Glossary of Unani Standard Terminology Part-1 for Fundamental Principles of Unani medicine AYD-04 (23359)

Dr. Neelam Quddusi:

Comments

As mention in draft	Comments Received	Changes Made Observation of BIS secretariat
तिब्ब/ तिब्ब यूनानी	यूनानी तिब्ब	The comments is accepted and necessary and correction will be done in the document
कुल्लीयह	कुल्लीय्यह	done in the document
कुल्लीयात	कुल्लियात	
मूंतिन	मुंतिन	
अवतार	औतार	
अवरिदह मुबल्लीदह	औरिदह मुवल्लिदह	
the term does not cover $R\bar{u}h$ mentioned under Unani pharmacy	the term does not cover Rūḥ mentioned under Unani pharmacy	

Dr. Farah:

Document Title: Glossary of Standard Terminology Part-I used in Eye diseases (Amrāḍ-i-'Ayn) in Unani Medicine.

Document No: AYD-04 (23282)

S.no.	Term	Original text	Suggestions
1.	Ghudda al- 'Ayn	A morbid condition of abnormal growth at the inner canthus often covering the duct of lacrimal gland and preventing the passage of tears.	inner corner of the eye, frequently obstructing the

2.	Qurūḥ al- 'Ayn	A condition of ulcers of different layers of eye caused by pouring of sharp and burnt humours, trauma with sharp objects and maltreatment of conjunctivitis. Ulcers may occur anywhere in the eye but detected only when conjunctiva, cornea and iris are involved.	A condition characterized by ulcers affecting various layers of the eye, resulting from the accumulation of acrid and scorched bodily humours, injuries from sharp objects, and improper handling of conjunctivitis. These ulcers can emerge in any part of the eye but are discernible only when the conjunctiva, cornea, and iris are affected.
			"Ulcers of eye; ulcers of different layers of eye, which are caused by pouring of sharp and burnt humours"
3.	Qurūḥ al- Multaḥima	A morbid condition of ulcers of conjunctiva. This condition is characterised by appearance of a red spot on conjunctiva along with severe piercing pain and excessive lacrimation	A morbid condition marked by ulcers on the conjunctiva, distinguished by the emergence of a red spots on the conjunctival surface, accompanied by severe piercing pain and excessive lacrimation. "A morbid state characterized by appearance of a red spot on conjunctiva along with severe piercing pain and excessive lacrimation"
4.	Qurūḥ al- ʻInabiyya	A morbid condition of ulcers of iris. This condition is characterised by a red spot behind the cornea with prominent arteries, severe piercing pain and excessive lacrimation	These refers to ulcers of iris characterised by a red spot behind the cornea with prominent arteries, severe piercing pain and excessive lacrimation. "A morbid state characterized by a red spot behind the cornea with prominent arteries, severe piercing pain and excessive lacrimation:"
5.	Morsarj / Ra's al-Namlī/Suqūţ al-Qazḥiyya	A morbid condition of prolapse of iris resembling the head of an ant due to rupture of cornea after corneal ulcers	It refers to prolapse of iris. The iris protrudes from the eye and resemble the head of an ant. This kind of prolapse is thought to occur due to a rupture of the cornea following corneal ulcers. "Prolapse of iris resembling head of

			ant due to rupture of cornea as a result of corneal ulcers
6.	Qadhā fi'l	A morbid condition of presence	It refers to presence of
	'Ayn	of foreign body, e.g., dust, insect, etc., in eye and characterized by irritation and lacrimation	insect, etc., in eye and

Dr. Ritu

Comments

The Document discusses the importance and history of Unani Medicine, as well as the scope of the terminology section related to eye diseases in Unani Medicine. I don't see any technical errors in this section. It provides a clear introduction to the topic, outlining the significance of holistic healthcare systems and the role of Unani Medicine in promoting health and treating diseases. The text also discusses the historical background of Unani Medicine and its fundamental principles. It's well-written and coherent. There might be some inconsistencies in the transliteration of Arabic, Persian, and Urdu terms. It's important to ensure accurate transliterations for clarity.

Glossary of Standard Terminology used in Diseases of Head and Nervous system -AYD-04 (23359)

S.NO	As mention in draft	Comments Received	Changes Made Observation of BIS secretariat
1.	16. this term does not cover Sudā' Ḥissī (headache due to increased sensitivity of brain) mentioned under diseases	needed in description	The comments is accepted and necessary and correction will be done in the document
2.	17. this term does not cover Sudā'-i-Du'f Dimāghī (headache due to weakness of brain) mentioned under diseases	needed in description	
3.	38. this term does not cover Sakta (unconsciousness) mentioned under diseases		

4.	41. this term does not	
	cover Nisyān (amnesia)	needed in description
	mentioned under diseases	of this draft
5.	54. this term does not	Delete
	cover Duwār (vertigo)	
	mentioned under diseases	
6.	55. this term does not	Delete
	cover Sadr (dizziness on	
	standing) mentioned	
	under diseases	
7.	63. this term does not	Delete
	cover Şar 'Shirkī	
	(epilepsy due to involvement of organs	
	involvement of organs other than brain)	
	mentioned	
	under diseases	
8.	64. this term excludes	Delete
	Ṣar 'Dimāghī (epilepsy	
	due to brain abnormality) mentioned within the	
	context of medical	
	conditions.	
9.	74. This term does not	Delete
	encompass Subāt	
10.	(prolonged deep sleep). 76. this term excludes the	Delete
10.	concept of Al-Jumūd as	Defete
	described in signs and	
	symptoms.	
11.	90. Tetanic stiffness/	Stretching of muscles
12	rigidity of muscles 91. that originates from	Cause may be from
14.	damage to the central	Unani point of view.
	nervous system,	P
	specifically the upper	
	motor neurons in the	
13	brain. 99. Alcohol withdrawal	may be replaced with
13.	tremors or alcohol	"tremor due to
	withdrawal shakes	excessive liquor
		intake"
14.	100. Visceral	May be replaced with
	Tremors	"momentary shaking of
	2. This term does not	organs"
	cover Ikhtilāj	Delete
	(momentary fluttering of	

	1 \	T
	muscles) mentioned	
	under diseases.	
15.	101 Alcoholic tremors or	
	alcohol-induced tremors	organs due to liquor
		intake
16	102.Visceral paresthesia	May be replaced with
10.	102. Viscerai parestnesia	"numbness"
	2. It refers to abnormal	numoness
	sensations or altered	may be replaced with
	feelings within internal	"complete or partial
	organs. It can manifest as	loss of sensation of any
	various sensations such	organ of the body"
	as tingling, discomfort,	organ or the body
	or a sense of pressure	
	within the organs.	
	Visceral paresthesia can	
	occur due to various	
	factors, including nerve	
	dysfunction,	
	inflammation, or	
	underlying medical	
	conditions affecting	
	organ sensation.	
17.	103. These refer to the	May be replaced with "
	involuntary, brief, and	Momentary fluttering
	spontaneous contractions	of muscles ;
	of a group of muscle	momentary involuntary
	fibers within a muscle.	movements occurring
	These contractions are	in the muscles of some
	often visible as small,	
	localized twitches or	organs usually due to
	ripples under the skin.	thick gases"
	Fasciculation can occur	
	in various muscles and	
	body parts and may be	
	caused by nerve	
	irritation, damage, or	
	certain medical	
	conditions affecting the	
	nerve-muscle	
	communication.	