### भारतीय मानक Indian Standard

# वस्त्रादि — मशीनरी कपड़े, ऊन — विशिष्टि

IS 7610 (Part 4): 2023

भाग 4 प्लाडिंग कपड़ा

(दूसरा पुनरिक्षण)

# Textiles — Machinery Fabrics, Wool — Specification Part 4 Plaiding Cloth

( Second Revision )

ICS 59.080.30

© BIS 2023



भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

मानक भवन, 9 बहादुर शाह ज़फर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली - 110002 MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG NEW DELHI - 110002

www.bis.gov.in www.standardsbis.in

March 2023

**Price Group 4** 

#### **FOREWORD**

This Indian Standard (*Second Revision*) was adopted by the Bureau of Indian Standards, after the draft finalized by the Industrial Fabrics Sectional Committee had been approved by the Textiles Division Council.

This standard was first published in 1976 and revised in 1982. The present revision has been made in the light of experience gained since its last revision and to incorporate the following major changes:

- a) Title of the standard has been modified.
- b) References to Indian Standards have been updated.

The plaiding cloth is generally a twill woven heavy fabric made of wool fibres or blends of wool with man-made fibres. Any weave other than twill weave may be accepted as agreed between the buyer and the seller. The plaiding cloth is used in printing and jute machines for designing bags and garments.

This series of standards on machinery fabrics is published in the following parts:

Part 1 General

Part 2 Clearer cloth

Part 3 Sizing flannel

Part 4 Plaiding cloth

Part 5 Lapping cloth

Part1 covers the general requirements and other particulars regarding marking, packaging, sampling and criteria for conformity of machinery fabrics.

The composition of the committee responsible for the formulation of this standard is listed in Annex B.

For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated expressing the result of a test or analysis, shall be rounded off in accordance with IS 2:1960 'Rules for rounding off numerical values (*second revision*)'. The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value should be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

#### Indian Standard

# $\begin{array}{c} \text{TEXTILES} - \text{MACHINERY FABRICS, WOOL} - \\ \text{SPECIFICATION} \end{array}$

#### PART 4 PLAIDING CLOTH

(Second Revision)

#### 1 SCOPE

This standard (Part 4) prescribes the manufacturing particulars and other requirements of plaiding cloth.

#### 2 REFERENCES

The standards listed in Annex A contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this standard. At the time of

publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision and parties to agreements based on this standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of these standards.

#### 3 MANUFACTURING PARTICULARS

The manufacturing particulars of plaiding cloth are given in Table 1.

Table 1 Manufacturing Particulars of Plaiding Cloth

(Clause 3)

Sl No.	Particulars	Requirements	Methods of Test
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
i)	Composition of yarn		IS 7610 (Part 1)
	a) Warp	All wool or blends of wool with synthetic fibres/flax containing wool content of not less than 80 percent.	
	b) Weft	All wool or blends of wool with synthetic fibres/flax containing wool content of not less than 80 percent.	
ii)	Nominal count of basic yarn (Warp and weft)	150 to 400 tex (Nm 6.6 to 2.5)	IS 1315
iii)	Threads per dm		IS 1963
	<ul><li>a) Ends</li><li>b) Picks</li></ul>	90 to 200 80 to 20	
iv)	Weave	Twill	Visual
v)	Type of finish	Milled and/or raised	-

NOTE — The constructional particulars of cloth are left to the choice of the manufacturer subject to the range specified for counts of yarn and number of ends and picks.

#### **4 REQUIREMENTS**

The plaiding cloth shall conform to the requirements given in Table 2 in addition to

complying with the stipulations laid own in IS 7610 (Part 1).

**Table 2 Requirements of Plaiding Cloth** 

(Clause 4)

Sl No.	Characteristic		Requirement	Method of Test
(1)	(2)		(3)	(4)
i)	Mass, g/m <sup>2</sup> Tolerance		750 to 1250  ± 10 percent on the specific value	IS 1964 ed
ii)	Breaking strength 5 cm x 20 cm strips N, <i>Min</i>	on		IS 1969 (Part 1)
	<ul><li>a) Warpway</li><li>b) Weftway</li></ul>		1 175 975	
iii)	Length, m, Min		40 or as agreed between bu and seller	yer IS 1954
iv)	Width, cm		152 or as agreed between bu and seller	yer IS 1954
	Tolerance		± 2.5 cm	

#### ANNEX A

(Clause 2)

#### LIST OF REFERRED INDIAN STANDARDS

IS No	Title	IS No	Title
IS 1315: 1977	Method for determination of linear density of yarns spun on cotton system (first revision)	IS 1969 (Part1): 2018/ ISO13934-	Textiles — Tensile properties of fabrics: Part 1 Determination of maximum force and elongation at maximum force using the strip
IS 1954 : 1990	Determination of length and width of woven fabrics —	1:2013	method (fourth revision)
	Methods (second revision)	IS 7610 (Part 1):	Textiles — Machinery fabrics, wool — Specification: Part 1
IS 1963 : 1981	Methods for determination of threads per unit length in woven fabrics (second revision)	2022	General (first revision)
IS 1964: 2001	Textiles — Methods for determination of mass per unit length and mass per unit area of fabrics (second revision)		

## ANNEX B (Foreword)

#### **COMMITTEE COMPOSITION**

Technical Textiles for Industrial Fabrics Sectional Committee, TXD 33

Organization	Representative(s)
PSG College of Technology, Coimbatore	DR G. THILAGAVATHI ( <i>Chairperson</i> )
Ahmedabad Textile Research Association, Ahmedabad	SHRIMATI DEEPALI PLAWAT SHRI JIGAR DAVE ( <i>Alternate</i> )
Central Coir Research Institute, Alappuzha	DR ANITA JACOB SHRIMATI SUMI SABESTIAN ( <i>Alternate</i> )
DKTE Centre of Excellence in Non wovens, Kolhapur	SHRI ANIKET SBHUTE
Director General of Quality Assurance, Mumbai	SHRI PURUSOTTAM DE
Entermonde Polycoaters Limited, Nashik	Dr K .M .S. REDDY SHRI AJEY GODBOLE ( <i>Alternate</i> )
Garware Technical Fibres Limited, Pune	SHRI S. J. CHITNIS SHRI RAJENDRA Ghadge (Alternate)
ICAR- National Institute of Natural Fibre Engineering & Technology, Kolkata	DR MANIK BHOWMICK DR SANJOY DEBNATH (Alternate)
Indian Technical Textile Association, Mumbai	DR ANUP RAKSHIT SHRIMATI RUCHITA GUPTA (Alternate)
Kirti Filtration and Automation Pvt Ltd, Vadodara	SHRI KULIN MASTURLAL SHRIMATI KIRTI MASTURLAL ( <i>Alternate</i> )
Kusumgar Corporates Pvt Ltd, Mumbai	SHRI Y. K. KUSUMGAR DR M. K. TALUKDAR ( <i>Alternate</i> )
Masturlal Private Limited, Mumbai	SHRI SHRAMIK MASTURLAL
Office of the Textile Commissioner, Mumbai	SHRI NAROTTAM KUMAR SHRI AMAR K. CHAPHPEKAR ( <i>Alternate</i> )
Ordnance Equipment Factory, Kanpur	SHRI V. K. CHOUDHARY
PSG College of Technology, Coimbatore	SHRI V. MUTHUKUMAR
Pacific Harish Industries Ltd, Mumbai	SHRI MUNJAL UDESHI SHRI S. VENKATESH ( <i>Alternate</i> )
Patel Polypack, Ahmedabad	SHRI KALPESH PATEL
Plast India Foundation, Mumbai	SHRI SURENDER CHOUDHARY

DR E. SUNDARESAN (Alternate)

Organization

Representative(s)

Reliance Industries Limited, Navi Mumbai

SHRI MAHESH C SHARMA
SHRI RAJENDREN SUBRAMANIAN (Alternate)

SRF Limited, Gurugram

SHRI A. R. RAJESH

SHRIMATI ANGELINA DIVYA (Alternate)

Salva Laminates Ltd, Vapi

SHRI NIMESH SALVA

Textiles Committee, Mumbai

SHRI J. D. BARMAN

SHRI GANESH P. BANGAR (Alternate)

The Bombay Textile Research Association, Mumbai

DR PRASANTA KUMAR PANDA
DR SREE KUMAR (Alternate)

The Synthetic and Art Silk Mills Research

DR MANISHA MATHUR

Association, Mumbai SHRIMAT

SHRIMATI ASHWINI SUDAM (Alternate)

Virendra Textiles, Noida

SHRI AMIT GUPTA

Welspun India

SHRI RAJEEV SHARMA
SHRI BASUDEV BASU (Alternate)

BIS Directorate General

SHRI J. K. GUPTA, SCIENTIST 'E'/DIRECTOR AND HEAD (TEXTILES) [REPRESENTING

DIRECTOR GENERAL (Ex-officio)]

Member Secretary
Shri Dharmbeer
Scientist 'C'/Deputy Director
(Textiles), Bis

Page 1888 Italian Marketin Mar

Page 1888 Italian Marketin Mar

#### **Bureau of Indian Standards**

BIS is a statutory institution established under the *Bureau of Indian Standards Act*, 2016 to promote harmonious development of the activities of standardization, marking and quality certification of goods and attending to connected matters in the country.

#### Copyright

BIS has the copyright of all its publications. No part of these publications may be reproduced in any form without the prior permission in writing of BIS. This does not preclude the free use, in the course of implementing the standard, of necessary details, such as symbols and sizes, type or grade designations. Enquiries relating to copyright be addressed to the Head (Publication & Sales), BIS.

#### **Review of Indian Standards**

Amendments are issued to standards as the need arises on the basis of comments. Standards are also reviewed periodically; a standard along with amendments is reaffirmed when such review indicates that no changes are needed; if the review indicates that changes are needed, it is taken up for revision. Users of Indian Standards should ascertain that they are in possession of the latest amendments or edition by referring to the website-www.bis.gov.in or www.standardsbis.

This Indian Standard has been developed from Doc No.:TXD 33 (16932).

#### **Amendments Issued Since Publication**

Amend No.	Date of Issue	Text Affected	

#### **BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS**

#### **Headquarters:**

Manak Bhavan, 9 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi 110002

Telephones: 2323 0131, 2323 3375, 2323 9402 Website: www.bis.gov.in

Regional Offices:	Telephones
Central : 601/A, Konnectus Tower -1, 6 <sup>th</sup> Floor, DMRC Building, Bhavbhuti Marg, New Delhi 110002	{ 2323 7617
Eastern : 8 <sup>th</sup> Floor, Plot No 7/7 & 7/8, CP Block, Sector V, Salt Lake, Kolkata, West Bengal 700091	2367 0012 2320 9474
Northern: Plot No. 4-A, Sector 27-B, Madhya Marg, Chandigarh 160019	{ 265 9930
Southern : C.I.T. Campus, IV Cross Road, Taramani, Chennai 600113	2254 1442 2254 1216
Western: Plot No. E-9, Road No8, MIDC, Andheri (East), Mumbai 400093	{ 2821 8093

Branches: AHMEDABAD. BENGALURU. BHOPAL. BHUBANESHWAR. CHANDIGARH. CHENNAI. COIMBATORE. DEHRADUN. DELHI. FARIDABAD. GHAZIABAD. GUWAHATI. HIMACHAL PRADESH. HUBLI. HYDERABAD. JAIPUR. JAMMU & KASHMIR. JAMSHEDPUR. KOCHI. KOLKATA. LUCKNOW. MADURAI. MUMBAI. NAGPUR. NOIDA. PANIPAT. PATNA. PUNE. RAIPUR. RAJKOT. SURAT. VISAKHAPATNAM.