) |
| IS 7019 : 1998 | Glossary of terms in plastics and flexible packaging excluding paper (*second revision*) |
| IS 8747: 1977 | Methods of test for environmental Stress-Crack resistance of Blow-Moulded polyethylene containers |
| IS 8970 : 1991 | Aluminium foil laminate for packaging (*first revision*) |
| IS 9833 : 2018 | List of pigments and colorants for use in plastics in contact with foodstuffs, pharmaceuticals and drinking water (*second revision*) |
| IS 9845 : 1998 | Determination of overall migration of constituents of plastics materials and articles intended to come in contact with foodstuffs — Method of analysis (*second revision*) |
| IS 10146 : 1982 | Specification for polyethylene for its safe use in contact with foodstuffs, pharmaceuticals and drinking water |
| IS 10171 : 1999 | Guide on suitability of plastics for food packaging (*second revision*) |
| IS 10910 : 1984 | Polypropylene and its copolymers for its safe use in contact with foodstuffs, pharmaceuticals and drinking water |
| IS 12252 : 2017 | Polyalkylene terephthalates (PET and PBT) for their safe use in contact with foodstuffs, pharmaceuticals and drinking water (*first revision*) |
| IS 13428 : 2024 | Packaged natural mineral water — Specification (*third revision*) |
| IS 14534 : 2023 | Plastics — Recovery and recycling of plastics waste — Guidelines (*first revision*) |
| IS 14535 : 1998 | Recycled plastics for the manufacturing of the products — Designation |
| IS 14543 : 2024 | Packaged drinking water (other than packaged natural mineral water) — Specification (*second revision*) |
| IS 14971 : 2001 | Polycarbonate resins for its safe use in contact with foodstuffs, pharmaceuticals and drinking water — Specification |
| ISO 18856 : 2004 | Water quality — Determination of selected phthalates using gas chromatography/mass spectrometry |
| IS 3025 (Part 65): 2022 | Methods of Sampling and Test Physical and Chemical for Water and Wastewater : Part 65 Application of Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry (ICP-MS) — Determination of selected elements including Uranium Isotopes (first revision) |

**ANNEX B**

(*Clause* 4.6.1.1)

**METHOD OF TEST FOR TRANSPARENCY**

**B-1 GENERAL**

Test specimen shall be prepared from the part of container where markings are not found.

**B-2 APPARATUS**

The optical series principle diagram of integration ball type light transmittance measurement device is shown in Fig. 1 and Fig. 2. The device shall conform to the optical conditions specified in Table 3.

**B-3 TEST SPECIMEN**

The size of test specimen shall be 50 mm x 50 mm and the thickness shall be the original thickness of the test specimen.

The test specimens shall be prepared.

**B-4 MEASUREMENT**

**B-4.1** Install the white standard plate, adjust the reading (T1) of the device's current meter to be 100; adjust the amount of incident light.

**B-4.2** Under the status where the white standard plate is installed, install and measure the test specimen to obtain the indication (T2) of the current meter. The full light transmittance shall be calculated according to the following formula:

T = × 100

where

*T* = full light transmittance, percent.

**B-4.3** Transparency test can also be carried out as per 'ASTM D 1003 -­Standard Test Method for Haze Transmittance of Transparent Plastics'. In case of dispute, the test method given in ASTM D 1003 shall be used as referee method.



**FIG. 1 PRINCIPLE DIAGRAM OF DEVICE**



**FIG. 2 CONDITIONS OF THE INTEGRATION BALL**

**Table 3 Optical Conditions of Device**   
 (*Clause* B-2)

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Sl. No.** | **Item** | **Conditions** |
| (1) | (2) | (3) |
| 1 | Integration ball | The sum of areas of light's inlet and outlet (the installation part of the test specimen and the white standard plate) (a+b+c) shall be less than 4 percent of the overall internal surface area of the ball (see Fig. 1). The centre line of the outlet and inlet shall be on the same large circle of the ball. The angle formed by outlet diameter and the centre line of the inlet shall be within 8° |
| 2 | Reflection surface | The white standard plate shall have same high reflectivity to full wavelength of the visible light. Magnesium oxide, barium sulphate and aluminium oxide, etc, can meet such requirements. The interior of the integration ball shall be coated with a material having the same reflectivity as white standard plate.  The light beams used to shine on the test specimen shall be parallel lights. Lights deviated from the optical axis for more than 3° shall not be used. The centre of light beam shall coincide with the centre line of the outlet |
| 3 | Light beam | The cross-section of the light beam at the outlet shall be circular and bright; the angle formed by its diameter and the centre of the inlet shall be 1.3 ± 0.1° smaller than the angle formed by the outlet diameter. The cross-section of the light beam at the outlet of the integration ball shall conform to Fig.1 |
| 4 | Light trap | The light trap when not installed with the test specimen or the white standard plate, shall be able to completely absorb the light |
| 5 | Light source | The light source shall be standard light source c  The comprehensive sensitivity of the receptor and the visual sensitivity filter used shall satisfy the Y value of Luther |
| 6 | Receptor | Conditions at the standard light source c  However, when designated specifically, the one which Satisfies the Y value of Luther conditions at the standard light source a can be used. |

**ANNEX C**

(*Clause* 4.6.5)

**METHOD OF TEST FOR POTABILITY**

**C-1 GENERAL**

**C-1.1** Odour of water, though very important, cannot be determined in absolute units. Olfactory sense, which is most sensitive means of detecting small concentration of odiferous substances is universally adopted in such cases.

**C-1.2** Natural Mineral water or Packaged Drinking Water for testing shall be clear and fresh.

**C-2 PROCEDURE**

Heat the water to a temperature of (38 °C ± 2) °C, and fill the container to its nominal capacity and closed tightly with the closure. Keep the container at (38 °C ± 2) °C, for a period of 30 days. The container shall be opened after 30 days of storage period and the water shall be examined for any disagreeable odour or smell.

**C-3** **OBSERVATIONS**

At the end of the 30 days, the water shall not give any unpleasant odour or taste, when tested as per IS 3025 (Part 5) and IS 3025 (Part 8) respectively.

**ANNEX D**

(*Clause* 6)

**SAMPLING OF CONTAINERS**

**D-1 SCALE OF SAMPLING**

**D-1.1 Lot**

In any consignment, all the containers of the same material, size and drawn from a single batch of manufacture shall be grouped together to constitute a lot.

**D-1.2 Scale of Sampling**

For ascertaining the conformity of the lot to the requirements of this standard, tests shall be carried out for each lot separately. The number of containers to be sampled from a lot shall be in accordance with Table 4.

**D-1.3** The containers shall be selected at random from the lot. To ensure the randomness of selection, methods given in IS 4905 may be followed.

**D-2 CRITERIA FOR CONFORMITY**

**D-2.1 Appearance**

The sample containers selected as per col 3 of Table 4 shall be examined for manufacture, workmanship, finish and appearance. Any container failing in one or more of the requirements shall be termed as defective. The lot shall be accepted under this head if the number of defective containers in sample does not exceed the acceptance number given in col 4 of Table 4.

Note — Acceptance number means number of failed samples.

**D-2.2 Capacity**

Five containers for lot size up to 5 000 and ten containers for lot size above 5 000 shall be selected at random from the samples already drawn according to D-1.3 when subjected to capacity test (*see* 4.4). There shall be no failure, if the lot is to be accepted under this clause.

**D-2.3 Transparency, Tint and Leakage**

The number of sample containers to be drawn shall be in accordance with col 4 of Table 4. Each of the sample container shall be subjected to transparency (*see* 4.6.1, and 4.6.1.1) and leakage (*see* 4.6.2).

The number of failures shall not exceed the acceptance number given in col 6 of Table 4 for transparency and tint test.

For leakage test, the acceptance number is zero, that is no failure shall occur for lot acceptance.

**D-2.4 Drop Test and Stack Load Test**

The sample containers as given in test method (*see* 4.6.3.1 and 4.6.3.2) shall be drawn from the lot and these shall be subjected to drop test and stack load test. The sample size shall be in accordance with IS 2798. There shall be no rupture or leakage in any container after the test for lot acceptance. In case even one container has any sign of rupture or leakage, the lot shall be considered as not conforming to the requirements of this standard.

**Table 4 Scale of Sampling and Acceptance Number**   
(*Clauses* D-1.2, D-2.1 *and* D-2.3)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Sl No.** | **Lot Size** | **For Appearance** | | **For Transparency, Tint and Leakage Test** | |
|  |  | **Sample size** | **Acceptance Number** | **Sample Size** | **Acceptance Number** |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 1 | Up to 500 | 13 | 1 | 5 | 0 |
| 2 | 501 to 1000 | 20 | 2 | 8 | 0 |
| 3 | 1001 to 3000 | 32 | 3 | 13 | 0 |
| 4 | 3001 to 5000 | 50 | 5 | 20 | 1\* |
| 5 | 5001 and above | 80 | 7 | 32 | 2\* |

\* For leakage test the acceptance number is zero, that is no failure shall occur for lot acceptance (*see* D-2.3)

**ANNEX E**

(*Foreword*)

**COMMITTEE COMPOSITION**

#### Plastics Packaging Sectional Committee, PCD 21

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Organization* | *Representative(s)* |
| Indian Institute of Packaging, Mumbai | DR BABU RAO GUDURI **(*Chairperson*)**  DR. ATUL JADHAV |
| [All India Food Processors Association, (AIFPA) New Delhi](javascript:;) | SHRI AKALESH SHARMA |
| All India Plastics Manufacturers  Association (AIPMA), Mumbai | SHRI KAILASH B. MURARKA  SHRI KISHORE SAMPAT (*Alternate)* |
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| Federation of Indian Packaged Drinking Water Manufacturers Association (FIPMA), Mumbai | SHRI APURVA DOSHI |
| Foundation for Innovative Packaging and Sustainability (FIPS), Mumbai | SHRI M K BANERJEE |
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| HPCL- MITTAL Energy Limited (HMEL), Noida | SHRI VINEET K GUPTA  SHRI ALAKESH GHOSH (*Alternate)* |
| Indian Centre for Plastics in the Environment (ICPE), Mumbai | SHRI T.K. BANDOPADHYAY  SHRIMATI NEHA MAURYA (*Alternate*) |
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